NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the Company's registered office and principal office in Hong Kong are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section of this annual report. Details of the substantial shareholders of the Company are disclosed in "Substantial Shareholders' Interests in the Securities of the Company" section in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group") and all amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

The Company's principal activity is investment holding and the principal activities of its principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in Notes 49 and 50 respectively.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting policies adopted in these consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2015 are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2014 except as described below.

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to existing HKFRSs ("Amendments") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are effective for current financial year of the Group. The Amendments adopted by the Group in the consolidated financial statements are set out below:

2010-2012 Cycle

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs
2011-2013 Cycle

HKAS 19 (2011)

Defined Benefits Plans: Employee

Contributions

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs

HKFRSs (Amendments)

(Amendments)

1. 一般資料

本公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之受豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及香港主要辦事處之地址載於本年報「公司資料」中。本公司主要股東之詳情載於本年報之董事會報告書中「主要股東於本公司之證券權益」內。

本綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,港元亦 為本公司與其附屬公司(「本集團」)之功能貨 幣,且除另有説明外,所有數額均四捨五入至 最接近之千位數(千港元)。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而其主要附屬公司及聯營公司之主要業務分別載於附註49及 50。

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)及披露

除下述者外,截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表所採納之會計政策與 編製本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表所依循者一致。

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布並於本集團現行財政年度生效之對現有香港財務報告準則之修訂(「修訂」)。本集團於本綜合財務報表所採納之修訂載列如下:

 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)
 2010年至2012年週期頒布 之香港財務報告準則 年度改進

 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)
 2011年至2013年週期頒布 之香港財務報告準則 年度改進

(2011年)(修訂本)

香港會計準則第19號

界定福利計劃:僱員供款

For the year ended 31st December, 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND **DISCLOSURES** (Cont'd)

The application of the Amendments had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods are prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.

In addition, the Group has adopted the amendments to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") relating to the disclosure of financial information with reference to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during the current financial year. The main impact to the financial statements is on the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the financial statements.

The Group has not early adopted the following new HKFRSs and amendments to existing HKFRSs ("new and revised HKFRSs") that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle¹ HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments³ HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets (2011) (Amendments) between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture⁴ HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and Investment Entities: Applying the HKAS 28 (2011) Consolidation Exception¹ (Amendments) HKFRS 11 (Amendments) Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations¹ HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts² HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers³ Disclosure Initiative¹ HKAS 1 (Amendments) HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods (Amendments) of Depreciation and Amortisation¹ HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 Agriculture: Bearer Plants¹ (Amendments) HKAS 27 (2011) Equity Method in Separate Financial (Amendments) Statements1

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則一)及披露(續)

應用該等修訂不會對本會計期間或過往會計 期間之業績及財務狀況之編製及呈列方式構 成重大影響,故毋須作出過往期間調整。

此外,本集團於本財政年度已採納聯交所證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)之修訂(參考香港公 司條例(第622章))有關財務資料的披露。對 財務報表的主要影響在於財務報表內若干資 料的呈列方式及披露。

本集團並未提早採納下列已頒布但仍未生效 之新訂香港財務報告準則及對現有香港財務 報告準則之修訂(「新訂及經修訂香港財務報

告準則」)。 2012年至2014年週期頒布 香港財務報告準則 之香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 年度改進1 香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具3 香港財務報告準則第10號及 投資者與其聯營公司或 香港會計準則第28號 合資公司之間的資產 (2011年)(修訂本) 出售或注資4 香港財務報告準則第10號、 投資實體:應用綜合賬目 香港財務報告準則第12號 之例外情況1

(2011年)(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第11號 收購共同經營業務權益 (修訂本) 之會計法1 香港財務報告準則第14號 監管遞延賬目2 香港財務報告準則第15號 與客戶合約之收入3

香港會計準則第1號 披露措施口 (修訂本)

及香港會計準則第28號

香港會計準則第16號及 釐清折舊及攤銷之 香港會計準則第38號 可接受方法1 (修訂本)

香港會計準則第16號及

農業:生產性植物1 香港會計準則第41號

香港會計準則第27號

(修訂本)

獨立財務報表之權益法1

(2011年)(修訂本)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2016
- Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1st January, 2016
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2018
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. The final version of HKFRS 9 was issued in September 2014. It replaces the guidance in HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" that relates to the classification and measurement of financial instruments. HKFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Investments in equity instruments (that are not held for trading) are measured at fair values with an irrevocable election at inception to present changes in fair value in other comprehensive income not recycling. There is now a new expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in HKAS 39. For financial liabilities, there were no changes to classification and measurement except for the recognition of changes in own credit risk in other comprehensive income, for liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. HKFRS 9 relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness by replacing the bright line hedge effectiveness tests. It requires an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument and for the "hedged ratio" to be the same as the one management actually uses for risk management purposes.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則一)及披露(續)

- · 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- ² 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之首份 年度香港財務報告準則財務報表生效
- 3 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- 4 尚待釐定之日期或之後開始之年度期間生 效

香港財務報告準則第9號-金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號闡述金融資產及金融 負債之分類、計量及確認。香港財務報告準則 第9號之最終版本於二零一四年九月頒布。該 準則取代香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確 認及計量」中有關金融工具之分類及計量之指 引。香港財務報告準則第9號保留但簡化混合 計量模式,並確立金融資產三個主要計量分 類: 攤銷成本、通過其他全面收益以反映公平 值及通過損益以反映公平值列賬。分類基準視 乎實體之業務模式及金融資產之合約現金流 量特徵而定。股本工具投資(非持作買賣)以公 平值計量,於初始時作出不可撤回之選擇將公 平值變動呈列為不回收之其他全面收益。新的 預期信貸虧損模式將取代香港會計準則第39 號所用已發生虧損減值模式。並無對金融負債 的分類及計量作出更改,惟指定為通過損益以 反映公平值列賬之負債,須於其他全面收益確 認本身信貸風險變動。香港財務報告準則第9 號放寬了對沖有效性的要求,取代了明確的對 沖有效性測試。其對於對沖項目及對沖工具之 間的經濟關係有一定要求,「對沖比率」亦須與 管理層在風險管理過程中實際使用一致。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture.

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgments and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. In September 2015, the HKICPA issued an amendment to HKFRS 15 regarding a one-year deferral of the mandatory effective date of HKFRS 15 to 1st January, 2018.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則一)及披露(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之修訂一投資者與其聯營公司或 合資公司之間的資產出售或注資

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之修訂針對香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之間有關投資者與其聯營公司或合資公司之間之資產出售或注資兩者規定之不一致情況。該等修訂規定,當投資者與其聯營公司或合資公司之間的資產出售或注資構成一項業務時,須全數確認收益或虧損。當交易涉及之資產不構成一項業務時,由該交易產生之收益或虧損於該投資者之損益內確認,惟僅以不相關投資者於該聯營公司或合資公司之權益為限。

香港財務報告準則第15號-與客戶合約之收入

香港財務報告準則第15號訂立新五步驟模式, 以將來自客戶合約之收入列賬。根據香港財務 報告準則第15號,收入按反映實體預期向客戶 交付貨品或服務而有權換取之代價金額而不 認。香港財務報告準則第15號之原則為計量及 確認收入提供更有條理之方法。該準則亦引入 大量定性及定量披露要求,包括分拆總收入 有關履約責任之資料、合約資產及負債賬目 餘於各期間之變動以及主要判斷及估計。該 則將取代香港財務報告準則之所有現行的公 確認要求。於二零一五年九月,香港會計師公 會頒布香港財務報告準則第15號之修訂,將 達別務報告準則第15號之強制性生效日期延 遲一年至二零一八年一月一日。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to HKAS 1 include narrow-focus improvements in respect of the presentation and disclosure in financial statements. The amendments clarify:

- the materiality requirements in HKAS 1;
- that specific line items in the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of financial position may be disaggregated;
- that entities have flexibility as to the order in which they present the notes to financial statements; and
- that the share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method must be presented in aggregate as a single line item, and classified between those items that will or will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Furthermore, the amendments clarify the requirements that apply when additional subtotals are presented in the statement of financial position and the statement of comprehensive income.

The directors of the Company ("Directors") are in the process of assessing the potential impact of the new and revised HKFRSs but are not yet in a position to determine whether the new and revised HKFRSs will have a significant impact on how the Group's results of operations and financial position are prepared and presented. The new and revised HKFRSs may result in changes in the future as to how the results and financial position are prepared and presented.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則一)及披露(續)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂-披露措施

香港會計準則第1號修訂本載有就財務報表之 呈列方式及披露具針對性的改善。該等修訂釐 清:

- 香港會計準則第1號的重要性要求;
- 全面收益報表與財務狀況報表內之特定項目可予分拆;
- 實體就彼等呈列財務報表附註之次序擁 有靈活性;及
- 使用權益法入賬之攤佔聯營公司及合資公司之其他全面收益必須於單一項目內呈列總額,並區分為隨後將會或不會重新分類至損益之項目。

此外,該等修訂釐清在財務狀況報表及全面收 益報表呈列額外小計時適用之要求。

本公司之董事(「董事」)現正評估該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則之潛在影響,惟尚未釐定該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團之經營業績及財務狀況之編製及呈列方式會否構成重大影響。該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則或會導致日後業績及財務狀況之編製及呈列方式出現變動。

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. In addition, these consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Listing Rules and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at their fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis. except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

3. 主要會計政策概要

本綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布之 香港財務報告準則(包括所有適用之香港財務 報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及 詮譯)及香港公認會計原則而編製。此外,本綜 合財務報表亦包括上市規則及香港公司條例之 披露要求所適用披露事項。

本綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製,惟按公 平值計算之若干物業及金融工具除外,有關之 會計政策闡述如下。

公平值計量

公平值是於計量日市場參與者於有秩序交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債所支付之價格,而不論該價格為可直接觀察取得或可使用其他估值技術估計。於估計資產或負債之公平值時,本集團會考慮該等市場參與者於計量日對資產或負債定價時所考慮資產或負債之特點。於本時人對發此基準釐定,惟不包括香港財務報表中作計量及/或披露用途之公平值乃按此基準釐定,惟不包括香港財務報告準則第2號「股份付款」範圍內之以股份付款至易、香港會計準則第17號「租賃」範圍內之租賃交易及與公平值有若干相類之處但不屬公平值之計量,例如香港會計準則第2號「存貨」之可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」之使用價值。

Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company: (i) has power over the investee; (ii) is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and (iii) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

此外,就財務報告用途,根據公平值計量數據 之可觀察程度及數據對公平值計量之整體重要 程度,公平值計量劃分為第一級、第二級及第 三級,如下所述:

第一級: 數據為同等之資產或負債(實體能 夠於計量日取得)於活躍市場取得之 報價(未經調整);

第二級: 數據為直接或間接從可觀察之資產 或負債所得的數據(於第一級之報 價除外);及

第三級: 數據為從資產或負債之非可觀察數 據。

綜合賬目基準

附屬公司

綜合財務報表包括本公司與本公司及其 附屬公司所控制實體(包括結構性實體) 之財務報表。就本公司獲得控制權乃指: (i)可對接受投資者行使權力; (ii)自參與 接受投資者之業務獲得或有權獲得可變 回報;及(iii)有能力藉對接受投資者行使 其權力而影響其回報。

倘事實及情況反映上文所列三項控制因 素其中一項或多項改變,則本集團會重 估是否仍然對接受投資者擁有控制權。

本集團獲得附屬公司控制權時便開始將 附屬公司綜合入賬,於失去控制權時則 終止入賬。具體而言,年內所收購或出售 附屬公司之收入及開支於本集團獲得控 制權日起計入損益,直至本集團不再控 制該附屬公司為止。

(a) Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Subsidiaries (Cont'd)

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

Total comprehensive income and expense of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

附屬公司(續)

收購業務應用收購法列賬。業務合併之 轉讓代價按公平值計算,為於收購日之 本集團轉讓資產之公平值、本集團付予 被收購方前擁有人所產生之負債及本集 團用作交換被收購方控股權時發行之股 本權益之總和。與收購相關的成本於產 生時在損益中確認。

屬現時擁有之權益且於清盤時讓其持有人有權按比例分佔實體淨資產之非控股權益,可初步按公平值或以非控股權益佔該被收購方可識別淨資產已確認金額之比例計算。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他種類的非控股權益乃按其公平值或另一項香港財務報告準則規定之另一項計量基準計量。

附屬公司之全面收益及支出總額歸屬於 本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉 會導致非控股權益結餘為負數。

對附屬公司財務報表在必要時會予以調整以使其會計政策與本集團會計政策 致。

所有有關本集團成員之間之集團內資產 及負債、股本權益、收入、開支及現金流 量交易已於綜合時全數對銷。

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary, that is, reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost that is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權益的變

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權益變動 若無導致本集團失去對有關附屬公司之 控制權,則按股本權益交易入賬。本集團 權益及非控股權益之賬面值作出調整, 以反映其於附屬公司之相關權益變動。 非控股權益之調整金額以及已付或已收 代價之公平值間之任何差額直接於股本 權益確認,並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

當本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權,收益 或虧損計入損益中,並計算: (i)已收代價 公平值及任何保留權益公平值之總額; 及(ii)附屬公司資產(包括商譽)及負債原 本賬面值及任何非控股權益;兩者之間 的差異。所有原先在其他全面收益中確 認有關該附屬公司的金額猶如本集團已 直接出售附屬公司相關之資產或負債入 賬,即採用適用香港財務報告準則規定 /允許,重新分類至損益或轉撥至另外 一類股本權益。在失去控制權當日,任何 保留在前附屬公司投資公平值被視作其 後根據香港會計準則第39號入賬之初步 確認公平值。當適用,為初步確認投資於 聯營公司或合資公司之成本。

(b) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any (see the accounting policy above).

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units ("CGUs") (or groups of CGUs) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(b) 商譽

收購業務所產生之商譽按於收購業務當 日確立之成本扣除累計減值虧損(如有) 列賬(見上文有關之會計政策)。

商譽按轉讓代價、被收購方之任何非控股權益金額、及收購方先前持有被收購方之股本權益之公平值(如有)之總額,超出於收購日所收購可辨別資產扣除所承擔負債後之金額之差額計量。倘經重新評估後,於收購日所收購可辨別資產和除所承擔負債後之金額超出轉讓代價、被收購方之任何非控股權益金額、及收購方先前持有被收購方之股本權益之公平值(如有)之總額,則該差額即時在損益中確認為議價收購收益。

就減值測試而言,商譽會分配至本集團 各預期可受惠於合併之協同效益之現金 產生單位(「現金產生單位」)(或多組現 金產生單位)。

商譽所屬之現金產生單位會每年(或於 有跡象顯示該單位可能出現減值時更頻 密地)進行減值測試。倘現金產生單位之 可收回金額低於其賬面值,則減值虧損 會先分配以調減該單位任何商譽之賬面 值,其後則按該單位內各項資產之賬面 值之比例分配至該單位之其他資產。任 何商譽之減值虧損會直接於損益確認。 商譽之減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

出售相關現金產生單位而釐定出售盈虧 時,會計入商譽所佔之金額。

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

於聯營公司之投資 (c)

聯營公司為本集團對其擁有重大影響力 之公司,且不屬於附屬公司,亦非於合資 公司之權益。重大影響力指有權參與接 受投資者之財務及營運政策決定,但非對 該等政策擁有控制權或共同控制權。

聯營公司的業績以及資產及負債以權益 會計法於綜合財務報表入賬。惟有關投 資或其中一部分已分類為持作出售,並 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出售 之非流動資產及已終止經營業務」入賬。 根據權益法,於聯營公司的投資初步按 成本於綜合財務狀況報表確認,並於其 後就確認本集團應佔該聯營公司的損益 及其他全面收益予以調整。當本集團應 佔聯營公司之虧損超出本集團於該聯營 公司之權益(包括實質上成為本集團於 該聯營公司投資淨額一部分的任何長期 權益)時,本集團終止確認其應佔的進一 步虧損。僅於本集團已產生法定或推定 責任,或已代表該聯營公司支付款項的 情況下,方會確認額外虧損。

香港會計準則第39號的規定被應用以釐 定是否需要就有關本集團投資於聯營公 司確認任何減值虧損。有需要時,投資 (包括商譽)的賬面值悉數將會根據香港 會計準則第36號按單一資產進行減值測 試,方法為比較其可收回金額(使用價值 與公平值減出售成本的較高者)與其賬面 值。被確認之任何減值虧損為投資賬面 值的一部分。該減值虧損之任何撥回根 據香港會計準則第36號確認,惟受隨後 增加的可收回投資金額規限。

(c) Investments in associates (Cont'd)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(c) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

本集團自投資不再為聯營公司當日起或 投資(或其中一部分)被分類為持作出售 時會終止採用權益法。倘本集團保留於前 聯營公司之權益且該保留權益為金融資 產,則本集團會於該日按公平值計量保留 權益,而該公平值被視為根據香港會計 準則第39號於初步確認時之公平值。聯 營公司於終止採用權益法當日之賬面值 與任何保留權益及出售聯營公司部分權 益時所得任何款項之公平值間之差額, 會於釐定出售該聯營公司之收益或虧損 時入賬。此外,本集團會將先前在其他全 面收益就該聯營公司確認之所有金額入 賬,與該聯營公司直接出售相關資產或 負債所需基準相同。因此,倘該聯營公司 先前在其他全面收益確認之收益或虧損 會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至 損益,本集團會於終止採用權益法時將 收益或虧損由股本權益重新分類至損益 (作為重新分類調整)。

倘本集團減少其於聯營公司之擁有權權 益而本集團繼續採用權益法,若有關收 益或虧損會於出售相關資產或負債時重 新分類至損益,則本集團會將有關減少 擁有權權益而先前已於其他全面收益確 認之部分收益或虧損重新分類至損益。

當集團實體與本集團的聯營公司進行交易(例如出售或注入資產)時,與聯營公司交易所產生之溢利及虧損僅於聯營公司之權益與本集團無關時,方於本集團的綜合財務報表確認。

Impairment losses (other than goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Investment properties and investment properties (e) under construction and development

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation including properties under construction and development for such purposes and land held for a currently undetermined future use. On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise. However, if the fair values of investment properties under construction and development are not reliably determinable but expect the fair values of the properties to be reliably determinable when construction/ development is completed, it shall measure that investment properties under construction and development at cost, less any impairment loss, until either its fair value become reliably determinable or construction/development is completed (whichever is earlier).

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(d) 減值虧損(商譽及無限使用年期之無形 資產除外)

於報告期末,本集團會檢討其有形資產及 其有限使用年期之無形資產之賬面值, 以釐定該等資產有否出現任何減值虧損 之情況。倘估計資產之可收回金額低於其 賬面值,則該資產之賬面值會減至其可收 回金額。減值虧損則即時於損益確認。

如減值虧損於其後撥回,資產之賬面值 會提高至經修訂之估計可收回金額,惟 所提高之賬面值不得高於在過往年度未 有就資產確認減值虧損之情況下之賬面 值。減值虧損之撥回會即時於損益確認。

投資物業及興建中及發展中投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金收入及/或資 本增值用途之物業,包括興建中及發展 中物業作以上用途及現時持有但未確立 將來用途之土地。於初步確認時,投資物 業乃按成本(包括任何直接應佔之開支) 計量。於初步確認後,投資物業利用公平 值計量。投資物業公平值變動所產生之 盈虧會於產生期間計入損益。然而,倘興 建中及發展中投資物業之公平值無法可 靠地釐定,但預期該等物業之公平值可 於完成興建/發展時可靠地釐定,則按 興建中及發展中投資物業以成本減任何 減值虧損計量,直至其公平值能夠可靠 地釐定或興建/發展完成(以較早為準) 為止。

(e) Investment properties and investment properties under construction and development (Cont'd)

Leasehold land held for undetermined future use is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose and classified as an investment property, and carried at fair value. Changes in fair value of the leasehold land are recognised directly in profit or loss for the period in which changes take place.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the property) is included in profit or loss for the period in which the property is derecognised.

An investment property is transferred at fair value to property, plant and equipment when the property begins to be occupied by the owner. Gain or loss arising from change in fair value of the investment property upon the transfer is included in profit or loss.

An owner-occupied property is transferred from property, plant and equipment to investment properties at fair value when it is evidenced by the end of owner-occupation. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accounted for as a revaluation increase or decrease in accordance with HKAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". On the subsequent sale or retirement of assets, the relevant revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained profits.

A property is transferred from investment property to stock of properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of development with a view to sale. Any difference between the fair value of the property at the date of change in use and its previous carrying amount is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資物業及興建中及發展中投資物業 (續)

持作未決定日後用途之租賃土地被視為 持作資本增值用途而列作投資物業,並 以公平值入賬。租賃土地公平值之變動 於變動發生期間直接於損益確認。

投資物業於出售時或當該投資物業被永 久終止使用及預期由出售時起再無日後 經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認物業所 產生之任何盈虧(按出售所得款項淨額 與物業的賬面值差額計算)於取消確認該 物業期間內計入損益。

當投資物業開始由業主自用時,則該物業按公平值轉撥至物業、廠房及設備。於轉撥時投資物業公平值變動所產生之盈虧計入損益。

當業主自用之物業於終止由業主自用時以公平值由物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資物業。於轉撥日賬面值與公平值之差異將根據香港會計準則第16號「物業、廠房及設備」以重估值增加或減少入賬,並於其他全面收益中確認。其後在銷售或報廢資產時,有關重估儲備將直接轉撥至保留溢利。

只限於當投資物業之用途改變成為開始發展以作銷售時,則該物業由投資物業轉撥至物業存貨。於改變用途日,該物業之公平值與其原本賬面值之差額於綜合全面收益報表確認。

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings and leasehold land classified as finance leases (other than properties under development) are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Buildings and leasehold land mainly comprise hotels and office premises.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment (other than properties under development) over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Туре	Basis
Leasehold land	Over the remaining lives of the
Buildings	Over the shorter of the
	remaining unexpired period of the lease and 40 years
Furniture, fixtures and	3 to 10 years
equipment	
Yachts and motor vehicles	3 to 10 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the asset is derecognised.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括被分類為財務租 約之樓宇及租賃土地(發展中物業除外) 按成本減其後之累積折舊及累積減值虧 損列賬(如有)。

樓宇及租賃土地主要包括酒店及寫字樓 物業。

資產分類為財務租約之折舊乃與自用資 產之基準按其預計使用年期或有關租約 年期計算(以較短期為準)。

物業、廠房及設備(發展中物業除外)之 折舊乃按其估計可使用年期及估計剩餘 價值以直線法計算,用以撇銷成本,年折 舊率如下:

種類	基準
租賃土地	按租約年期
樓宇	按租約尚餘未屆滿 年期與四十年之
傢俬、裝置及設備	間較短者 三至十年
遊艇及車輛	三至十年

物業、廠房及設備於出售時或當繼續使 用資產預期不會產生日後經濟利益時取 消確認。取消確認資產所產生之任何盈 虧(按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值 之差額計算)於取消確認該資產期間內計 入損益。

(g) Stock of properties

Stock of properties including completed properties and properties under development, which are held-for-trading, is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of completed properties held for sale is determined by apportionment of the total development costs, including borrowing costs capitalised, attributable to unsold units. Net realisable value is estimated by the management of the Group based on prevailing market conditions, which represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs to be incurred in selling the property.

The cost of properties under development held for sale includes identified costs including the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, borrowing costs capitalised, material and supplies, wages, other direct expenses and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is estimated by the management of the Group taking into account the expected price that can ultimately be achieved based on prevailing market conditions, the anticipated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

The amount of any write-down of or provision for completed properties held for sale and properties under development held for sale is recognised as an expense in the period when the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down or provision arising from an increase in net realisable value is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(h) Inventories

Inventories comprise finished goods and raw materials for cosmetic products and food and beverages held for sale in hotel operation, which are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost represents the invoiced cost of inventories. Costs are assigned to individual items on the weighted-average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(g) 物業存貨

持作買賣用途之物業存貨(包括落成物業及發展中物業)乃按其成本及可變現淨值兩者中較低者列賬。

持作出售之落成物業之成本乃按未售出單位應佔發展成本總額(包括已資本化之借貸成本)之比例釐定。可變現淨值乃由本集團之管理層根據當時市況估算,即估計銷售價減估計出售物業將產生之成本。

持作出售之發展中物業之成本包括已識別成本,當中包括土地收購成本、發展成本總額、已資本化之借貸成本、材料及物料、工資、其他直接開支及合適比例之經常費用。可變現淨值乃由本集團之管理層根據當時市況、預計完成成本及出售物業將產生之成本估算預期最終達至之價格。

持作出售之落成物業及持作出售之發展 中物業之任何減值或撥備金額,於產生 減值或虧損期間內確認為開支。可變現 淨值增加導致撥回任何減值或撥備之金 額,於作出撥回期間內於損益確認。

(h) 存貨

存貨包括化妝品及酒店持作售賣之食品 及飲料之製成品及原材料,按成本與可 變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。

成本以存貨之發票成本計算。成本乃按 個別項目以加權平均法分配。可變現淨 值乃指在日常業務過程中之估計銷售價 減去適用可變銷售開支。

(i) **Intangible assets**

Trading rights, exchange rights and trademark

Trading rights, gold and silver exchange rights and trademark are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and less any identified impairment loss. The amortisation period adopted for intangible assets is 5 years.

(i) **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and availablefor-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. The accounting policies adopted in respect of such category of financial assets are set out below.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 無形資產

買賣權·貿易權及商標

買賣權、金銀貿易權及商標乃按成本減 累積攤銷及任何已識別減值虧損列賬。 無形資產之攤銷期為五年。

(i) 金融工具

當集團實體成為金融工具合約條文之一 方,則確認金融資產及金融負債。金融資 產及金融負債初步按公平值計量。收購 或發行金融資產及金融負債(通過損益 以反映公平值之金融資產及金融負債除 外)直接應佔之交易成本乃於初步確認 時從金融資產或金融負債之公平值加入 或扣除(如適用)。收購或發行通過損益 以反映公平值之金融資產或金融負債直 接應佔之交易成本即時於損益確認。

金融資產

本集團之金融資產分類為以下三個類別 其中之一,包括通過損益以反映公平值 之金融資產、貸款及應收款項及待售金 融資產。所有正常購買或銷售之金融資 產,按交易日之基準確認及取消確認。正 常購買或銷售是指按照市場規定或慣例 須在一段期限內進行資產交付之金融資 產買賣。就該類別金融資產採納之會計 政策載列如下。

(j) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held-for-trading or it is designated by the management of the Group as such at inception.

A financial asset is classified as held-for-trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near future; or
- (ii) on initial recognition, it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (iii) it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

實際利率法

實際利率法為一種計算金融資產攤銷成本與於有關期間內分配利息收入之方法。實際利率為於初步確認時將金融資產預計年期或(如適用)更短期間內將估計未來現金收入(包括所有已付或已收並構成實際利率一部分之費用及差價、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確貼現至賬面淨值之利率。

除分類為通過損益以反映公平值之金融 資產之利息收入外,債務工具之利息收 入按實際利率計算確認。

通過損益以反映公平值之金融資產

分類為通過損益以反映公平值之金融資 產乃持作買賣之金融資產,或由本集團 之管理層於初始時指定為該類別。

倘出現下列情況,金融資產乃歸類為持 作買賣用途:

- (i) 金融資產主要用作於近期內銷售 用途而購入;或
- (ii) 於初步確認時,金融資產為本集團 共同管理之金融工具確定組合之 一部分及其具最近的短期盈利實 際模式;或
- (iii) 金融資產為一個衍生產品及其非 被指派及用作對沖工具。

(j) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Cont'd)

A financial asset other than a financial asset held-for-trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a (i) measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- (ii) the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- (iii) it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets and is included in investment income/expenses.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables (including advances to associates/ an investee company/a non-controlling shareholder, loans receivable, debtors, deposits and other receivables, securities trading receivables and deposits, pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash and sales proceeds held by stakeholders) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) (j)

金融資產(續)

通過損益以反映公平值之金融資產(續)

倘出現下列情況,持作買賣金融資產以 外之金融資產可於初步確認時指定為通 過損益以反映公平值:

- 有關指定為對銷或大幅減低計量 或確認可能出現不一致之情況;或
- (ii) 金融資產組成一組金融資產或金 融負債內各部分或兩者,並根據本 集團既定風險管理或投資策略,按 公平值基準管理及評估其表現,及 分類資料按該基準由內部提供;或
- (iii) 金融資產組成包含一種或以上內 含衍生工具之合約其中部分,而香 港會計準則第39號允許將整份合 併合約(資產或負債)指定為通過 捐益以反映公平值。

通過損益以反映公平值之金融資產乃按 公平值計量,於再次計量時產生之任何 收益或虧損則於損益確認。於損益確認 之盈虧淨額包含金融資產之任何股息或 賺取之利息並包括在投資收入/開支 內。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項(包括墊付聯營公司/ 一間接受投資公司/一間非控股股東款 項、應收貸款、應收賬項、按金及其他應 收賬項、應收證券交易賬項及存款、抵押 存款、定期存款、銀行結餘及現金以及保 管人所持銷售所得款項)為並無於交投 活躍市場之報價而附帶固定或可議定付 款之非衍生金融資產。貸款及應收款項 使用實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何已識 別減值虧損計量。

(j) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as any of the other categories under HKAS 39.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the securities investments reserve, when the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the securities investments reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

However, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For available-for-sale equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

待售金融資產

待售金融資產為非衍生項目,無論是被指定為待售或並無被分類為根據香港會計準則第39號之任何其他類別。

於各報告期末,待售金融資產按公平值計量。公平值之變動於其他全面收益中確認,並於證券投資儲備中累計,而當該項金融資產被出售或釐定為已減值,以往於證券投資儲備之累計盈虧重新分類至損益(見下文有關金融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

然而,利用實際利率法計算之利息會於 損益確認。

並無於交投活躍市場之報價而公平值未 能可靠計量之待售股本投資,於各報告 期末按其成本減任何已識別減值虧損計 量。

金融資產減值

金融資產(通過損益以反映公平值者除外),於各報告期末評估有否出現減值 跡象。當於初步確認金融資產後發生一 項或多項事件,導致有客觀證據顯示金 融資產之估計未來現金流量已受到影響 時,則金融資產會被減值。

倘待售股本投資之公平值大幅或長期減 至低於其成本,則被視為有客觀證據顯 示出現減值。

(i) **Financial instruments** (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- (ii) breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- (iii) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- (iv) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值客觀證 據可包括:

- 發行人或交易方出現嚴重財困;或
- (ii) 違反合約,例如無力支付或拖欠利 息或本金額;或
- (iii) 借款人有可能破產或進行財務重 組;或
- (iv) 因財政困難,該金融資產的活躍市 場消失。

就應收貿易款項等若干類別之金融資產 而言,被評為不會個別減值之資產會額 外彙集評估減值。一組應收款項之減值 客觀證據可包括本集團過往之收款經 驗、組合內還款時間超過平均信貸期之 延遲還款數目增加,以及與無力支付應 收款項有關之國家或地方之經濟環境之 明顯轉變。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,確 認之減值虧損金額以資產之賬面值與按 金融資產原實際利率貼現其估計未來現 金流量之現值兩者之差額計算。

(j) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When available-for-sale financial assets are considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就按成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值虧 損金額按資產之賬面值與按類似金融資 產之現行市場回報率貼現其估計未來現 金流量之現值兩者之差額計算。有關減 值虧損將不會於往後期間撥回。

除應收貿易款項外,所有金融資產之賬面值會直接扣除其減值虧損。應收貿易款項之賬面值會利用撥備賬進行扣減。當應收貿易款項被視為不可收回時,則會撇銷撥備賬。倘之前已撇銷之款項於其後收回,則會計入撥備賬。撥備賬之賬面值變動於損益確認。

當待售金融資產考慮為已減值,以往於 其他全面收益確認之累計盈虧會重新分 類並於減值發生期間計入損益。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,倘減值虧損之金額於確認後之往後期間有所減少,而有關減少可以客觀地與確認減值虧損後發生之事件有關,之前已確認之減值虧損可透過損益予以撥回,但限於撥回減值虧損當日資產之賬面值不得超過該項資產原未確認減值時之攤銷成本。

(i) **Financial instruments** (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

In respect of available-for-sale equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of securities investments reserve.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are classified into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以往於損益確認之待售股本投資之減值 虧損將不會於損益撥回。於確認減值虧 損後之公平值增加於其他全面收益確認 並於證券投資儲備中累計。

金融負債及股本工具

集團實體發行之債務及股本工具乃根據 合約安排之內容及金融負債與股本工具 之定義分類為金融負債或股本工具。

股本工具為可證明於實體資產經扣除其 所有負債後之剩餘權益之任何合約。本 集團之金融負債分類為通過損益以反映 公平值之金融負債及其他金融負債。就 金融負債及股本工具而採納之會計政策 載列如下。

實際利率法

實際利率法為一種計算金融負債攤銷成 本與於有關期間內分配利息開支之方 法。實際利率為於初步確認時將金融負 債預計年期或(如適用)更短期間內將估 計未來現金支出(包括所有已付或已收 並構成實際利率一部分之費用及差價、 交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確貼現 至賬面淨值之利率。

(j) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)

Effective interest method (Cont'd)

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held-for-trading or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held-for-trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near future; or
- (ii) on initial recognition, it is part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (iii) it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

實際利率法(續)

除分類為通過損益以反映公平值之金融 負債之利息開支外,利息開支按實際利 率計算確認。

通過損益以反映公平值之金融負債

分類為通過損益以反映公平值之金融負債乃持作買賣之金融負債,或於初步確認時被指定為該類別。

倘出現下列情況,金融負債乃歸類為持 作買賣用途:

- (i) 金融負債主要用作於近期內回購 用途而產生;或
- (ii) 於初步確認時,金融負債為本集團 共同管理之金融工具確定組合之 一部分及其具近期的短期盈利實 際模式;或
- (iii) 金融負債為一個衍生產品及非指 定及用作對沖工具。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Cont'd)

A financial liability other than a financial liability held-fortrading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- (ii) the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- (iii) it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any interest paid on the financial liability.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

通過損益以反映公平值之金融負債(續)

倘出現下列情況,持作買賣金融負債以 外之金融負債可於初步確認時指定為通 過損益以反映公平值:

- 有關指定為對銷或大幅減低計量 或確認可能出現不一致之情況;或
- (ii) 金融負債組成一組金融資產或金 融負債內各部分或兩者,並根據本 集團既定風險管理或投資策略,按 公平值基準管理及評估其表現,及 分類資料按該基準由內部提供;或
- (iii) 金融負債組成包含一種或以上內 含衍生工具之合約其中部分,而香 港會計準則第39號,允許將整份合 併合約(資產或負債)指定為通過 損益以反映公平值。

通過損益以反映公平值之金融負債乃按 公平值計量,於再次計量時產生之任何 收益或虧損則於損益確認。於損益確認 之盈虧淨額包括就金融負債支付之任何 利息。

(j) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including creditors and accruals, securities trading and margin payable, deposits received, bank and other borrowings, amounts due to associates/investee companies/non-controlling shareholders) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with HKAS 18 "Revenue".

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

其他金融負債

其他金融負債(包括應付賬項及應計款項、應付證券交易賬項及保證金、已收按金、銀行及其他借貸、欠負聯營公司/接受投資公司/非控股股東款項)其後乃採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計算。

股本工具

本公司發行之股本工具按已收所得款項 扣除直接發行成本入賬。

財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約為因指定債務人未能按債務工具之原有或經修改條款如期付款時,發行人需支付指定金額予持有人以補償其所遭受損失之合約。由本集團發行及並非被指定為通過損益以反映公重值之財務擔保合約初步以其公平值減發行財務擔保合約之直接應佔交易成本確認。於初步確認後,本集團以(i)根據香港會計準則第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」釐定就合約內責任之金額;及(ii)初步確認之金額減(如適用)根據香港會計準則第18號「收入」確認之累計攤銷(兩者中以較高者為準)計算財務擔保合約。

(i) **Financial instruments** (Cont'd)

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

(k) **Revenue recognition**

Revenue from properties developed for sale is recognised upon completion of sales agreement and by reference to the timing of the execution of deed of legal assignment or delivery of property to the purchaser, whichever is earlier.

Revenue from properties held for sale is recognised on the execution of a binding sales agreement. Payments received from the purchasers prior to this stage are recorded as deposits received on sales of properties and are grouped under current liabilities.

Rental income, including rental invoiced in advance from properties under operating leases, is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Revenue from hotel room rental, food and beverages sales and other ancillary services is recognised when the relevant services have been rendered.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

取消確認

本集團只有當資產之現金流量的合約權 利到期,或金融資產被轉移及該資產之 絕大部分風險及回報已轉移給另一個實 體時,取消確認金融資產。於取消確認整 體金融資產時,資產賬面值與已收及應 收代價及已直接確認於其他全面收益並 累計於股本權益之累計盈虧之總和之差 額乃於損益確認。

本集團之金融負債只會於本集團之責任 遭解除、註銷或到期時取消確認。取消確 認之金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價 之差額乃於損益確認。

(k) 收入確認

已發展物業銷售之收入按銷售協議完成 時並參考執行法律轉讓契約或交樓予買 家之時間性確認(以較早者為準)。

持作出售物業之收入在執行具約束力之 銷售協議時方予確認入賬。於上述階段 前從買家收取之款項乃列作銷售物業之 已收按金,並計入流動負債內。

租金收入包括就營業租約物業預先開出 發票之租金,乃就有關租約年期按直線 法於損益確認。

酒店房間租金、食品及飲料銷售及其他 配套服務之收入乃於提供相關服務時確 認。

For the year ended 31st December, 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(k) Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Sale of securities investments are recognised on a trade date basis

Brokerage income on dealings in securities and futures contracts and the profit and loss on trade in securities and futures contracts are recognised on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed.

Management fee income is recognised in accordance with terms of respective agreements over the relevant period in which the services are rendered.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment has been established.

Revenue from sales of cosmetic products is recognised when goods are delivered and titles have been passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(I) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(k) 收入確認(續)

出售證券投資按買賣日期基準確認。

買賣證券及期貨合約之經紀收入以及買 賣證券及期貨合約之溢利及虧損於執行 有關買賣單據之交易日確認。

管理費收入乃就提供服務期間按有關協 議之條款確認。

投資之股息收入乃於本集團收取款項之 權利確立時確認。

化妝品銷售所得收入於交付貨品及轉移 所有權時確認入賬。

金融資產之利息收入乃就本金結餘按適 用實際利率及時間比例計算。有關利率 指於金融資產預計年期內將估計未來現 金收入準確貼現至於初步確認時資產賬 面淨值之利率。

(I) 税項

所得税開支指當期應付税項及遞延税項 之總和。

當期應付稅項按年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與綜合全面收益報表所報除稅前溢利不同,此乃由於其不包括在其他年度應課稅之收入或可扣減之開支,亦不包括永不課稅或扣減之項目。本集團之當期稅項負債於報告期末以已頒布或實質頒布之稅率計算。

(l) Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(l) 税項(續)

遞延税項按綜合財務報表內資產及負債 賬面值與用於計算應課稅溢利之相關稅 基兩者之差異確認。遞延税項負債通常 會就所有應課税暫時差異確認,遞延税 項資產通常就所有可扣減暫時差異限於 較可能於日後取得應課税溢利,而該等 可扣減暫時差異可用以抵銷時確認。若 暫時差異因商譽或因於一項既不影響應 課税溢利或會計溢利之交易(業務合併 除外)中初步確認其他資產及負債而引 致,則不會確認該等遞延稅項資產及負 債。

本集團會就於附屬公司及聯營公司之投 資之有關應課税暫時差異確認遞延税項 負債,惟本集團有能力控制暫時差異之 撥回及暫時差異不大可能於可見將來撥 回則另作別論。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末均 作檢討,並在不大可能再有足夠應課税 溢利收回全部或部分資產時減少。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於負債償 還或資產變現期間所預期之適用税率計 量。當期稅項及遞延稅項會於損益確認, 惟當相關項目於其他全面收益或直接於 股本權益中確認,在此情況下,其當期稅 項及遞延税項亦會分別於其他全面收益 或直接於股本權益中確認。若當期稅項 或遞延税項乃因初步就業務合併入賬而 產生,其稅務影響會納入業務合併之會 計處理中。

(I) Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and the entity intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(m) Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(n) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(1) 税項(續)

如所得税是由同一税務當局徵收,而實體打算支付其當期税項資產及税項負債 之淨額,有關遞延税項資產及負債可以 互相抵銷。

(m) 租賃

凡租約條款規定將租賃擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報轉移至承租人之租約均列 為財務租約。所有其他租約分類為營業 租約。

本集團為出租人

營業租約之租金收入會以直線法按有關租約年期在損益確認。磋商及安排營業租約時產生之初步直接成本會加入租賃 資產之賬面值,並以直線法按租約年期確認為開支。

本集團為承租人

根據營業租約應付之租金會以直線法按 有關租約年期在損益扣除。作為訂立營 業租約獎勵之已收及應收利益會以直線 法按有關租約年期於租金開支確認扣 減。

(n) 外幣

在編製個別集團實體之財務報表時,以 實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之 交易按交易日通用之匯率入賬。於報告 期末,以外幣列值之貨幣項目以報告期 末當日通用之匯率重新換算。以外幣列 值並按公平值列賬之非貨幣項目以釐定 公平值當日通用之匯率重新換算。以外 幣列值並以歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目 不會重新換算。

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, the exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using the exchange rate prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case, the exchange rates at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of the translation reserve. Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目時產生之 匯兑差額於產生之期間在損益確認,惟 因貨幣項目而產生並構成本公司之海外 業務淨投資一部分之匯兑差額則於其他 全面收益內確認,並在出售海外業務時, 從股本權益重新分類至損益。重新換算 按公平值列賬之非貨幣項目產生之匯兑 差額計入期間之損益,惟重新換算其盈 虧直接於其他全面收益確認之非貨幣項 目產生之匯兑差額除外,在此情況下, 匯兑差額亦會直接於其他全面收益中確 認。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團境外業務 之資產及負債均以各報告期末之通用匯 率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元)。 收入及開支項目則以期間平均匯率予以 換算。惟倘匯率於期間內波動很大,在此 情況下則以交易日之匯率換算。所產生 之匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收益確認 並累積於股本權益中(為匯兑儲備)。該 匯兑差額於該境外業務出售期間於損益 確認。

於出售境外業務(即出售本集團於該境 外業務之全部權益,或出售涉及失去包 含境外業務之附屬公司之控制權,或出 售涉及失去對包含境外業務之聯營公司 之重大影響)時,就本公司擁有人應佔之 業務於股本權益累計之所有匯兑差額重 新分類至損益。

(n) Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences is reattributed to non-controlling interests and is not recognised in profit or loss. For partial disposals of associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(p) Retirement benefits costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are recognised as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 外幣(續)

倘出售部分附屬公司並未導致本集團 失去對附屬公司之控制權,則按比例將 累積匯兑差額重新歸類為非控股權益, 而並不於損益內確認。對於出售部分聯 營公司而並未造成本集團失去重大影響 力,則按比例將累積匯兑差額重新分類 至損益。

(o) 借貸成本

於購買、興建或製造必須以長時間預備 擬定用途或銷售之合資格資產之直接應 佔借貸成本將計入為該等資產之成本。 當該等資產實質上達至擬定用途或可供 銷售時,借貸成本便不再作資本化。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間於損益確 認。

(p) 退休福利成本

界定供款退休福利計劃之供款於僱員提供服務以有權取得供款時確認為開支。

(q) 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而承擔現有責任, 導致本集團將有可能就該責任付款,而 該責任金額能可靠地估計時確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額乃於報告期末就支付 現有責任所需之代價之最佳估計,當中 已考慮涉及有關責任之風險及不確定因 素。倘撥備使用估計支付現有責任之現 金流進行計量,其賬面值即為該等現金 流之現值。

(r) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. The management of the Group must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale (other than investment properties accounted for under the fair value model in HKAS 40 "Investment Property" and financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39) are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Related parties (s)

- A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (1) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (2) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (3) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(r) 持作出售之非流動資產

非流動資產及出售群組之賬面值倘若乃 诱過出售交易而非诱過持續使用而收 回,則會分類為持作出售類別。此條件只 會於較高可能達成出售及該非流動資產 或出售群組可於現況下供即時出售時方 告符合。本集團之管理層必須承諾該出 售將於重新分類之日起一年內完成而預 期符合確認。

當本集團承諾履行涉及失去附屬公司之 控制權之銷售計劃,倘上述條款符合時, 該附屬公司之所有資產及負債均分類為 持作出售,不論本集團將於該前附屬公 司出售後仍否保留非控股權益。

分類為持作出售之非流動資產(及出售 群組)(根據香港會計準則第40號「投資 物業」以公平值模式計量之投資物業及 符合香港會計準則第39號範圍內之金融 資產除外)乃按資產以往賬面值及公平 值減出售成本(以較低者為準)計量。

關連人士 **(s)**

- 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或與該人 士關係密切的家庭成員與本集團 有關連:
 - (1) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (2) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (3) 為本集團或本集團母公司之 主要管理人員。

(s) Related parties (Cont'd)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (2) one entity is an associate or a joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or a joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (3) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (4) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (5) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (6) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).
 - (7) a person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Group and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(s) 關連人士(續)

- (ii) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與本 集團有關連:
 - (1) 該實體與本集團為同一集團 之成員(即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司彼此間 關連)。
 - (2) 某一實體為另一實體的聯營 公司或合資公司(或另一實 體為成員公司之集團旗下成 員公司之聯營公司或合資公 司)。
 - (3) 兩間實體均為同一名第三方 的合資公司。
 - (4) 一實體為一名第三方實體之 合資公司,而另一實體為該 名第三方實體之聯營公司。
 - (5) 該實體為本集團或本集團相 關實體之僱員離職後福利計 劃。
 - (6) 該實體受(i)項所述人士控制 或共同控制。
 - (7) 於(i)(1)項所述人士可對該 實體有重大影響力或屬該實 體(或該實體之母公司)之 主要管理人員。

關連人士交易是指本集團與關連人士之 間轉移資源、服務或責任,不論是否收取 價款。

個別人士關係密切的家庭成員是指與該 實體交易時預期可影響該個別人士或受 該個別人士影響的家庭成員。

(t) **Contingent liabilities and assets**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When the inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

(u) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal management reporting provided to the chief operating decision-makers. Segment assets consist primarily of investment properties, property, plant and equipment, financial assets and other assets. Segment liabilities comprise financial liabilities and other liabilities. The Group evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operations after tax expense and non-controlling interests but not including the major non-cash items. The major non-cash items mainly are fair value changes on investment properties and other properties together with their, if applicable, respective deferred tax expense. No intersegment revenue is accounted for as the intersegment revenue is mainly the rental income for administrative purpose.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(t) 或然負債及資產

或然負債乃一項因過往事件產生之有可 能承擔,而該等過往事件之存在僅可由 一項或多項並非由本集團全權控制之日 後不明朗事件之存在與否確定。其亦可 為一項因不大可能需要耗用經濟資源或 承擔之金額未能可靠地計算而未有確認 之過往事件產生之現有承擔。或然負債 未有予以確認,惟已於綜合財務報表附 註中披露。倘耗用經濟資源之可能性出 現變動致使有可能需耗用經濟資源,則 或然負債將確認為撥備。

或然資產乃一項因過往事件產生之有可 能資產,而該等過往事件之存在僅可由 一項或多項並非由本集團全權控制之日 後不明朗事件之存在與否確定。或然資 產未有予以確認,但於可能出現經濟利 益流入時於綜合財務報表附註中予以披 露。當該流入獲實質確定時將對資產確 認。

(u) 營運分類

營運分類之呈報方式與提供予主要營運 決策者之內部管理報告之方式一致。分 類資產主要包括投資物業、物業、廠房及 設備、金融資產以及其他資產。分類負債 包括金融負債及其他負債。本集團以扣 除税項開支及非控股權益後之經營損益 (但不包括主要非現金項目)為基準評估 表現。主要非現金項目大部分為投資物 業及其他物業之公平值變動連同其相關 之遞延税項開支(如適用)。由於分類間 之收入主要為就行政目的之租金收入, 因此並無將分類間之收入入賬。

(v) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the management of the Group is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The followings are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the management of the Group has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in these consolidated financial statements.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(v) 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在本公司股東 或董事(如適合)批准派息之期間於本公 司之綜合財務狀況報表內確認為負債。

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計

於採納本集團之會計政策(如附註3所述)時,本集團之管理層須對未能從其他方面確定之資產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃以過往之經驗及其他被視為相關之因素而作出。實際結果可能與此等估計不盡相同。

有關估計及相關假設須不斷檢討。若會計估計 之修訂只影響該修訂期,該修訂會於該修訂期 間內確認;或如該修訂影響本期間及未來期 間,則於修訂期間及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷

除與估計有關外,以下為本集團之管理層於應 用本集團之會計政策之過程中,已作出對本綜 合財務報表已確認之數額有重大影響之關鍵判 斷。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies (Cont'd)

Fair value and impairment of available-for-sale investments

As described in Note 5(c), the management of the Group uses its judgments in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. The Group's unlisted equity securities with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$68,544,000 (2014: HK\$93,515,000) are valued using a discounted cash flow analysis based on assumptions supported, where possible, by observable market prices or rates. The estimation of fair value of these equity securities also includes some assumptions not supported by observable market prices or rates

Impairment loss in respect of trade and other receivables

The policy for impairment loss in respect of trade and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's judgment. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their abilities to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Fair value of investment properties

The Group's investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on methods of valuation which involve certain estimates. In relying on the valuation reports, the management of the Group has exercised its judgment and is satisfied that the methods of valuation are reflective of the current market conditions, as detailed in Note 21. Should there be changes in assumptions due to change in market conditions, the fair value of the investment properties will change in future.

4. 閣鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷(續)

待售投資之公平值及減值

誠如附註5(c)所述,對於並無在活躍市場報價 之金融工具,本集團之管理層利用其判斷以選 擇合適估值技術。應用之估值技術為市場人士 所慣常使用。賬面值約為68,544,000港元(二 零一四年:93,515,000港元)之本集團非上市股 本證券乃依據(倘可能)可觀察之市場價格或 利率所支持之假設,使用貼現現金流量分析進 行估值。該等股本證券之公平值估計亦包括一 些並非由可觀察之市場價格或利率所支持之假 設。

有關應收貿易款項及其他應收款項之減值虧損

本集團有關應收貿易款項及其他應收款項之減 值虧損之政策基於對賬款之收回可能性及賬齡 分析之評估及管理層之判斷衡量。於評估此等 應收款項之最終收回情況時需要作出大量判 斷,包括各客戶目前之信譽及過往付款紀錄。 倘若本集團客戶之財政狀況轉差而削弱彼等之 付款能力時,則需要作出額外撥備。

投資物業之公平值

本集團之投資物業是以獨立專業估值師評定 之公平值入賬。估值師於決定公平值時乃根據 包含若干估計之估值方法進行,本集團之管理 層於信賴估值報告時已作出了判斷及認同該 等估值方法乃反映市場現況(詳情列於附註21 內)。如市場狀況變化導致假設有任何變動,投 資物業之公平值可能於未來變動。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Deferred tax assets

As at 31st December, 2015, a deferred tax asset of approximately HK\$3,254,000 (2014: HK\$18,632,000) in relation to unused tax losses has been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the period in which such a reversal takes place.

Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets

The Group performs annual tests on whether there has been impairment of goodwill and intangible assets in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 3. The recoverable amounts of CGUs are determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions made by the management of the Group on the future operation of the business, pre-tax discount rates, and other assumptions underlying the value-in-use calculations.

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明確因素之主要來源

以下是對未來,及於下一個財政年度對資產及 負債賬面值造成重大調整有顯著風險,於報告 期末估計不明確因素之其他主要來源之主要假 設。

遞延税項資產

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,有關未使用稅務虧損之遞延稅項資產約3,254,000港元(二零一四年:18,632,000港元)已經於綜合財務狀況報表內確認。遞延稅項資產能否變現主要視乎日後是否具有足夠之未來溢利或應課稅暫時差異而定。倘若未來之實際溢利低於預期,則可能產生重大之遞延稅項資產撥回,有關撥回將於出現撥回之期間內在綜合全面收益報表確認。

商譽及無形資產之減值

本集團根據附註3所述之會計政策每年對商譽 及無形資產進行減值測試。現金產生單位之可 收回金額會根據使用價值計算法釐定。使用價值計算法需要本集團之管理層對未來作出業務 營運、稅前貼現率及其他相關使用價值計算法 之估計及假設。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

Write-down of stock of properties

In accordance with the accounting policies as stated in Note 3, the Group performs regular reviews on the estimated net realisable values of the stock of properties in order to assess if, when the estimated net realisable values declining below the corresponding carrying amounts, any write-down of stock of properties is required. The management of the Group has taken into account of the prevailing market conditions, valuations or estimated unit selling price from independent property valuers and internally available information and exercised considerable judgments in making these estimates.

Impairment loss in respect of interests in associates

The management of the Group determines whether interests in associates have suffered any impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable, according to their recoverable amounts determined by the CGUs based on value-in-use calculations. The determination of impairment indication requires significant judgments, and the calculations require the use of estimates which are subject to change of economic environment in future.

4. 閣鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明確因素之主要來源(續)

物業存貨之減值

根據列於附註3之會計政策,本集團定時審閱 物業存貨之估計可變現淨值,以評估當估計可 變現淨值低於相關賬面值時,須對物業存貨作 出減值。本集團之管理層考慮當時市場情況、 由獨立物業估值師進行評估或估計單位售價及 內部參考資料,以及運用大量判斷而作出該等 估計。

有關聯營公司權益之減值虧損

倘事件或環境變化顯示聯營公司權益之賬面值 可能不可收回,本集團之管理層根據使用價值 計算法以現金產生單位釐定可收回金額,以確 定是否出現任何減值。確定減值現象需要作出 重大判斷,而計算過程中需使用的估算會因未 來經濟環境變化而受到影響。

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

5. 金融工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 金融工具類別

		2015	2014
			_*
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Available-for-sale investments	待售投資	811,274	239,233
Financial assets at fair value through	通過損益以反映公平值之		
profit or loss:	金融資產:		
 Investments held-for-trading 	一持作買賣之投資	364,244	501,944
– Designated as at fair value through	-指定為通過損益以反映		
profit or loss	公平值	11,069,270	4,626,840
Loans and receivables (including time	貸款及應收款項(包括定期存款、		
deposits, bank balances and cash)	銀行結餘及現金)	12,821,121	10,074,315
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	20,017,099	19,558,932
Financial guarantee liabilities	財務擔保負債	_	102

Note: The above table and the analysis below excluded the respective items presented as assets classified as held for sale and liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale.

附註:上表及下列分析不包括相關項目呈 列作列為持作出售之資產及與列為 持作出售之資產直接相關之負債。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity investments, bonds, advances to/from associates/investee companies/non-controlling shareholders, debtors, deposits and other receivables, securities trading receivables and deposits, pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash, sales proceeds held by stakeholders, borrowings, creditors and accruals, securities trading and margin payable and deposits received. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

There has been no change to the Group's risk exposure relating to financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括股本投資、 債券、墊付予/墊款自聯營公司/接受 投資公司/非控股股東之款項、應收證券 項、按金及其他應收賬項、應收證券交銀 賬項及存款、抵押存款、定期存款、銀行 結餘及現金、保管人所持銷售所得款項、 借貸、應付賬項及應計款項、應付證券金 局賬項及保證金及已收按金。該等金融 工具之詳情於各附註中予以披露。 工具之詳情於各附註中予以披露。如 較低該等風險之政策。本集團之管理 管理及監控該等風險,以確保及時和有 效地採取適當之措施。

本集團有關金融工具之風險或管理及計 量該等風險之方式並無變動。

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

The Group is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions, and from recognised assets and liabilities. The functional currency of the Company and its major subsidiaries in Hong Kong is HK\$ in which most of the transactions are denominated. The functional currencies of those subsidiaries operating in PRC and in the United Kingdom are Renminbi ("RMB") and Pound Sterling ("GBP") respectively in which most of their transactions are denominated. The Group is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk in respect of exchange fluctuations of HK\$ against RMB and GBP. The conversion of RMB into other currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of PRC. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

5. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

外幣風險

本集團主要面對由未來商業交易, 已確認資產及負債而導致的外匯 風險。本公司及其於香港主要附屬 公司之功能貨幣為港元,當中大部 分交易以港元結算。於中國及英國 經營之附屬公司之功能貨幣分別 為人民幣(「人民幣」)及英鎊(「英 鎊」),當中大部分交易分別以人民 幣及英鎊結算。本集團主要因港元 兑人民幣及英鎊匯率波動而承受外 匯風險。換算人民幣為其他貨幣須 遵守中國政府頒布之外匯管制之規 則及規例進行。本集團現時並無對 外幣資產及負債之外幣對沖政策。 本集團將密切監管其外幣風險,並 於必要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

市場風險(續)

Market risk (Cont'd)

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本集團所承受之外幣風險於報告期 末之賬面值如下:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產		
United States dollars ("US\$")	美元(「美元」)	10,657,901	4,721,221
RMB	人民幣	16,710	389,306
GBP	英鎊	183,133	242,382
Euro ("EUR")	歐元(「歐元」)	174,397	6,990
Singapore dollars ("SGD")	新加坡元(「新加坡元」)	414,808	_
Liabilities	負債		
US\$	美元	3,712,465	10,314
RMB	人民幣	188,882	_
GBP	英鎊	36,271	198,244
EUR	歐元	52,990	_
SGD	新加坡元	411,925	_

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in HK\$ against the relevant foreign currencies. As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, it is assumed that there would be no material currency risk exposure between US\$ and HK\$ and therefore US\$ is excluded from the analysis below.

5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translations at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans as well as loans to/ from foreign operations within the Group where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the currency of the lender or the borrower; but excluding exposure resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency.

5. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳列本集團對港元兑相關外幣 之匯率上升及下跌5%之敏感度。 由於港元與美元掛鈎,故假設美元 對港元之間並無重大貨幣風險,美 元亦不會載於下文之分析。

就內部向主要管理人員報告外幣風 險時會以5%作為敏感度比率,而 有關比率為管理層對匯率可能合理 出現之變動作出之評估。

敏感度分析包括未償還之外幣計值 貨幣項目,並於報告期末就5%之 外幣匯率變動調整該項目。敏感度 分析包括外部貸款及借予本集團旗 下境外業務/由旗下境外業務借予 本集團之貸款(其計值貨幣為貸款 人或借款人貨幣以外之貨幣);但 並不包括來自換算於海外業務之財 務報表至本集團之呈列貨幣而產生 的風險。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis (Cont'd)

A positive and negative number below indicates an increase and decrease in profit respectively where the relevant currencies strengthen 5% against HK\$. For a 5% weakening of the relevant currencies against HK\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

Impact of	影響
RMB	人民幣
GBP	英鎊
EUR	歐元
SGD	新加坡元

There would be no material impact to the Group's other components of equity for the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014.

The net effect of the Group's sensitivity to foreign currency risk was attributable to the Group's monetary assets and liabilities with exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

下文之正數及負數表示相關貨幣兑港元之匯率轉強5%時溢利分別之增加及減少。倘相關貨幣兑港元之匯率轉弱5%,則對溢利造成之影響為同等及相反。

Profit (loss)

溢利(虧損)

2014
HK\$'000
千港元
19,465
2,207
350
-

對本集團截至二零一五年及二零 一四年十二月三十一日止年度之股 本權益其他成分無重大影響。

本集團外幣風險敏感度之淨影響, 乃由於本集團於報告期末就承受外 幣風險之貨幣資產及負債所產生。

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group has variable-rate interest-bearing assets and liabilities including advance to an associate, time deposits, bank balances, sales proceeds held by stakeholders and borrowings and is therefore exposed to cash flow interest rate risk. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR"), prime rate ("Prime") or costs of funds of financial institutions.

Sensitivity analysis

The following demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonable possible change in interest rates with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact of floating rates in advance to an associate, time deposits, bank balances, sales proceeds held by stakeholders and borrowings).

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

現金流量利率風險

本集團有浮息計息資產及負債(包 括墊付一間聯營公司款項、定期存 款、銀行結餘、保管人所持銷售所 得款項及借貸),故本集團須承擔 現金流量利率風險(該等金融工具 詳情於各附許披露)。本集團現時 並無利率對沖政策。然而,本集團 之管理層會監控利率風險,並於必 要時考慮對沖重大利率風險。

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要集 中於香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀 行同業拆息」)、最優惠利率(「最 優惠利率」)或金融機構之資金成 本。

敏感度分析

以下列示在全部其他變數維持不 變之情況下,本集團除稅前溢利對 利率出現合理可能變動時之敏感 度(透過墊付一間聯營公司款項、 定期存款、銀行結餘、保管人所持 銷售所得款項及借貸浮動利率之影 響)。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Cash flow interest rate risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis (Cont'd)

If the floating rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax for the year ended 31st December, 2015 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$36,662,000 (2014: HK\$30,315,000). This was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate borrowings.

There was no material impact to the other components of equity for the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014.

The Group's sensitivity to interest rates has increased during the current year mainly due to the increase in net debt carries at variable-rate.

(iii) Price risk

The Group's investments classified as available-for-sale investments, investments held-for-trading and financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period and expose the Group to price risk. At the end of the reporting period, the Group held investments in certain high yield and fixed-rate bonds. High yield bonds are bonds that are typically rated below investment grade or are unrated and therefore are generally more vulnerable to economic cycles as they typically fall more in value than investment grade bonds given higher default risk and higher investors risk adversity. For bonds with fixed-rate coupons, they are more susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates. As interest rate move upwards, the value of the bonds will generally fall. Furthermore, the longer the tenor of the bonds, the more sensitive they will be to interest rate changes.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

倘浮動利率上升/下降50個基點,在全部其他變數維持不變之情況下,則本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅前溢利將減少/增加約36,662,000港元(二零一四年:30,315,000港元)。此乃主要由於本集團所承受之浮息借貸之利率風險。

截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二 月三十一日止年度之股本權益其他 成分並無重大影響。

本集團於本年度對利率之敏感度增 加主要由於以浮息計算之債務淨額 增加。

(iii) 價格風險

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

Price risk (Cont'd)

The management of the Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. In addition, the Group has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If prices had been 5% higher/lower, the Group's profit before tax for the year ended 31st December, 2015 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$571,676,000 (2014: HK\$256,439,000). This was mainly due to the changes in fair value of investments held-for-trading and financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

If prices had been 5% higher/lower, the Group's other components of equity for the year ended 31st December, 2015 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$3,427,000 (2014: HK\$4,676,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of available-forsale investments measured at fair value.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(iii) 價格風險(續)

本集團之管理層以設立不同風險 水平之投資組合管理有關風險。 此外,本集團已委任特別小組監管 價格風險,並於必要時考慮對沖風 險。

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃根據報告期末之 價格風險釐定。

倘價格上升/下降5%,則本集團 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度之除税前溢利將增加/減少約 571,676,000港元(二零一四年: 256,439,000港元)。此乃主要由於 持作買賣之投資及指定為通過損益 以反映公平值之金融資產之公平值 變動。

倘價格上升/下降5%,則本集團 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度股本權益其他成分將增加/減 少約3,427,000港元(二零一四年: 4,676,000港元),此乃由於按公平 值計量之待售投資公平值變動。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31st December, 2015 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amounts of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's time deposits and bank balances are deposited with banks of high credit quality in Hong Kong, Mainland China and overseas

The Group made transactions with counterparties with acceptable credit quality in conformance to the Group's treasury policies to minimise credit exposure. Acceptable credit ratings from reputable credit rating agencies and scrutiny of financials for non-rated counterparties are two important criteria in the selection of counterparties. The credit quality of counterparties will be closely monitored over the life of the transaction. The Group reviews its financial counterparties periodically in order to reduce credit risk concentrations relative to the underlying size and credit strength of each counterparty.

In an attempt to forestall adverse market movement, the Group also monitors potential exposures to each financial institution counterparty. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

As at 31st December, 2015, the Group was subject to concentration risk as there was receivable from a single debtor of approximately HK\$6,808,466,000 presented under debtors, deposits, other receivables and prepayments which represented a majority proportion of the Group's trade and other receivables. A listed company acts as surety to the debtor by providing guarantee for the payments of the receivables.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

倘若交易方無法履行彼等於二零一五年十二月三十一日之責任,本集團承受有關各類已確認金融資產之最大信貸風險 為綜合財務狀況報表所列該等資產之賬 面值。本集團之定期存款及銀行結餘存 於香港、中國大陸及海外高信貸質素之 銀行。

本集團與符合集團庫務政策所訂信貸評級良好之交易方進行交易,以盡量降低信貸風險。揀選交易方之兩項重要原則,是由有信譽之信貸評級機構發出可接受的信貸評級,以及對沒有評級之交易方進行財務評審。本集團會在整個交易期內密切監察交易方之信貸質素。本集團會定期為與其交易之財務機構進行評審,以減低與各交易方相關規模及信貸強度有關之集中信貸之風險。

為不利之市場變動預先作準備,本集團亦 監察每間金融機構交易方之潛在風險。 此外,於報告期末,本集團檢討每宗個別 債項之可收回金額,確保就無法收回款 項作出足夠之減值虧損。就此而言,董事 認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,呈列於應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及預付款項中由單一債務人收取約6,808,466,000港元佔本集團之應收貿易及其他款項大部分比例,因此,本集團將面對集中風險。一間上市公司作為該債務人之擔保人提供支付該應收賬項之擔保。

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

Investments in debt securities are limited to financial institutions or investment counterparty with high quality. When making decisions on investments in securities, the management of the Group has also made reference to the credit ratings of the issuers and guarantors (if any) which, however, are not an assurance as to the issuers and/or guarantors' creditworthiness or the risks, returns or suitability of the security. Risks in particular specific to certain types of bonds held by the Group are: (i) high yield bonds - they in general carry high credit risk as they are often subject to higher risk of issuer default as they are typically rated below investment grade or are unrated; and (ii) perpetual bonds - their coupon payments may be deferred or suspended subject to the terms and conditions of the bonds and they are often callable after a call protection period (related risk is detailed in the liquidity risk below). Other than the above, there may be additional risks associated with trading of bonds over-the-counter ("OTC") because OTC transactions are generally subject to limited regulation and therefore less transparent in transaction details such as volume, price formation, etc. There may also be additional risks for investments located in an emerging market which may involve certain risks associated with political and economic uncertainty. In view of the specific risks above, the Group has appointed a special team to closely monitor the risks as disclosed in Note 5(b)(iii) above.

5. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

債務證券之投資只限於以高質素之金融 機構或投資交易方。於作出證券投資決 定時,本集團之管理層亦參照發行人及 保證人(如有)之信貸評級,然而,有關 評級並非發行人及/或保證人信譽或證 券風險、回報或合適性之保證。本集團所 持若干債券類別之特定風險為: (i)高息 債券--般附帶高信貸風險,原因為有 關債券評級一般低於投資級別或不獲評 級,因此通常面對較高發行人違約風險; 及(ii)永久債券-視乎債券條款及條件, 其票息可能遞延或暫停支付,且通常可於 贖回禁止期後可贖回(相關風險詳情列 於下文流動資金風險一節)。除上文所述 外,倘有可能面對與場外(「場外」)債券 買賣相關之額外風險,原因為場外交易 所受規管一般有限,因而在交投量、價格 形成等交易詳情方面透明度較低。此外, 亦可能面對位於新興市場之投資之額外 風險,新興市場可能涉及若干與政治及 經濟不明朗因素相關之風險。鑑於上述 之特定風險,本集團已委任特別小組密 切監察有關風險(如上文附註5(b)(iii)項 所披露)。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical location is mainly in Hong Kong, Mainland China and the United Kingdom. As at 31st December, 2015, the Group was subject to investment concentration risk as there were bonds investment with a single issuer of approximately HK\$3,020,734,000 presented under financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss and a listed equity security of a company of approximately HK\$310,753,000 presented under investments heldfor-trading which represented a majority proportion of the Group's investment portfolio as determined by the management of the Group. Investment concentration risk may materialise when the market in which that bonds are traded is constricted (related risk is detailed in liquidity risk below), or when the fair value of that bonds/listed equity securities are declined (related risk is detailed in price risk above). The Group also monitors regularly to avoid overconcentration (such as investment products and underlying foreign exchange, etc) of the investment portfolio.

Liquidity risk

The Group's certain investments held-for-trading and bonds were pledged to the Group's financial institutions to secure margin and securities facilities granted to the Group in respect of securities transactions. Under adverse market conditions, the Group may be called by the financial institutions upon at short notice to make deposit to repay the margin loans. If the required deposits are not made within the prescribed time, the Group's securities may be liquidated by the financial institutions without the Group's consent.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團按地域集中承擔信貸風險之地區 主要為香港、中國大陸及英國。於二零 一五年十二月三十一日,由本集團之管 理層決策之投資組合佔大部分比例由單 一發行人發行呈列於指定為通過損益以 反映公平值之金融資產之債券投資約 3,020,734,000港元及呈列於持作買賣 之投資中之一間公司之上市股本證券約 310,753,000港元,因此,本集團面對集 中投資風險。當有關債券於受限制市場 買賣(相關風險詳情列於下文流動資金 風險一節),或當該債券/上市股本證券 之公平值下降(相關風險詳情列於上文 價格風險一節),集中投資風險將會較為 顯著。本集團亦定期監察投資組合,以免 過度集中(如投資產品及相關外匯等)。

流動資金風險

本集團若干持作買賣投資及債券已就本 集團有關證券交易獲授之保證金及證券 融資抵押予本集團之金融機構。倘出現 不利市況,金融機構可能向本集團發出 短期通知催繳存款,以償還保證金貸款。 倘本集團未有於指定時限內繳付存款, 則金融機構可在未經本集團同意而將其 證券變現。

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

Certain bonds held by the Group carry fixed-rate coupon are accompanied with call rights, the issuers may call and redeem the debt securities early if interest rates fall. The Group may face reinvestment risk when issuers exercised its right to redeem the bond before it matures. Besides, some bonds may not have an active secondary market. In case of the market in which the bonds are traded is illiquid, the Group may run the risk of either having to retain the investment until the end of the term or selling it before maturity at an unfavourable price.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate bank deposits and cash, monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The liquidity risk is under continuous monitoring by the management of the Group. Reports with maturity dates of bank borrowings and thus the liquidity requirement are provided to the management of the Group for review periodically. The management of the Group will contact the bankers for renewals of bank borrowings whenever necessary.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

5. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團所持若干債券按固定票息計息, 並附帶收回權利,如利率下跌,發行人可 提早收回及贖回債務證券。倘發行人行 使權利於債券到期前贖回債券,則本集 團可能面對再投資風險。此外,部分債券 可能並無活躍第二市場。倘有關債券市 場成交流通量不足,本集團可能需要承 擔風險,持有投資直至到期,或於到期前 以不利價格出售。

本集團通過維持充足銀行存款及現金、 監管預測及實際現金流量以及配合金融 資產及負債之到期時間表,藉此管理流 動資金。

本集團之管理層持續監管流動資金風 險。載有銀行借貸到期日及與有關之流 動資金需求之報告定期提供予本集團之 管理層供審閱。必要時,本集團之管理層 將聯絡往來銀行將銀行借貸續期。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債按協定 還款條款之餘下合約到期情況。各表乃 按本集團可被要求付款之最早日期根據 金融負債之未貼現現金流量編製,當中 包括利息及本金之現金流量。

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

Non-derivative financial liabilities 非衍生金融負債

Amounts due to investee companies 欠負接受投資公司款項 Amounts due to non-controlling 欠負非控股股東

借貸

應付賬項及應計款項

應付證券交易賬項及 保證金

欠負聯營公司款項

款項

總額

一免息

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(Cont'd)

Borrowings

payable

shareholders

- Interest-free

Total

Creditors and accruals

Securities trading and margin

Amounts due to associates

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

流動資金風險(續)

		At 31st Dece 於二零一五年十		
Weighted average effective interest	Within	Within 2 to	Total undiscounted	Total carrying
rate	1 year	5 years	cash flows	amount
加權平均	F-2	= = = = = =	未貼現現金	賬面值
實際利率	一年內	兩年至五年	流量總額	總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2.04%	8,842,668	5,990,808	14,833,476	14,531,773
-	1,081,746	-	1,081,746	1,081,746
-	11,181	-	11,181	11,181
_	-	1,789,647	1,789,647	1,789,647
-	-	27,085	27,085	27,085
-		523,768	523,768	523,768
	9,935,595	8,331,308	18,266,903	17,965,200

At 31st December, 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

Total	總額		9,039,563	11,575,906	20,615,469	18,672,727
– Non-current	一非流動性質	-		526,092	526,092	
- Current	一流動性質	_	323,172	-	323,172	102
Financial guarantee liabilities	財務擔保負債					
- Interest-free	一免息	-	-	309,061	309,061	309,061
- Interest-bearing	一計息	11.25%	-	200,893	200,893	180,578
shareholders	款項					
Amounts due to non-controlling	欠負非控股股東			27,005	27,005	27,003
Amounts due to investee companies	欠負接受投資公司款項 欠負接受投資公司款項	_	_	58,419 27,085	58,419 27,085	58,419 27,085
payable Amounts due to associates	保證金 欠負聯營公司款項	-	45,478	- 50.410	45,478	45,478
Securities trading and margin	應付證券交易賬項及					
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	-	1,503,076	-	1,503,076	1,503,076
Borrowings	借貸	3.20%	7,167,837	10,454,356	17,622,193	16,548,928
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債					
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		實際利率	一年內	兩年至五年	流量總額	總額
		加權平均	•	•	未貼現現金	賬面值
		rate	1 year	5 years	cash flows	amount
		interest	Within	Within 2 to	undiscounted	carrying
		effective			Total	Total
		average				
		Weighted				

5. 金融工具(續)

(c) Fair value measurements

(c) 公平值計量

Financial instruments measured at fair value

以公平值計量之金融工具

The following table analysed the financial instruments which are measured at fair value into the three-level hierarchy.

下表為以公平值計量之金融工具之三級 分級制分析。

Financial assets/ financial liabilities 金融資產/金融負債	Fair va 公平	值	Fair value hierarchy 公平值分級制	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技術及主要數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大非可觀察數據
	2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元			
Financial assets 金融資產 Listed equity securities presented as investments held-for-trading 呈列為持作買賣之投資之 上市股本證券	364,244	501,944	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場之報價	N/A 不適用
Bonds presented as financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss 呈列為指定為通過損益以反映公平值之金融資產之債券	11,069,270	4,626,840	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場之報價	N/A 不適用
Unlisted equity securities presented as available-forsale investments (note (i)) 呈列為待售投資之非上市股本證券 (附註(i))	68,544	93,515	Level 3 第三級	Discounted cash flow: forecast dividend income, discount rate and contract terms (if any) 贴現現金流量: 預測之股息收入、貼現率及合約條款(如有)	Forecast dividend income taking into account management's experience, dividend records over the past years and the estimated terminal value (note (ii)) 預測之股息收入乃參照管理層經驗、過往年度之股息記錄及估算之最終價值(附註(ii))
					Discount rate ranging from 1% below Prime to Prime (note (ii)) 貼現率為介乎最優惠利率 減1厘至最優惠利率 (附註(ii))
	11,502,058	5,222,299			
Financial liabilities 金融負債 Financial guarantee liabilities 財務擔保負債	-	102	Level 3 第三級	Trinomial Option Pricing Model (note (iii)) 三項式期權定價模式 (附註(iii))	Volatility ranging from 4.54% to 28.12% in 2014 (note (iv)) 於二零一四年波動性範圍 由4.54%至28.12%

(c) Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) The carrying amount as at 31st December, 2015 mainly comprised 6.475% equity investment in New Hong Kong Tunnel Company Limited ("New Hong Kong Tunnel") of approximately HK\$67,625,000 (2014: HK\$92,585,000).
- (ii) The higher the forecast dividend income and terminal value, the higher the fair value. The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value.
- (iii) The key inputs for the Trinomial Option Pricing Model included net asset value/market value, exercise price, time to maturity, risk-free interest rate and volatility of the underlying assets.
- (iv) The higher the volatility, the higher the fair value.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the date of the events or changes in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers amongst Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy during the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014 and no change in valuation techniques used in the prior years.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of each reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1

5. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公平值計量(續)

以公平值計量之金融工具(續)

附註:

- (i) 於二零一五年十二月三十一日之賬面 值主要包括約為67,625,000港元(二 零一四年:92,585,000港元)於新香 港隧道有限公司(「新香港隧道」)之 6.475%股本投資。
- (ii) 預測之股息收入及最終價值越高, 公平值越高。貼現率越高,公平值越 低。
- (iii) 三項式期權定價模式之主要數據包括相關資產之資產淨值/市值、行使價、到期時限、無風險利率及波動性。
- (iv) 波動性越大,公平值越高。

本集團之政策為於導致轉撥之事件或情 況改變之日期,確認公平值分級之間的 轉撥。

公平值分級制內第一級、第二級及第三級之間於截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內並無轉撥及過往年度所用之估值技術亦無轉變。

於活躍市場買賣之金融工具之公平值即各報告期末所報之市價。倘即時及定時透過交易所、交易商、經紀、業界組別、報價服務或監管機構獲得報價,且該等價格屬實際及定期按公平基準進行之市場交易,則市場可視為活躍。本集團所持金融資產所用之市場報價為目前之買入價。此等工具已計入第一級。

5. 金融工具(續)

(c) Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

(c) 公平值計量(續)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Cont'd)

以公平值計量之金融工具(續)

Unlisted

The movement in the balances of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

第三級公平值計量結餘之變動如下:

		Unlisted
		equity securities
		classified as
		available-for-sale
		investments
		分類為待售投資
		之非上市股本證券
		HK\$'000
		千港元
At 1st January, 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	71,713
Net unrealised gains recognised in	於年內其他全面收益確認之	
other comprehensive income	未變現收益淨額	
during the year		21,802
Fair value changes recognised in	於年內於損益確認之	
profit or loss during the year	公平值變動	_
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	93,515
Net unrealised losses recognised in	於年內其他全面收益確認之	33,313
other comprehensive income	未變現虧損淨額	
during the year	71. ~ 70/E33773 HA	(24,971)
Fair value changes recognised in	於年內於損益確認之	(= 1/4 / 1)
profit or loss during the year	公平值變動	_
Disposals of subsidiaries (Note 41(b))		_
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	68.544
At 31St December, 2015	バー令 ユサナーガニナーロ	08,544

classified as available-for-sale investments 分類為待售投資 之非上市股本證券 HK\$'000	Financial guarantee liabilities 財務 擔保負債 HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
71,713	(37)
21,802	_
	(65)
93,515	(102)
(24,971)	-
_	(58)
_	160
68,544	-

All of the above gains and losses included in other comprehensive income for the current and prior years relate to unquoted equity investments held at the end of the reporting period and are reported as changes of securities investments reserve.

上述所有計入本年度及過往年度其他全 面收益之收益及虧損涉及於報告期末持 有之並無報價股本投資,並列報為證券 投資儲備之變動。

Financial instruments not measured at fair value

非以公平值計量之金融工具

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments that are not measured at fair value approximate to their fair values.

董事認為本集團非以公平值計量之金融 工具之賬面值與其公平值相若。

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the abilities of the entities in the Group to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders of the Company and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Directors actively and regularly review and manage the Group's capital structure to maximise the returns to shareholders of the Company through the optimisation of the debt afforded by a sound capital position, and make adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2014.

During the year ended 31st December, 2015, the capital structure of the Group mainly consists of debts, which include borrowings from banks and other financial institutions, pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash, and total equity, comprising issued share capital, reserves, retained profits and non-controlling interests. The Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital to monitor its capital structure on the basis of a gearing ratio. The Group has a target gearing ratio not higher than 50%, determined as the proportion of net debt to equity. This ratio is expressed by as a percentage of net borrowings over the total equity. Net borrowings are calculated as total borrowings (as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents.

6. 資本風險管理

本集團通過根據風險水平給予產品及服務相應定價,及確保按合理成本取得融資之方式管理資本,主要目標為保持本集團之實體持續經營之能力,以確保本集團能為本公司股東持續提供回報,並為其他權益相關者提供利益。

董事積極並定時檢討及管理本集團之資本架構,透過以完善資本狀況支持優化債務及於經濟條件發生變動時對資本架構作出調整,為本公司股東爭取最大之回報。本集團整體策略與二零一四年保持不變。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之資本架構主要由債務(包括銀行及其他金融機構之借貸)、抵押存款、定期存款、銀行結餘及現金以及股本權益總額組成,包括已發行股本、儲備、保留溢利及非控股權益。並考慮股本之成本及各類股本相關之風險,以資本與負債比率監管其資本架構。本集團之資本與負債比率之目標不高於50%,按債務淨額與股本權益之比例釐定。該比率表述為借貸淨額與股本權益總額之百分比。借貸淨額乃按借貸總額(如綜合財務狀況報表所示)減現金及現金等值項目計算。

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

6. 資本風險管理(續)

The gearing ratios were as follows:

資本與負債比率如下:

		2015 HK\$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Borrowings – current (note (i)) Borrowings – non-current (note (i))	借貸一流動性質(附註(i)) 借貸一非流動性質(附註(i))	8,651,773 5,880,000	6,707,935 9,840,993
Total debt (note (i)) Cash and cash equivalents (note (ii))	債務總額(附註(i)) 現金及現金等值項目(附註(ii))	14,531,773 (3,052,557)	16,548,928 (5,587,906)
Net debt	債務淨額	11,479,216	10,961,022
Net debt Listed securities investments and	債務淨額 上市證券投資及	11,479,216	10,961,022
treasury products (note (iii)) Net debt (net debt less listed securities investments and treasury products)	財資產品(附註(iii)) 債務淨額 (債務淨額減上市證券 投資及財資產品)	(11,433,514)	5,832,238
Total equity (note (iv))	投員及別員產品) 股本權益總額(附註(iv))	40,325,362	41,652,593
Net debt to equity ratio (excluding listed securities investments and treasury products)	債務淨額與股本權益比率 (不包括上市證券投資及 財資產品)	28.5%	26.3%
Net debt to equity ratio (including listed securities investments and treasury products)	債務淨額與股本權益比率 (包括上市證券投資及 財資產品)	0.1%	14.0%

Notes:

- Borrowings (excluding bank borrowing presented as liabilities (i) directly associated with assets classified as held for sale) are detailed in Note 36.
- Cash and cash equivalents comprise pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash (excluding pledged deposits, bank balances and cash presented as assets classified as held for sale) at the end of the reporting period.
- Listed securities investments and treasury products are detailed in (iii) Notes 31 and 32.
- Total equity includes issued share capital, reserves, retained profits and non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period.

附註:

- 借貸(不包括呈列於與列為持作出售之資 產直接相關之負債中的銀行借貸)於附註36 詳述。
- 於報告期末之現金及現金等值項目包括抵 押存款、定期存款、銀行結餘及現金(不包 括呈列於列為持作出售資產中之抵押存款、 銀行結餘及現金)。
- 上市證券投資及財資產品於附註31及32詳 (iii)
- (iv) 於報告期末之股本權益總額包括已發行股 本、儲備、保留溢利及非控股權益。

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

The increase in net debt to equity ratio (excluding listed securities investments and treasury products) was mainly due to the decrease in equity after payment of special interim dividends.

In relation to brokerage business, Fair Eagle Finance Credit Limited, Fair Eagle Futures Company Limited and Fair Eagle Securities Company Limited, three wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, are required to maintain financial resources in accordance with the specified amount requirements that apply to them under the Securities and Futures Ordinance imposed by Securities and Futures Commission. The requirements are internally reviewed on a daily basis and reports are required to submit to Securities and Futures Commission monthly. Full compliance is observed during the year.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

7. REVENUE

Revenue represents the aggregate amounts received and receivable from property rental income, sales of properties held for sale, gain/loss on sales of investments held-for-trading, hotel operation income, commission from brokerage, settlement charges from brokerage, cosmetic goods sold less returns and interest income from loan financing, analysed as follows:

Property rental income 物業租金收入 Sales of properties held for sale 持作出售物業之銷售 (Loss) gain on sales of investments 出售持作買賣之 held-for-trading 投資(虧損)收益 Hotel operation income 酒店業務收入 Brokerage and cosmetic income 經紀服務及化妝品銷售收入

貸款融資利息收入

6. 資本風險管理(續)

債務淨額與股本權益比率(不包括上市證券投資及財資產品)之所以上升,主要由於派付特別中期股息後股本權益下降所致。

就經紀業務而言,本公司三間全資擁有附屬公司天發金融有限公司、天發期貨有限公司及天發證券有限公司須按證券及期貨事務監察委員會所頒布適用於彼等之證券及期貨條例特定金額要求而保持財務資源。該要求每日經內部檢討並須每月向證券及期貨事務監察委員會遞交報告。於本年度已悉數遵守。

除上文披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司並 不受外來股本要求之限制。

7. 收入

收入指已收及應收之物業租金收入、持作出售物業之銷售、出售持作買賣之投資收益/虧損、酒店業務收入、經紀佣金、經紀服務之交易費用、扣除退貨後之化妝品銷售以及貸款融資利息收入之合計金額,分析如下:

2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,325,875	1,939,378
151,616	617,086
(2,415)	29,074
49,125	25,356
18,196	16,389
-	5
1,542,397	2,627,288

Interest income from loan financing

OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-makers that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group has six reportable segments - (i) property development and trading; (ii) property leasing for retail; (iii) property leasing for non-retail; (iv) listed available-for-sale equity investments; (v) listed investments held-for-trading and treasury products; and (vi) unlisted investments, investment holding and brokerage. The segmentations are based on the information about the operation of the Group that management of the Group uses to make decisions.

Principal activities are as follows:

Property development Property development and sales of and trading trading properties Property leasing - Retail Property leasing from retail properties Property leasing from non-retail Non-retail properties Listed available-for-sale Listed equity securities in availableequity investments for-sale investments Listed investments Listed securities investments in held-for-trading and investments held-for-trading, treasury products over-the-counter trading and structured products Unlisted investments, Unlisted securities investments. investment holding trading and brokerage and brokerage

The Group evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operations after tax expense and non-controlling interests but not including the major non-cash items. The major non-cash items are unrealised fair value changes on investment properties and other properties together with their, if applicable, respective deferred tax. No intersegment revenue is accounted for as the intersegment revenue is mainly the rental income for administrative purpose.

營運分類 8

本集團根據主要營運決策者用於作出策略決定 時審閱之報告以釐定營運分類。

本集團擁有六項可呈報分類-(i)物業發展及 買賣、(ii)零售物業租賃、(iii)非零售物業租賃、 (iv)待售之上市股本投資、(v)持作買賣之上市 投資及財資產品及(vi)非上市投資、投資控股 及經紀服務。上述分類方式乃基於本集團管理 層用以作出決策之本集團營運資料。

主要業務活動如下:

物業發展及買賣	_	物業發展及買賣
		物業銷售
物業租賃		
-零售	-	來自零售物業租賃
一非零售	_	來自非零售物業
		租賃
待售之上市	_	於待售投資之上市
股本投資		股本證券投資
持作買賣之	_	於持作買賣之上市
上市投資及		證券投資、場外交
財資產品		易及結構性產品
非上市投資、	_	非上市證券投資、
投資控股及		買賣及經紀服務
經紀服務		

本集團以扣除税項開支及非控股權益後來自 經營之損益(惟不包括主要非現金項目)為基 準評估表現。主要非現金項目為投資物業及其 他物業之未變現公平值變動連同其相關之遞 延税項(如適用)。由於分類間之收入主要為 就行政目的之租金收入,因此並無將分類間之 收入入賬。

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

Unallocated corporate assets mainly comprised leasehold land and building for own use, deposit paid in respect of a property, advance to a non-controlling shareholder, deferred tax assets, tax recoverable and deferred consideration in respect of disposals of subsidiaries.

Unallocated corporate liabilities mainly comprised dividend payable, deposit received in respect of disposal of a subsidiary, tax liabilities, bank loans (excluding a bank loan originated in the United Kingdom), amounts due to associates, amounts due to investee companies, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders and deferred tax liabilities.

The Group's measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss remain unchanged from 2014.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that operate different activities. They are managed separately because each business unit has different markets and requires different marketing strategies.

Further, the business units are also managed to operate in different countries separately. Revenue and result are attributed to countries on the basis of the property or asset location.

There was a major customer (2014: nil) who individually accounted for over 10% of the Group's revenue. Revenue of approximately HK\$182,977,000 was derived from non-retail property leasing segment from a single customer outside Hong Kong.

8. 營運分類(續)

未分攤之公司資產主要包括自用之租賃土地 及樓宇、有關物業已付之按金、墊付非控股股 東款項、遞延税項資產、可收回税款及有關出 售附屬公司之遞延代價。

未分攤之公司負債主要包括應付股息、有關出售附屬公司已收之按金、税項負債、銀行貸款 (不包括源自英國之銀行貸款)、欠負聯營公司款項、欠負接受投資公司款項、欠負非控股股東款項及遞延税項負債。

本集團用作釐定已呈報分類溢利或虧損之計 量方式與二零一四年維持不變。

本集團可呈報分類為營運不同活動之策略業 務單元。由於各業務單元擁有不同市場,且要 求不同市場策略,故彼等受個別管理。

此外,業務單元亦於不同國家受個別營運管理。各國應佔收入及業績乃按物業或資產所在 地為基準。

一位主要客戶(二零一四年:無)其個別收入 佔多於本集團收入之10%。一位來自非零售物 業租賃分類之香港以外之單一客戶所產生之 收入約為182,977,000港元。

8. 營運分類(續)

Operating segment information is presented below:

營運分類資料呈列如下:

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31st December, 2015

綜合全面收益報表

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property	Property 物業		Listed available-for-	Listed investments held-for- trading and	Unlisted investments, investment	all others	
		development – and trading	Retail	Non-retail	sale equity investments	treasury products 持作買賣之	holding and brokerage 非上市投資、	All other segments	Consolidated
		物業發展及 買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	零售 HK\$'000 千港元	非零售 HK\$′000 千港元	待售之上市 股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	上市投資及 財資產品 HK\$'000 千港元	投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Major cash items excluding in revenue - Hong Kong - Other countries	收入以外之 主要現金項目 一香港 一其他國家	-		-	-	861,625 4,431,956	-	-	861,625 4,431,956
- Other countries	一共他图象			-	-	4,431,930		-	4,431,930
			-	-	-	5,293,581	-	-	5,293,581
Revenue Revenue from external customers - Hong Kong - Mainland China - United Kingdom	收入 來自外部客戶之收入 一香港 一中國 一英國	50,809 100,807 -	586,748 59,426 5,167	447,030 44,527 182,977	- - -	(2,415) - -	8,116 - -	10,080 49,125 -	1,100,368 253,885 188,144
		151,616	651,341	674,534	-	(2,415)	8,116	59,205	1,542,397
Revenue from external customers after non-controlling interests Attributable property sales from associates	來自扣除非控股權益後 之外部客戶收入 應佔聯營公司 物業銷售	138,914	650,156	674,098	-	(2,415)	8,116	59,205	1,528,074
 Hong Kong Mainland China Attributable rental revenue from associates/investee company 	一香港 一中國大陸 應佔聯營公司/接受 投資公司租金收入	6,566 102,705	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,566 102,705
– Hong Kong – Mainland China	一香港 一中國大陸	-	19,865 70,970	38,068 67,070	-	-	-	-	57,933 138,040
		248,185	740,991	779,236	-	(2,415)	8,116	59,205	1,833,318
Result Segment result Hong Kong Mainland China United Kingdom Other countries	業績 分類素養 分類素養 一中英 一中英 一中英 一世 一世 一世 一世 一世 一世 一世 一世 一世 一世	32,795 32,191 - -	547,237 51,620 5,033 -	429,450 20,656 178,232	:	369,579 - - - 498,789	255,685 21,842 53 (3,899)	21,159 (15,219) - -	1,655,905 111,090 183,318 494,890
		64,986	603,890	628,338	-	868,368	273,681	5,940	2,445,203

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Cont'd)

綜合全面收益報表(續)

For the year ended 31st December, 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property	Property 物業		Listed available-for-	Listed investments held-for- trading and	Unlisted investments, investment		
		development – and trading	Retail	Non-retail	sale equity investments	treasury products	holding and brokerage	All other segments	Consolidated
		物業發展及 買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	零售 HK\$'000 千港元	非零售 HK\$'000 千港元	待售之上市 股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	持作買賣之 上市投資及 財資產品 HK\$'000 千港元	非上市投資、 投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$′000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of results of associates - Attributable property sales, net - Hong Kong - Mainland China - Attributable gross income	攤佔聯營公司業績 一應佔物業銷售淨額 一香港 一中國大陸 一應佔收入總額	4,135 5,106	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,135 5,106
Hong KongMainland ChinaAttributable operating cost	一香港 一中國大陸 一應佔營運成本	-	18,768 70,970	36,862 67,070	-	-	-	2,181 -	57,811 138,040
Hong KongMainland ChinaNon-controlling interests	一香港 一中國大陸 非控股權益	- - (8,199)	(1,145) (30,155) (1,065)	(6,032) (12,203) (392)	-	-	-	-	(7,177) (42,358) (9,656)
v		66,028	661,263	713,643	-	868,368	273,681	8,121	2,591,104
Other income and expenses, net Gain on disposal of investment property		7,318 -	-	17,679	-	-	-	-	7,318 17,679
Finance costs Other gains and losses, net Share of results of associates	財務費用 其他收益及虧損淨額 攤佔聯營公司業績	(58)	(2,768) (8)	(98,012)	-	(8,023) -	-	-	(108,803) (66)
– income tax and others Non-controlling interests	一所得税及其他 非控股權益	(13,315) (2)	(34,143)	(54,058) -			-	(370)	(101,886) (2)
		59,971	624,344	579,252	-	860,345	273,681	7,751	2,405,344
Unallocated items Unallocated corporate expenses, net	未分攤項目 未分攤之公司開支 淨額								(237,082)
Unallocated finance costs Gain on disposals of subsidiaries, net	收益淨額								(208,062) 941,010
Share of results of associates — gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net of tax Income tax expense Unallocated non-controlling interests	攤佔聯營公司業績 一出售附屬公司之 收益(除稅後) 所得稅開支 未分攤之非控股權益								514,060 (335,676) 17,135
Operating profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之經營溢利								3,096,729
Realised fair value changes together with their respective deferred tax on disposals of investment properties (including share of results of associates) Recognised in current year	出售投資物業之 已變現公平值變動 連同其相關之遞延 税項(包括攤佔聯營 公司業績) 一於本年度確認								(154,602)
Major non-cash items – Unrealised fair value changes on investment properties (including share of results of associates)	主要非現金項目 一未變現之投資物業 之公平值變動 (包括攤佔聯營								
– Deferred tax credit	公司業績) -遞延税項撥回								4,771,189 13,892
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之溢利								7,727,208

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31st December, 2015

綜合全面收益報表(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

HK\$'000

千港元

Core profit (excluding major non-cash items)

核心溢利(不包括主要非現金項目)

Operating profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company

Major accumulated realised fair value changes together with their respective deferred tax on disposals of investment properties in current year (including share of results of associates and after non-controlling interest)

- Recognised in current year

- Recognised in prior years

本公司擁有人應佔本年度之經營溢利

於本年度出售投資物業之 主要累積已變現公平值變動 連同其相關之遞延税項 (包括攤佔聯營公司業績及

扣除非控股權益後)

一於本年度確認

(154,602)

3,096,729

一於過往年度確認

13,843,651

Core profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔本年度之核心溢利

16.785.778

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況報表

At 31st December, 2015

於二零一五年十二月三十一日

		Property	Property 物業		Listed available-for-	Listed investments held-for- trading and	Unlisted investments, investment	All office	
		development and trading	Retail	Non-retail	sale equity investments	treasury products 持作買賣之	holding and brokerage 非上市投資、	All other segments	Consolidated
		物業發展及 買賣 HK\$′000 千港元	零售 HK\$'000 千港元	非零售 HK\$′000 千港元	待售之上市 股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	上市投資及 財資產品 HK\$'000 千港元	投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產								
Segment assets – Hong Kong – Mainland China – United Kingdom	分類資產 一香港 一中國大陸 一英國	5,006,542 - -	10,607,954 975,946 116,573	8,230,890 828,809 4,319,308	-	8,624,769 - -	333,733 - -	41,915 6,654 –	32,845,803 1,811,409 4,435,881
Other countries Interests in associates	一其他國家 聯營公司權益	-	11	-	-	3,088,898	725,873	-	3,814,782
Hong Kong Mainland China Advances to associates	一香港 一中國大陸 整付聯營公司款項	142,755 -	357,486 131,621	1,365,871 1,765,992	-	-	1,722	5,029 -	1,872,863 1,897,613
- Hong Kong - Mainland China	一香港 一中國大陸	7,208 -	- 30,575	181 16,390	-	-	2 -	1,126 -	8,517 46,965
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分類資產	5,156,505	12,220,166	16,527,441	-	11,713,667	1,061,330	54,724	46,733,833
Assets classified as held for sale Unallocated corporate assets	列為持作出售之資產 未分攤之公司資產								9,239,271 7,082,113
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額								63,055,217
Liabilities Segment liabilities — Hong Kong — Mainland China — United Kingdom — Other countries	負債 分類負債 一本國人 一本國國 一英國國 一其他國家	1,533,734 - - -	140,762 19,086 73,862	153,900 12,667 2,748,353 -	:	210 - - 5,389,995	14,006 - - - 6	6,273 19 - -	1,848,885 31,772 2,822,215 5,390,002
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分類負債	1,533,734	233,711	2,914,920	-	5,390,205	14,012	6,292	10,092,874
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale Unallocated corporate liabilities	與列為持作出售之 資產直接相關之負債 未分攤之公司負債								1,857,996 10,778,985
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額								22,729,855
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產添置 (金融工具及 遞延税項資產除外)	219,801	16,451	933,700	-	-	-	38,927	

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

Other Material Items

For the year ended 31st December, 2015

8. 營運分類(續)

其他重大項目

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Reportable segments total	Adjustments for unallocated	Adjustments for realised fair value changes and related deferred tax 已變現 公平值變動 及其相關之	Adjustments for major non-cash items	Consolidated statement of comprehensive income total
		可呈報	未分攤	遞延税項	主要非現金	綜合全面收益
		分類總額	之調整	之調整	項目之調整	報表總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Interest income	利息收入	766,523	-	-	-	766,523
Finance costs	財務費用	(108,803)	(208,062)	-	-	(316,865)
Net income (expenses)	收入(開支)淨額	657,720	(208,062)	-	-	449,658
Depreciation Fair value changes on	折舊 投資物業之	-	(55,832)	-	-	(55,832)
investment properties	公平值變動	-	-	(4,860)	4,694,084	4,689,224
Share of results of associates	攤佔聯營公司業績	53,671	514,060	4,869	77,105	649,705
Income tax (expense) credit	所得税(開支)撥回	-	(335,676)	(154,611)	13,892	(476,395)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(9,658)	17,135	-	-	7,477

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31st December, 2014

綜合全面收益報表

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development	Property 物業和		Listed available-for- sale equity	Listed investments held-for- trading and treasury	Unlisted investments, investment holding and	All other	
		and trading	Retail	Non-retail	investments	products 持作買賣之	brokerage 非上市投資、	segments	Consolidated
		物業發展及 買賣 HK\$*000 千港元	零售 HK\$'000 千港元	非零售 HK\$'000 千港元	待售之上市 股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	上市投資及 財資產品 HK\$'000 千港元	投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Major cash items excluding in revenue - Hong Kong - Other countries	收入以外之 主要現金項目 一香港 一其他國家	- -	- -	- -	- -	466,881 11,135,671	- -	- -	466,881 11,135,671
		-	-	-	-	11,602,552	-	-	11,602,552
Revenue Revenue from external customers - Hong Kong - Mainland China - United Kingdom	收入 來自外部客戶之收入 一香港 一中國大陸 一英國	206,590 410,496 –	1,212,742 61,159 5,576	418,318 44,095 197,488	- - -	29,074 - -	5,772 - -	10,622 25,356 –	1,883,118 541,106 203,064
		617,086	1,279,477	659,901	-	29,074	5,772	35,978	2,627,288
Revenue from external customers after non-controlling interests Attributable property sales from associates/investee company	來自扣除非控股權益後 之外部客戶收入 應佔聯營公司/接受 投資公司物業銷售	565,439	1,278,268	659,492	-	29,074	5,772	35,978	2,574,023
Hong Kong Attributable rental revenue from associates/investee company	一香港 應佔聯營公司/接受 投資公司租金收入	1,491,160	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,491,160
– Hong Kong – Mainland China	一香港 一中國大陸	-	18,960 76,279	34,652 91,332	- -	- -	- -	- -	53,612 167,611
		2,056,599	1,373,507	785,476	-	29,074	5,772	35,978	4,286,406
Result Segment result - Hong Kong - Mainland China - United Kingdom - Other countries	業績 分類業績 一本港國大陸 一英其 一英其	486,893 236,745 - -	1,162,125 54,692 5,446 –	393,900 38,324 192,878 –	- - - -	111,291 - - 114,218	41,559 33,169 - 29	18,119 (11,513) – –	2,213,887 351,417 198,324 114,247
		723,638	1,222,263	625,102	-	225,509	74,757	6,606	2,877,875

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31st December, 2014

綜合全面收益報表(續)

Listed

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property	Property l 物業和		Listed available-for-	investments held-for- trading and	Unlisted investments, investment		
		development and trading	Retail	Non-retail	sale equity investments	treasury products 持作買賣之	holding and brokerage 非上市投資、	All other segments	Consolidated
		物業發展及 買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	零售 HK\$ [†] 000 千港元	非零售 HK\$'000 千港元	待售之上市 股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	上市投資及 財資產品 HK\$'000 千港元	投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of results of associates – Attributable property sales, net	攤佔聯營公司業績 一應佔物業銷售淨額								
Hong KongAttributable gross income	一香港 一應佔收入總額	15,645	_	_	-	-	-	_	15,645
- Hong Kong	-香港 -中國大陸	-	17,905	33,561	-	-	-	1,732	53,198
– Mainland China– Attributable operating cost	一年國人座 一應佔營運成本	-	76,279	91,332	_	-	_	_	167,611
– Hong Kong – Mainland China	一香港 一中國大陸	-	(1,464) (31,885)	(5,680) (14,917)	-	-	-	-	(7,144) (46,802)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(24,261)	(1,096)	(371)	_	_	-	_	(25,728)
		715,022	1,282,002	729,027	-	225,509	74,757	8,338	3,034,655
Other income and expenses, net Costs of development recognised	其他收入及開支淨額 就澳門物業項目之	(61,044)	242	-	-	-	1,410	(60,714)	(120,106)
in respect of property project in Macau Loss on disposals of investment properties Finance (costs) income Other gains and losses, net Share of results of associates – income tax and others Non-controlling interests	確認發展成本 出售投資物業	(6,503)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,503)
	之虧損 財務(費用)收入	-	(6,750) (3,071)	(108,762)	_	10,673	-	-	(6,750) (101,160)
	其他收益及虧損淨額	(65)	(5,146)	(100,702)	_	-	-	_	(5,211)
	攤佔聯營公司業績 一所得税及其他 非控股權益	(15,911) (16)	(35,862) (5)	(38,731)	- -	-	- -	(107)	(90,611) (21)
		631,483	1,231,410	581,534	-	236,182	76,167	(52,483)	2,704,293
Unallocated items Unallocated corporate expenses, net	未分攤項目 未分攤之公司開支 淨額								(217,577)
Unallocated finance costs Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Income tax expense Unallocated non-controlling interests	未分攤之財務費用 出售附屬公司之收益 所得税開支 未分攤之非控股權益								(217,577) (293,858) 2,917,579 (260,390) 17,777
Operating profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之經營溢利								4,867,824
Realised fair value changes on disposal of investment properties – Recognised in current year	出售投資物業之 已變現公平值變動 一於本年度確認								(286)
Major non-cash items – Unrealised fair value changes on investment properties (including share of results of associates)	主要非現金項目 -未變現之投資物業 之公平值變動 (包括難估聯營								
– Deferred tax credit	公司業績) -遞延税項撥回								3,872,858 4,531
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之溢利								8,744,927

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31st December, 2014

綜合全面收益報表(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

HK\$'000

千港元

Core profit (excluding major non-cash items)

Operating profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company

Major accumulated realised fair value changes on disposals of investment properties in current year (after non-controlling interest)

- Recognised in current year

- Recognised in prior years

核心溢利(不包括主要非現金項目)

本公司擁有人應佔本年度之經營溢利

4,867,824

於本年度出售投資物業之 主要累積已變現公平值變動 (扣除非控股權益後)

一於本年度確認 一於過往年度確認

(286)54,968

4,922,506

Core profit for the year attributable to owners of 本公司擁有人應佔本年度之核心溢利 the Company

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st December, 2014

綜合財務狀況報表

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Property	Property 物業 ²		Listed available-for-	Listed investments held-for- trading and	Unlisted investments, investment holding and	All other	
		development - and trading	Retail	Non-retail	sale equity investments	treasury products 持作買賣之	brokerage 非上市投資、	segments	Consolidated
		物業發展及 買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	零售 HK\$'000 千港元	非零售 HK\$'000 千港元	待售之上市 股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	上市投資及 財資產品 HK\$'000 千港元	投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$*000 千港元
Assets Segment assets - Hong Kong - Mainland China - United Kingdom	資產 資 產 資香港 一中英國 一英國	4,021,211 5,733,566 –	19,755,263 1,283,423 162,219	11,449,659 1,077,995 4,903,280	- - -	501,944	807,812 374,931	51,681 1,788,424 –	36,587,570 10,258,339 5,065,499
Other countries Interests in associates Hong Kong Mainland China Advances to associates	一其他國家 聯營公司權益 一中國大陸 墊付聯營公司款項	34,330 143,105	524,413 95,344	1,184,676 471,316	- - -	4,895,072 - -	77,653 1,481 –	30,102 -	4,972,725 1,775,002 709,765
- Hong Kong - Mainland China	一香港 一中國大陸	7,068 997,681	210 59,893	127 688,166	- -	- -	2 –	1,494 -	8,901 1,745,740
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分類資產:	10,936,961	21,880,765	19,775,219	_	5,397,016	1,261,879	1,871,701	61,123,541
Assets classified as held for sale Unallocated corporate assets	列為持作出售之資產 未分攤之公司資產								9,442,062 859,328
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額								71,424,931
Liabilities Segment liabilities - Hong Kong - Mainland China - United Kingdom - Other countries	負債	1,384,030 459,798 - -	290,701 42,676 81,934	168,780 17,844 2,915,086	- - - -	3 - - 1,713,785	48,194 - - 3	85,054 20,374 – –	1,976,762 540,692 2,997,020 1,713,788
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分類負債	1,843,828	415,311	3,101,710	-	1,713,788	48,197	105,428	7,228,262
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale Unallocated corporate liabilities	與列為持作出售之 資產直接相關之負債 未分攤之公司負債								1,759,937 20,784,139
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額								29,772,338
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產添置 (金融工具及 遞延税項資產除外)	968,203	30,619	74,909	-	-	-	189,906	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Other Material Items

For the year ended 31st December, 2014

其他重大項目

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

				Adjustments	Adjustments	Consolidated
		Reportable	Adjustments	for realised	for major	statement of
		segments	for	fair value	non-cash	comprehensive
		total	unallocated	changes	items	income total
				已變現		
		可呈報	未分攤	公平值變動	主要非現金	綜合全面收益
		分類總額	之調整	之調整	項目之調整	報表總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Interest income	利息收入	739,010	-	-	_	739,010
Finance costs	財務費用	(101,160)	(293,858)	_	-	(395,018)
Net income (expenses)	收入(開支)淨額	637,850	(293,858)	-	-	343,992
Depreciation	折舊	-	(23,381)	_	_	(23,381)
Fair value changes on	投資物業之		, , ,			
investment properties	公平值變動	_	_	(286)	3,777,424	3,777,138
Costs of development recognised	就澳門物業項目之					
in respect of property project in Macau	確認發展成本	(6,503)	_	_	_	(6,503)
Share of results of associates	攤佔聯營公司業績	91,897	_	-	95,434	187,331
Income tax (expense) credit	所得税(開支)撥回	-	(260,390)	-	4,531	(255,859)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(25,749)	17,777	-	-	(7,972)

9. OTHER INCOME

9. 其他收入

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Included in other income are:	其他收入包括:		
Building management fee income	樓宇管理費收入	159,989	207,230
Building management fee expenses	樓宇管理費開支	(141,678)	(192,105)
		18,311	15,125
Rental services income	租賃服務收入	26,137	17,636
Property management services,	物業管理服務、		
leasing administration services and	租務行政服務及		
property administration services income	物業行政服務收入	27,107	12,282
Asset management and maintenance	資產管理及保養服務收入		
services income		19,864	11,556
Advisory and consultancy services income	諮詢及顧問服務收入	2,330	312
Consultancy fee income	顧問費收入	237	9,227
Exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨額	8,908	_
Reversal of impairment in respect of	撥回其他應收款項之減值及		
other receivable and interest thereon	相關利息	7,318	_
Forfeiture of deposits received on sales of	沒收銷售物業存貨按金		
stock of properties		12	264

10. INVESTMENT INCOME, NET

10. 投資收入淨額

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss classified as held-for-trading: Unrealised gain arising on change in fair value Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss:	通過損益以反映公平值被分類為 持作買賣之金融資產: 公平值變動而產生之未變現收益 指定為通過損益以反映公平值之 金融資產:	24,159	44,009
Unrealised gain (loss) arising on change in fair value Realised loss arising on change in fair value - Change in fair value - Exchange component of change	公平值變動而產生之 未變現收益(虧損) 公平值變動而產生之已變現虧損 一公平值變動 一匯兑部分變動	309,369 (29,523) (4,139)	(446,541) (122,538) (16,551)
Net gain (loss) arising on change in fair value of financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	指定為通過損益以反映公平值之 金融資產因公平值變動而產生之 收益(虧損)淨額	275,707	(585,630)
Impairment loss for an available-for-sale investment	待售投資減值虧損	(3,899)	(12,983)
Other investment income, net	其他投資收入淨額	14,992	15,416
Dividend income on: Listed investments Unlisted investments	股息收入來自: 上市投資 非上市投資	34,242 32,400	38,208 420,893
Interest income	利息收入	762,415	738,243
		1,140,016	658,156

Included in interest income are interests from bonds of approximately HK\$521,683,000 (2014: interests from bonds and preference shares of HK\$684,432,000) and imputed interest income from deferred consideration of approximately HK\$209,265,000 (2014: nil).

利息收入之中包括債券利息約為521,683,000 港元(二零一四年:債券及優先股利息 684,432,000港元)及遞延代價所產生之名義 利息收入約為209,265,000港元(二零一四 年:無)。

11. OTHER EXPENSES

11. 其他開支

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Included in other expenses are:	其他開支包括:		
Interest on sales deposits repaid to promissory purchasers of property project in Macau Pre-operating expenses for hotel	退還予澳門物業項目預約買方 銷售按金之利息開支 酒店營運前期開支	- -	61,405 60,714

12. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

Pioneer Time Disposal on 15th January, 2016

During the year ended 31st December, 2015, Great System Investment Limited ("Great System"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Shengyu (BVI) Limited ("Shengyu"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Evergrande Real Estate Group Limited which is independent of and not connected with the Company, entered into an equity and debt transfer agreement, pursuant to which Great System agreed to sell and Shengyu agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Pioneer Time Investment Limited ("Pioneer Time"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Pioneer Time Disposal"). Pioneer Time held the property known as MassMutual Tower in Hong Kong.

The Pioneer Time Disposal was completed on 15th January, 2016 at a consideration of approximately HK\$12,448,280,000 (after adjustment). As at 31st December, 2015, a deposit of HK\$1,250,000,000 has been received by the Group and included in deposits and receipts in advance. As a result of the Pioneer Time Disposal, the assets and liabilities of Pioneer Time have been presented as assets classified as held for sale and liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale respectively in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2015 in accordance with HKFRS 5.

Details of the Pioneer Time Disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 12th November, 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 3rd December, 2015.

12. 列為持作出售之資產/與列為 持作出售之資產直接相關之負

(a) 於二零一六年一月十五日之Pioneer Time出售

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 內,開程投資有限公司(「開程」)(本公 司之一間間接全資擁有附屬公司)與盛 譽(BVI)有限公司(「盛譽」)(為恒大地 產集團有限公司之一間全資擁有附屬公 司(獨立於本公司且與其概無關連))訂 立一項股權及債權轉讓協議。據此,開程 同意出售及盛譽同意購買Pioneer Time Investment Limited ([Pioneer Time]) (本公司之一間間接全資擁有附屬公司) 之全部已發行股本(「Pioneer Time出 售」)。Pioneer Time持有位於香港名為 美國萬通大廈之物業。

Pioneer Time出售於二零一六年一月 十五日完成,代價約為12,448,280,000 港元(經調整後)。於二零一五年 十二月三十一日,本集團已收取按金 1,250,000,000港元並計入按金及預收 款項內。由於Pioneer Time出售, Pioneer Time之資產及負債按香港財務報告準則 第5號於二零一五年十二月三十一日之 綜合財務狀況報表分別呈列於列為持作 出售之資產及與列為持作出售之資產直 接相關之負債。

Pioneer Time出售之詳情已載列於本公司 日期為二零一五年十一月十二日之公布 及二零一五年十二月三日之通函內。

12. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

(Cont'd)

(b) Silvercord Disposal on 13th January, 2015

During the year ended 31st December, 2014, (a)(i) Super Series Limited ("Super Series"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; (ii) the Company, being the guarantor of Super Series; (iii) Fly High Target Limited ("Fly High Target"), a company wholly-owned by Mr. Joseph Lau, Luen-hung ("Mr. Joseph Lau"), a substantial shareholder and a controlling shareholder of the Company; and (iv) Mr. Joseph Lau, being the guarantor of Fly High Target, entered into sale and purchase agreements, namely "Silvercord First SP Agreement" and "Silvercord Second SP Agreement", pursuant to which Super Series agreed to sell and Fly High Target agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Brass Ring Limited ("Brass Ring") and Union Leader Limited ("Union Leader") respectively, both are indirect whollyowned subsidiaries of the Company; and (b)(i) Chinese Estates, Limited ("CEL"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; (ii) the Company, being the guarantor of CEL; (iii) Coast Field Ltd. ("Coast Field"), a company whollyowned by Mr. Joseph Lau; and (iv) Mr. Joseph Lau, being the guarantor of Coast Field, entered into a sale and purchase agreement, namely "Silvercord Third SP Agreement", pursuant to which CEL agreed to sell and Coast Field agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Chinese Estates and Finance, Limited (now known as Silvercord Finance Limited) ("CE Finance"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The disposal of Brass Ring, Union Leader, CE Finance and their respective subsidiaries (collectively "Silvercord Group") ("Silvercord Disposal") was completed on 13th January, 2015. As a result of the Silvercord Disposal, the consolidated assets and liabilities of the Silvercord Group have been presented as assets classified as held for sale and liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale respectively in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2014 in accordance with HKFRS 5.

Further details of the Silvercord Disposal are set out in Note 41(d).

12. 列為持作出售之資產/與列為 持作出售之資產直接相關之負 債(續)

(b) 於二零一五年一月十三日之銀高出售

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 內, (a)(i) Super Series Limited (「Super Series 」),本公司之一間間接全資擁有附 屬公司;(ii)本公司,作為Super Series擔 保人; (iii) Fly High Target Limited (「Fly High Target」),一間由劉鑾雄先生(「劉 鑾雄先生」)(本公司一位主要股東及 控股股東)全資擁有之公司;及(iv)劉鑾 雄先生,作為Fly High Target擔保人,訂 立買賣協議(名為「銀高第一買賣協議」 及「銀高第二買賣協議」)。據此·Super Series同意出售及Fly High Target同意購 買Brass Ring Limited (「Brass Ring」)及 Union Leader Limited ([Union Leader |) (彼等均為本公司間接全資擁有附屬公 司)之全部已發行股本;及(b)(i)華人置 業有限公司(「華置」),本公司之一間 直接全資擁有附屬公司; (ii)本公司, 作為華置擔保人; (iii) Coast Field Ltd. (「Coast Field」),一間由劉鑾雄先生全 資擁有之公司;及(iv)劉鑾雄先生,作為 Coast Field擔保人,訂立一項買賣協議 (名為「銀高第三買賣協議」)。據此,華 置同意出售及Coast Field同意購買中華財 務有限公司(現稱為銀高財務有限公司) (「中華財務」)(本公司一間間接全資擁 有附屬公司)之全部已發行股本。

出售Brass Ring、Union Leader、中華財務 及彼等各自之附屬公司(統稱「銀高集 團」)(「銀高出售」)於二零一五年一月 十三日完成。由於銀高出售,銀高集團之 綜合資產及負債按香港財務報告準則第 5號於二零一四年十二月三十一日之綜 合財務狀況報表分別呈列於列為持作出 售之資產及與列為持作出售之資產直接 相關之負債。

銀高出售之進一步詳情已載列於附註 41(d)。

12. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (Cont'd)

(c) Disposals of certain shops or units of an investment

property in Hong Kong ("Properties")

During the year ended 31st December, 2013, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Vendor") has entered into a series of preliminary sale and purchase agreements ("Preliminary Agreements") with independent third parties and three companies wholly-owned by a close family member of a then Director (who resigned from his office of Director on 14th March, 2014) and a controlling shareholder of the Company (collectively "Properties Purchasers"). Pursuant to the Preliminary Agreements, the Vendor would sell the Properties to the Properties Purchasers upon the terms and conditions contained therein. Sales of the remaining 5 shops of the Properties were completed during the year ended 31st December, 2014. Net fair value loss of approximately HK\$286,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31st December, 2014.

The fair value of investment properties was based on the valuation performed by independent valuers. Details of the valuers, valuation techniques and key inputs were set out in Note 21.

12. 列為持作出售之資產/與列為 持作出售之資產直接相關之負

出售位於香港一個投資物業之若干店舖 或單位(「物業」)

> 於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司之一間間接全資擁有附屬 公司(「賣方」)與獨立第三方及三間由 一位與當時之董事(彼於二零一四年三 月十四日辭任董事之職務)兼本公司控 股股東關係密切之家庭成員全資擁有之 公司(統稱「物業買方」)訂立一連串臨 時買賣協議(「臨時協議」)。根據臨時 協議,賣方將依據臨時協議列明之條款 及條件出售該物業予物業買方。出售餘 下物業之五個店舖已於截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度內完成。於截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之綜 合全面收益報表內確認公平值虧損淨額 約286,000港元。

投資物業之公平值乃採納獨立估值師之估值。 估值師、估值技術及主要數據之詳情載列於附 註21內。

12. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

(Cont'd)

At the end of the reporting period, the major classes of assets and liabilities classified as assets held for sale and liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale correspondingly are as follows:

12. 列為持作出售之資產/與列為 持作出售之資產直接相關之負

於報告期末,相應地分類為列為持作出售之資 產及與列為持作出售之資產直接相關之負債 之主要資產及負債類別如下:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets classified as held for sale	列為持作出售之資產		
Investment properties	投資物業	8,657,600	9,388,280
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	505,585	2
Debtors, deposits, other receivables and	應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及		
prepayments	預付款項	4,539	30,098
Tax recoverable	可收回税款	-	2
Pledged deposits	抵押存款	59,313	_
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	12,234	23,680
		9,239,271	9,442,062
Liabilities directly associated with assets	與列為持作出售之資產		
classified as held for sale	直接相關之負債		
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	2.910	4,661
	按金及預收款項	•	
Deposits and receipts in advance Tax liabilities	按並及與收款與 税項負債	46,265	187,950
		6,214	28,000
Borrowings	借貸	1,785,000	1,500,000
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	17,607	39,326
		1,857,996	1,759,937
Amounts recognised in other	有關持作出售之非流動資產		
comprehensive income and	於其他全面收益中確認及		
accumulated in equity relating to	累積於股本權益之款項		
non-current assets held for sale			
Properties revaluation reserve	物業重估儲備	127,054	-

13. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

13. 本年度溢利

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after (charging) crediting:	本年度溢利已(扣除)計入:		
Total staff costs:	僱員成本總額:		
Staff costs, including Directors' emoluments Retirement benefits scheme contributions,	僱員成本(包括董事酬金) 退休福利計劃供款,	(256,098)	(271,205)
net of forfeited contributions of approximately	扣除已沒收供款約794,000港元	4	(
HK\$794,000 (2014: HK\$1,173,000)	(二零一四年:1,173,000港元)	(9,782)	(8,892)
		(265,880)	(280,097)
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
– Current year	-本年度	(2,858)	(3,005)
– Underprovision in prior years	-過往年度撥備不足	(118)	(16)
Depreciation	折舊	(55,832)	(23,381)
Exchange loss, net	匯兑虧損淨額	-	(4,151)
Cost of trading properties recognised	買賣物業成本確認	(71,132)	(225,674)
Cost of cosmetic products recognised	化妝品成本確認	(3,479)	(3,669)
Cost of inventories for hotel recognised	酒店存貨成本確認	(5,389)	(3,499)
Share of tax of associates (included in share of results of associates)	攤佔聯營公司税項 (已計入攤佔聯營公司業績)	(82,440)	(23,989)
Gross proceeds on sale of investments held-for-trading Carrying amount on investments	出售持作買賣之投資之 所得款項總額 出售持作買賣之投資之	720,079	466,881
held-for-trading disposed Transaction costs on investments	賬面值 出售持作買賣之投資之	(721,451)	(436,882)
held-for-trading disposed	交易成本	(1,043)	(925)
Net (loss) gain on sales of investments held-for-trading included in revenue	計入收入內之持作買賣之投資之 (虧損)收益淨額	(2,415)	29,074
Gross rental income from investment properties Less: Direct operating expenses from	投資物業租金收入總額減:本年度產生租金收入之	1,325,875	1,939,378
investment properties that generated rental income during the year Direct operating expenses from	投資物業直接經營開支本年度並無產生租金收入之	(81,303)	(89,972)
investment properties that did not	投資物業直接經營開支		
generate rental income during the year		(12,344)	(2,041)
		1,232,228	1,847,365

14. FINANCE COSTS

14. 財務費用

HK\$'000			2015	2014
Interest on: Bank loans Other loans Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder Total interest Exchange gain on translation of foreign currency loans, net Other finance costs Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development Interest capitalised to investment properties under development Bank loans ### ### ### ### ### ### #### #### ##			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bank loans 銀行貸款 其他貸款 17,304 22,130 Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder 欠負一間非控股股東款項 16,920 16,880 Total interest 利息總額 358,244 522,616 Exchange gain on translation of 外幣貸款匯兑收益淨額 (9,281) (32,803) Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 按充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)			千港元	千港元
Bank loans 銀行貸款 其他貸款 17,304 22,130 Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder 欠負一間非控股股東款項 16,920 16,880 Total interest 利息總額 358,244 522,616 Exchange gain on translation of 外幣貸款匯兑收益淨額 (9,281) (32,803) Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 按充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)				
Other loans其他貸款17,30422,130Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder欠負一間非控股股東款項16,92016,880Total interest利息總額358,244522,616Exchange gain on translation of foreign currency loans, net(9,281)(32,803)Other finance costs其他財務費用36,15747,492Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development演本化之利息(284)(1,251)Interest capitalised to investment properties under development資本化之利息(67,971)(141,036)	Interest on:	利息:		
Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder 欠負一間非控股股東款項 16,920 16,880 Total interest 利息總額 358,244 522,616 Exchange gain on translation of 外幣貸款匯兑收益淨額 (9,281) (32,803) Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 寮充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)	Bank loans	銀行貸款	324,020	483,606
Total interest 利息總額 Exchange gain on translation of 分幣貸款匯兑收益淨額 foreign currency loans, net Other finance costs 其他財務費用 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) [141,036]	Other loans	其他貸款	17,304	22,130
Exchange gain on translation of foreign currency loans, net Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)	Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder	欠負一間非控股股東款項	16,920	16,880
Exchange gain on translation of foreign currency loans, net Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)				
Exchange gain on translation of foreign currency loans, net (9,281) (32,803) Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)	Total interest	利息總額	358,244	522,616
foreign currency loans, net Other finance costs 其他財務費用 36,157 47,492 Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)	Exchange gain on translation of	外幣貸款匯兑收益淨額		
Other finance costs其他財務費用36,15747,492385,120537,305Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties under development			(9,281)	(32,803)
Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties 减: 撥充發展中物業存貨 under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 擦充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)		其他財務費用		-
Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties 減: 撥充發展中物業存貨 under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment				
Less: Interest capitalised to stock of properties 減: 撥充發展中物業存貨 under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 撥充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)			707 100	577705
under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 擦充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)			385,120	537,305
under development 資本化之利息 (284) (1,251) Interest capitalised to investment 擦充發展中投資物業 properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)	Local Interest capitalised to stock of proportion	话· 熔		
Interest capitalised to investment	·		(204)	(1.251)
properties under development 資本化之利息 (67,971) (141,036)	·		(284)	(1,251)
			((111070)
316,865 395,018	properties under development	貨本化之利息	(67,971)	(141,036)
316,865 395,018				
			316,865	395,018

15. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET 15. 其他收益及虧損淨額

		2015 HK \$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Included in other gains and losses, net are:	其他收益及虧損淨額包括:		
Gain on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益		
– Chengdu Project (note (i))	一成都項目(附註(i))	707,492	_
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益		
– One Group (note (ii))	−One集團 (附註(ii))	212,332	_
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益		
- Chongqing Project (note (iii))	-重慶項目(附註(iii))	118,421	_
Loss on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損		
Silvercord Group (note (iv))	-銀高集團(附註(iv))	(97,235)	_
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益		
– Moon Ocean Group (note (v))	−Moon Ocean集團 (附註(v))	-	2,917,579
Underprovision for rental guarantee (note (vi))	租金擔保撥備不足(附註(vi))	(8)	(5,146)

15. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) Gain on disposals of subsidiaries arose from the disposals of the Group's entire issued share capital of Lucky Benefit Limited ("Lucky Benefit") and Rising Sheen Limited ("Rising Sheen"), both are indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, and their respective subsidiaries (collectively "Chengdu Project") ("Chengdu Project Disposal") on 30th July, 2015. Chengdu Project held property projects located at Chengdu, the PRC, known as Splendid City, The Metropolis and Chinese Estates Plaza, together with an investment in the PRC Partnership (defined thereafter in Note 27 - note (iii)). Details of the Chengdu Project Disposal are set out in Note 41(b).
- Gain on disposal of subsidiaries arose from the disposal of the Group's entire issued share capital of Asian East Limited ("Asian East"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively "One Group") ("One Disposal") on 15th July, 2015. One Group held the property known as The ONE in Hong Kong. Details of the One Disposal are set out in Note 41(c).
- Gain on disposal of a subsidiary arose from the disposal of the Group's entire issued share capital of Million Castle Investments Limited ("Million Castle"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Chongqing Project") ("Chongqing Project Disposal") on 27th October, 2015. Million Castle indirectly held 25% interests in a property project located at Chongqing, the PRC, known as The Coronation. Details of the Chongqing Project Disposal are set out in Note 41(a).
- The amount represented a loss on the Silvercord Disposal on 13th January, 2015. Silvercord Group held the property known as Silvercord in Hong Kong. Details of the Silvercord Disposal are set out in Note 41(d).
- Gain on disposal of subsidiaries arose from the disposal of the Group's entire issued share capital of Value Eight Limited ("Value Eight"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively "Moon Ocean Group") ("Moon Ocean Disposal") on 31st October, 2014. Moon Ocean Group held certain plots of land in Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC ("Macau"). Details of the Moon Ocean Disposal are set out in Note 41(e).
- The amount represented underprovision in rental guarantee provided to the Properties Purchasers in prior years.

15. 其他收益及虧損淨額(續)

附註:

- 出售附屬公司之收益乃來自於二零一五 (i) 年七月三十日出售本集團於Lucky Benefit Limited (「Lucky Benefit」)及升亮有限公司 (「升亮」)(彼等均為本公司之間接全資擁 有附屬公司)之全部已發行股本及彼等各自 之附屬公司(統稱「成都項目」)(「成都項 目出售」)。成都項目持有位於中國成都之 物業項目,名為華置•西錦城、華置•都匯 華庭及華置廣場以及於中國合夥企業的投 資(定義見下文附註27-附註(iii))。成都項 目出售之詳情載列於附註41(b)。
- 出售附屬公司之收益乃來自於二零一五年 七月十五日出售本集團於Asian East Limited (「Asian East」)(本公司之一間間接全資擁 有附屬公司)之全部已發行股本及其附屬公 司(統稱「One集團」)(「One出售」)。One 集團持有位於香港名為The ONE之物業。 One出售之詳情載列於附註41(c)。
- (iii) 出售一間附屬公司之收益乃來自於二 零一五年十月二十七日出售本集團於 Million Castle Investments Limited (Million Castle」)(本公司之一間間接全資擁有附 屬公司)之全部已發行股本(「重慶項目」) (「重慶項目出售」)。Million Castle間接持有 一項位於中國重慶名為御龍天峰之物業項 目之25%權益。重慶項目出售之詳情載列於 附註41(a)。
- 款項乃指於二零一五年一月十三日銀高出 售之虧損。銀高集團持有位於香港名為新 港中心之物業。銀高出售之詳情載列於附 註41(d)。
- 出售附屬公司之收益乃來自於二零一四 年十月三十一日出售本集團於Value Eight Limited(「Value Eight」)(本公司之一間間 接全資擁有附屬公司)之全部已發行股本 及其附屬公司(統稱「Moon Ocean集團」) (「Moon Ocean出售」)。Moon Ocean集團 持有位於中國澳門特別行政區(「澳門」)之 若干塊土地。Moon Ocean 出售之詳情載列 於附註41(e)。
- (vi) 款項乃指於過往年度為物業買家所提供租 金擔保之撥備不足。

16. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

16. 董事酬金

Fees and other emoluments paid or payable to each of the nine (2014: nine) Directors were as follows:

已付或應付予九名董事(二零一四年:九名)各 自之袍金及其他酬金如下:

		_	2	015		2014			
				Retirement				Retirement	
			Salaries	benefit			Salaries	benefit	
			and other	scheme			and other	scheme	
		Fee	emoluments	contributions	Total	Fee	emoluments	contributions	Total
			薪金及	退休福利			薪金及	退休福利	
		袍金	其他酬金	計劃供款	總額	袍金	其他酬金	計劃供款	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Mr. Joseph Lau, Luen-hung	劉鑾雄先生								
(note (i))	(附註(i))	-	-	-	-	-	3,677	4	3,681
Mr. Lau, Ming-wai	劉鳴煒先生								
(note (ii))	(附註(ii))	50	14,152	15	14,217	75	12,350	14	12,439
Ms. Chan, Sze-wan	陳詩韻女士								
(note (iii))	(附註(iii))	-	817	67	884	-	694	57	751
Ms. Chan, Lok-wan	陳諾韻女士								
(note (iv))	(附註(iv))	-	139	11	150	-	-	-	-
Mr. Lam, Kwong-wai	林光蔚先生	-	2,190	189	2,379	-	2,087	180	2,267
Ms. Lui, Lai-kwan	呂麗君女士								
(note (v))	(附註(v))	-	193	6	199	-	600	17	617
Ms. Amy Lau, Yuk-wai	劉玉慧女士	240	-	-	240	240	-	-	240
Mr. Chan, Kwok-wai	陳國偉先生	300	-	-	300	300	-	-	300
Ms. Phillis Loh, Lai-ping	羅麗萍女士	300	-	-	300	300	-	-	300
Mr. Ma, Tsz-chun	馬時俊先生	300	-	-	300	300	-	-	300
		1,190	17,491	288	18,969	1,215	19,408	272	20,895

Notes:

- Mr. Joseph Lau, Luen-hung resigned as executive Director and (i) chief executive officer of the Company on 14th March, 2014.
- Mr. Lau, Ming-wai was (a) re-designated from non-executive Director to executive Director and appointed as acting chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 14th March, 2014; (b) re-designated from acting chief executive officer to chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 15th April, 2014; and (c) resigned as chief executive officer of the Company and re-designated from executive Director to nonexecutive Director with effect from 1st November, 2015.
- (iii) Ms. Chan, Sze-wan was appointed as chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 1st November, 2015.
- (iv) Ms. Chan, Lok-wan was appointed as executive Director with effect from 27th July, 2015.
- Ms. Lui, Lai-kwan resigned as executive Director with effect from 27th April, 2015.

附註:

- 劉鑾雄先生於二零一四年三月十四日辭任 本公司之執行董事及行政總裁之職務。
- (ii) 劉鳴煒先生(a)自二零一四年三月十四日起 由本公司之非執行董事調任為執行董事並 獲委任為署理行政總裁; (b)自二零一四年 四月十五日起由本公司之署理行政總裁調 任為行政總裁;及(c)自二零一五年十一月 一日起辭任本公司之行政總裁職務並由執 行董事調任為非執行董事。
- (iii) 陳詩韻女士自二零一五年十一月一日起獲 委任為本公司之行政總裁。
- (iv) 陳諾韻女士自二零一五年七月二十七日起 獲委任為本公司之執行董事。
- 呂麗君女士自二零一五年四月二十七日起 辭任本公司之執行董事之職務。

16. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd)

No Directors waived any emoluments for the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014.

Details of material interests of the Directors in transactions, arrangements or contracts entered into by subsidiaries of the Company are disclosed in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

17. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2014: two) was a Director(s), details of his/their emoluments were included in Note 16. The emoluments of the remaining four (2014: three) individuals were as follows:

Salaries and other benefits 薪金及其他福利 Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款

The emoluments of the four (2014: three) individuals were within the following bands:

HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000 2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元 HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000 2,500,001港元-3,000,000港元 HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000 3,000,001港元-3,500,000港元 HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000 4,000,001港元-4,500,000港元

4,500,001港元-5,000,000港元

During the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, or Directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000

16. 董事酬金(續)

董事概無於截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二 月三十一日止年度內放棄收取任何酬金。

與本公司之附屬公司訂立交易、安排或合同之 董事的重大利益之詳情載於本年報之董事會 報告書內。

17. 僱員酬金

(a) 五名最高薪酬人士

本集團五名最高酬金人士中,一名(二零 一四年:兩名)為董事,彼之酬金詳情已 於附註16披露。其餘四名(二零一四年: 三名) 個別人士之酬金如下:

2014
HK\$'000
千港元
11,318
421
11,739

該四名(二零一四年:三名)個別人士之 酬金幅度如下:

Number of employees

僱員人數

2015	2014
1	_
1	1
2	_
-	1
_	1

於截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度內,本集團概無為吸引 加入本集團或於加入本集團時或作為離 職補償而向該五名最高薪酬人士或董事 支付任何酬金。

17. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd)

17. 僱員酬金(續)

(b) Emoluments of senior management

Other than the one (2014: two) senior management whose emolument(s) has/have been disclosed in the five highest paid individuals (Note 17(a)), the emoluments of the remaining senior management whose profiles are included in the "Profiles of Senior Executives" section of this annual report, were within the following bands:

(b) 高級管理層之酬金

除載列於五名最高薪酬人士(附註 17(a))之一名(二零一四年:兩名)高級 管理層之酬金外·載於本年報「高級行政 人員簡介」內的剩餘高級管理層之酬金 幅度如下:

Number of employees

僱員人數

2015	2014
1	2
1	_

HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000 1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元 HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000 2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元

18. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

18. 所得税開支

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
The charge comprises:	支出包括:		
6.141,60 66.11.51.51			
Current tax:	當期税項:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	112,077	152,687
Other than Hong Kong	香港以外地區	218,050	65,490
Other than Florig Rollig		210,030	03,430
		330,127	218,177
(Overprovision) underprovision in prior years:	過往年度(超額撥備)撥備不足:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	399	270
Other than Hong Kong	香港以外地區	(16,482)	14,293
		(16,083)	14,563
		(10,003)	17,505
Deferred tax:	遞延税項:		
Current year charge	本年度支出	162,351	23,126
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	-	(7)
Overprovision in prior years	旭仁十反匹银版佣		(7)
		162,351	23,119
		476,395	255,859
			·

18. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. PRC Enterprise Income Tax for PRC subsidiaries are calculated at PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25% (2014: 25%). Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

During the year ended 31st December, 2015, included in the deferred tax charge for the year was an amount of approximately HK\$99,000 in respect of the Silvercord Group where the relevant deferred tax liabilities have been presented as liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale.

The income tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

18. 所得税開支(續)

香港利得税乃根據本年度之估計應課税溢利 按税率16.5% (二零一四年:16.5%)計算。中 國附屬公司之中國企業所得税乃按中國企業 所得税率25% (二零一四年:25%)計算。其他 司法權區產生之税項乃按有關司法權區之現 行税率計算。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內之遞 延税項支出包括有關銀高集團之金額約99,000 港元,其相關之遞延税項負債已呈列於與列為 持作出售之資產直接相關之負債。

本年度之所得税支出與綜合全面收益報表之 除税前溢利對賬如下:

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元	%	2014 HK\$'000 千港元	%
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	8,196,126		9,008,758	
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%)	按香港利得税税率16.5% (二零一四年:16.5%) 計算之税項	1,352,361	16.5	1,486,445	16.5
Tax effect of share of results of associates	斯	(107,201)	(1.3)	(30,910)	(0.3)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	就税務而言無須課税收入之 税務影響	(947,194)	(11.6)	(1,400,091)	(15.5)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect on accelerated accounting	就税務而言不可扣減開支之 税務影響 過往超額撥備(未撥備)之	263,732	3.2	146,469	1.6
depreciation over tax depreciation previously over (not) provided Utilisation of tax losses previously	加速會計折舊超過稅務折舊之 稅務影響 運用先前未確認之	577	-	(6,810)	(0.1)
not recognised Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	税務虧損 未確認之税務虧損之税務影響	(39,708) 46,500	(0.5) 0.6	(31,264) 64,627	(0.4) 0.7
(Overprovision) underprovision in prior years	過往年度(超額撥備) 撥備不足	(16,083)	(0.2)	14,556	0.2
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating	在其他司法權區經營之 附屬公司適用之				
in other jurisdictions	不同税率之影響	(76,589)	(0.9)	12,837	0.1
Tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出	476,395	5.8	255,859	2.8

19. DIVIDENDS

19. 股息

				2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Final dividend for 2014 paid on 5th June, 2015 of HK1 cent (2013: HK50 cents) per share	(a)	於二零一五年六月五日已派付之 二零一四年末期股息每股1港仙 (二零一三年:50港仙)	19,076	953,810
(b)	Interim dividend for 2015 paid on 14th September, 2015 of HK30 cents (2014: HK30 cents) per share	(b)	於二零一五年九月十四日已派付 之二零一五年中期股息每股30 港仙(二零一四年:30港仙)	572,286	572,286
(c)	Special interim dividend declared on 16th December, 2014 and paid on 13th January, 2015 of HK\$4 per share	(c)	於二零一四年十二月十六日宣派 並於二零一五年一月十三日已 派付之特別中期股息每股4港元	7,630,476	-
(d)	Special interim dividend paid on 15th July, 2015 of HK\$2.6 per share	(d)	於二零一五年七月十五日已派付 之特別中期股息每股2.6港元	4,959,810	_
(e)	Special interim dividend paid on 14th September, 2015 of HK\$1.2 per share	(e)	於二零一五年九月十四日已派付 之特別中期股息每股1.2港元	2,289,143	-
(f)	Special interim dividend paid on 31st October, 2014 of HK\$2.55 per share	(f)	於二零一四年十月三十一日 已派付之特別中期股息 每股2.55港元	-	4,864,428
Total	dividends paid	已派	付股息總額	15,470,791	6,390,524

On 21st December, 2015, the board of Directors declared a conditional special interim dividend of HK\$2 per share, which is conditional upon completion of the Pioneer Time Disposal.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the completion of the Pioneer Time Disposal took place on 15th January, 2016 and the payment of the conditional special interim dividend was made on 20th January, 2016.

Final dividend for the year of HK1 cent (2014: HK1 cent) per share has been proposed by the board of Directors and is subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

於二零一五年十二月二十一日,董事會宣派 附有條件之特別中期股息每股2港元,須待 Pioneer Time出售成交後方可作實。

於報告期末後·Pioneer Time出售於二零一六年一月十五日完成·並於二零一六年一月二十日派付附有條件之特別中期股息。

董事會建議宣派本年度之末期股息每股1港仙 (二零一四年:1港仙),有待股東於本公司之 應屆股東週年大會上批准。

20. EARNINGS PER SHARE

20. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司擁有人應佔之每股基本及攤薄盈利乃 根據以下數據計算:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Earnings:	盈利:		
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted	計算每股基本及攤薄盈利之盈利		
earnings per share			
Profit for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔本年度之		
of the Company	溢利	7,727,208	8,744,927

Number of shares

股份數目 2015 2014 1,907,619,079 1,907,619,079

Number of shares: 股份數目:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share

計算每股基本及攤薄盈利之 普通股加權平均數

Diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014 were the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no diluting events during both years.

截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一 日止年度,由於並無攤薄事項,故上述兩年度 之每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

21. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

21. 投資物業

Fair value

Cost

				成本	
			Properties	Properties	
		Completed	under	under	
		properties	construction	construction	Total
		落成物業	興建中物業	興建中物業	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1st January, 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	40,506,665	534,000	4,511,949	45,552,614
Additions	添置	54,457	334,000	4,511,949	54,457
Construction costs incurred	產生之建築成本	54,457	33,790	934,413	968,203
Overprovision of construction costs	過往年度建築成本超額撥備		33,790	934,413	900,203
incurred in prior years	迦 位千皮连案,从	(2,075)			(2,075)
Transfer from properties under	從按成本之興建中物業轉撥至	(2,073)	_	_	(2,073)
construction at cost to completed	按公平值之落成物業	120.760		(120.760)	
properties at fair value	林松大师光 应自卫生	128,768	_	(128,768)	_
Transfer to property, plant and	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備			(1.007.774)	(1.007.77.4)
equipment (Note 22)	(附註22)	_	_	(1,003,774)	(1,003,774)
Transfer from stock of properties	從物業存貨轉撥	18,926	_	_	18,926
Transfer to assets classified as held	轉撥至列為持作出售之資產				
for sale	FT 14 15 H	(9,295,080)	_	_	(9,295,080)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(287,565)	_	(157,137)	(444,702)
Increase in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	於綜合全面收益報表確認之 公平值增加				
– unrealised	一未變現	3,619,014	65,210	_	3,684,224
Disposals	出售	(3,870)	_	_	(3,870)
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	34,739,240	633,000	4,156,683	39,528,923
Additions	添置	19,203	, _	, , , _	19,203
Construction costs incurred	產生之建築成本	_	95,570	124,231	219,801
Transfer to stock of properties	轉撥至物業存貨	_	(958,000)	, _	(958,000)
Transfer from properties under	從按成本之興建中物業轉撥至		(//		(===,===,
construction at cost to completed	按公平值之落成物業				
properties at fair value		840,901	_	(840,901)	_
Transfer to assets classified as held	轉撥至列為持作出售之資產	010,501		(010,501)	
for sale	村成工/小州州 田 日 足 東 庄	(8,657,600)	_	_	(8,657,600)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(218,246)	_	(4,410)	(222,656)
(Decrease) increase in fair value	於綜合全面收益報表確認之	(210,210)		(1,110)	(222,030)
recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	公平值(減少)增加				
– realised	一已變現	(4,860)	_	_	(4,860)
– unrealised	一未變現	4,464,654	229,430		4,694,084
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	7,707,004	223,430	_	7,007,004
(Note 41(b), (c))	(附註41(b)、(c))	(9,171,029)	_	(3,435,603)	(12,606,632)
Disposal	出售	(71,000)	_	(3,433,003)	(71,000)
ырозаі	н п	(71,000)			(71,000)
Carrying amounts	賬面值				
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	21,941,263	_	-	21,941,263

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes (including those classified as held for sale) are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

Property valuations as at 31st December, 2015 and 2014 were carried out by B.I. Appraisals Limited ("B.I. Appraisals") and Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited ("Vigers Appraisal"), independent qualified professional valuers, in respect of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China. For the investment property in the United Kingdom, the valuations as at 31st December, 2015 and 2014 were carried out by Peak Vision Appraisals Limited ("Peak Vision Appraisals"), another independent qualified professional valuer. The valuers have recent relevant experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations.

At the end of the reporting period, the management of the Group discussed with the independent qualified professional valuers about the appropriate valuation techniques and key inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements.

The valuation reports for the investment properties as at 31st December, 2015 are signed by the respective director of B.I. Appraisals, Vigers Appraisal and Peak Vision Appraisals, who are members of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and/or The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. The valuations were performed in accordance with "The HKIS Valuation Standards 2012 Edition" published by The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and/or "The RICS Valuation - Professional Standards January 2014" published by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

21. 投資物業(續)

根據營業租約持有以賺取租金或資本增值之 本集團所有物業權益(包括列為持作出售之物 業)乃採用公平值模式計量,並分類及入賬列 作投資物業。

獨立合資格專業估值師保柏國際評估有限公 司(「保柏國際評估」)及威格斯資產評估顧問 有限公司(「威格斯評估」)已就本集團於二零 一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日位於香港 及中國大陸之投資物業進行物業估值。至於位 於英國之投資物業,其估值由另一獨立合資格 專業估值師澋鋒評估有限公司(「澋鋒評估」) 於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日 進行估值。估值師近期亦有評估相關地點同類 物業之經驗。

於報告期末,本集團之管理層與獨立合資格專 業估值師討論有關適合第三級公平值計量之 估值技術及主要數據。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,投資物業之估 值報告由保柏國際評估、威格斯評估及澋鋒評 估各自之董事(彼為香港測量師學會會員及/ 或皇家特許測量師學會會員)簽署。該等估值 乃遵守香港測量師學會所頒布之「香港測量師 學會評估準則二零一二年版本」及/或皇家特 許測量師學會所頒布之「RICS估值-專業標準 (二零一四年一月)] 進行。

The fair value of each investment property is individually determined at the end of each reporting period based on its market value and by adopting investment method, and/or direct comparison method, as appropriate. The investment method relying on the capitalisation of rental income is based upon estimates of future results and a set of assumptions specific to each property to reflect its tenancy status. The fair value of each investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current term leases, term yield rate, assumptions about rental income from future reversion leases in light of current market conditions, the assumed occupancy rate and reversionary yield rate. Judgment by the valuers is required to determine the principal valuation factors, including term yield rate and reversionary yield rate. Such yield rates were adopted after considering the investment sentiments and market expectations of properties of similar nature. Direct comparison method assumes each of these properties is capable of being sold in its existing state with the benefit of vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant markets.

For the Group's investment properties under construction at fair value, their fair values are determined by direct comparison method by making reference to comparable transactions as available in the relevant markets. It has also taken into account the construction costs that will be expended to complete the developments to reflect the development potential of the properties and the quality of the completed developments. The key assumptions include present value of completed properties, period of development, outstanding construction costs, finance costs, other professional costs, risk associated with completing the projects and generating income after completion and investors' return as a percentage of value or cost.

For the Group's investment properties under construction at cost, when their fair values were not reliably measurable, they were measured at cost, less any impairment loss, until the earlier of the date of construction is completed and the date at which fair value become reliably measurable.

21. 投資物業(續)

就本集團按公平值之興建中投資物業而言,其 公平值乃參照相關市場上所得之可供比較交 易以直接比較法釐定。公平值亦已計及為完成 發展項目將支銷之建築成本,以反映物業之發 展潛力及發展項目落成後之質量。關鍵假設包 括落成物業之現值、發展期、未付建築成本、 財務費用、其他專業費用、與完成項目相關之 風險,以及落成後所得收入與投資者回報佔估 值或成本之百分比。

就本集團按成本之興建中投資物業而言,當其 公平值無法可靠地釐定時,則按成本減任何減 值虧損計量,直至完成興建之日或公平值能夠 可靠地釐定之日(以較早者為準)為止。

The following tables analysed the investment properties which are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period into the three-level hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" which is further elaborated in Note 3.

21. 投資物業(續)

下表為於報告期末以公平值計量之投資物業 之三級分級制(定義見香港財務報告準則第13 號「公平值計量」)分析及於附註3作進一步詳 述。

At 31st December, 2015							
於	一零一五年十	-二月三十一	日				
Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
公平值	第一級	第二級	第三級				
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000				
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元				
30,598,863	-	2,016,554	28,582,309				

Recurring fair value 經常性公平值計量:

measurements:

落成物業(附註) Completed properties (note)

At 31st December, 2014

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

Lev	Level 2	Level 1	Fair value
第	第二級	第一級	公平值
HK\$'	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千	千港元	千港元	千港元

Recurring fair value 經常性公平值計量: measurements:

Completed properties (note) 落成物業(附註) Properties under construction 興建中物業

44,127,520	_	2,266,656	41,860,864
633,000	_	_	633,000

44,760,520

Note: Included those classified as held for sale of approximately HK\$8,657,600,000 (2014: HK\$9,388,280,000) which were categorised as Level 3 fair value measurement.

Certain investment properties located in Hong Kong and Mainland China categorised as Level 2 fair value measurement are determined using direct comparison method with reference to the recent selling prices of comparable properties on a price per square foot basis which are adjusted to reflect the conditions and locations of the related properties.

附註: 包括分類為第三級約8,657,600,000港元 (二零一四年:9,388,280,000港元)公平 值計量之列為持作出售之物業。

2,266,656 42,493,864

分類為第二級公平值計量之若干位於香港及 中國大陸投資物業以直接比較法釐定,參考可 供比較物業之最近售價,而售價為經調整以反 映有關物業之狀況及位置之每平方呎售價。

21. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

21. 投資物業(續)

Details of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties which are categorised as Level 3 fair value measurement at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末分類為第三級公平值計量之投資 物業之估值所使用之技術及主要數據之詳情 如下:

	Fair value 公平值		Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大非可觀察數據	Range 範圍	
	2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元				
Properties held for investment in Hong Kong 位於香港之持作投資物業	23,156,440	35,230,700	Combination of direct comparison method and investment method 直接比較法及投資法之合併	(1) Reversionary yield; and 復歸回報率: 及 (2) Market rent per square foot 每平方呎之市場租金	2.25% to 5.00% (2014: 4.00% to 6.50%) 2.25厘至5.00厘 (二零一四年: 4.00厘至6.50厘)	
Properties under construction in Hong Kong 位於香港之興建中物業	-	633,000	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	Estimated development costs 估計之發展成本		
Properties held for investment in the United Kingdom 位於英國之持作投資物業	4,037,118	4,720,079	Combination of direct comparison method and investment method 直接比較法及投資法之合併	(1) Reversionary yield; and 復歸回報率:及 (2) Market rent per square foot 每平方呎之市場租金	4.50% to 4.75% (2014: 4.50% to 5.00%) 4.50厘至4.75厘 (二零一四年: 4.50厘至5.00厘)	
Properties held for investment in Mainland China 位於中國大陸之持作投資物業	1,388,751	1,910,085	Combination of direct comparison method and investment method 直接比較法及投資法之合併	(1) Reversionary yield; and 復歸回報率:及 (2) Market rent per square foot 每平方呎之市場租金	7.50% to 9.00% (2014: 5.50% to 9.00%) 7.50厘至9.00厘 (二零一四年: 5.50厘至9.00厘)	
Total 總額	28,582,309	42,493,864				

Reversionary yield is the rate taking into account the capitalisation of rental income potential, nature of the property and prevailing market condition. Market rent per square foot is the market rent taking into account the direct comparable market transactions to the related properties. Estimated development costs are the costs to be expended to complete the properties.

The fair value measurements are negatively correlated to the reversionary yield and the estimated development costs, while positively correlated to the market rent per square foot.

復歸回報率乃計及將潛在租金收入資本化、物業性質及當時市況得出之比率。每平方呎之市場租金乃計及相關物業之市場可供直接比較交易得出之市場租金。估計之發展成本乃為完成物業將會支銷之成本。

公平值計量與復歸回報率及估計之發展成本 成反比,而與每平方呎之市場租金則成正比。

21. 投資物業(續)

Movements of investment properties which are categorised as Level 3 fair value measurement during the year are as follows:

分類為第三級公平值計量之投資物業於年內 之變動如下:

At 1st January 於一月一日 42,493,864 38,8 Additions 添置 14,391	(\$'000 千港元 11,870 12,679 33,790
At 1st January 於一月一日 42,493,864 38,8 Additions 添置 14,391 Construction costs incurred 產生之建築成本 95,570	11,870 12,679
Additions 添置 14,391 Construction costs incurred 產生之建築成本 95,570 3	12,679
Additions 添置 14,391 Construction costs incurred 產生之建築成本 95,570 3	12,679
Construction costs incurred 產生之建築成本 95,570	•
	33,790
Overprovision of construction costs incurred 過往年度建築成本超額撥備	
in prior years	(2,075)
Transfer from properties under construction 從按成本之興建中物業轉撥至	
at cost to completed properties at fair value 按公平值之落成物業 840,901 12	28,768
Transfer (to) from stock of properties 轉撥(至)自物業存貨 (958,000)	8,926
Exchange adjustments	87,778)
(Decrease) increase in fair value recognised 於綜合全面收益報表確認之	
in the consolidated statement of 公平值(減少)增加	
comprehensive income	
− realised	_
- unrealised - 未變現 4,947,397 3,78	31,554
Disposals of subsidiaries 出售附屬公司 (18,559,309)	_
Disposals 出售 (71,000)	(3,870)
Carrying amounts	
At 31st December 於十二月三十一日 28,582,309 42,49	3,864

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurement during the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014 and no change in valuation techniques used in prior years. In estimating the fair value of the properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use of the properties.

於截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一 日止年度內,第三級公平值計量之投資物業並 無轉入或轉出,而所用之估值技術與往年所用 的亦無轉變。於估計物業之公平值,物業之當 前用途等同其最高及最佳用途。

22. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 22. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land	Buildings	Hotel land and buildings	Furnitures, fixtures and equipment	Yachts and motor vehicles	Total
		租賃土地	樓宇	酒店土地 及樓宇	傢俬、 裝置及設備	遊艇及汽車	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		1,0,0	17070	17070	1,0,0	17070	1,0,0
Cost	成本						
At 1st January, 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	445,430	98,970	-	65,508	110,476	720,384
Additions	添置	28,899	5,036	-	192,348	14,577	240,860
Transfer from investment properties (Note 21)	從投資物業轉撥(附註21)	12,671	40,179	950,924	-	_	1,003,774
Transfer to assets classified as held for sale	轉撥至列為持作出售之資產						
(Note 12)	(附註12)	-	-	-	(37)	-	(37)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 41(e))	出售附屬公司(附註41(e))	-	-	-	(381)	(580)	(961)
Disposals/written off	出售/撤銷	-	-	-	(2,214)	(8,044)	(10,258)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	158	28	-	(503)	(195)	(512)
	V T = 51						
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	487,158	144,213	950,924	254,721	116,234	1,953,250
Additions Transfer to assets classified as held for sale	添置 轉撥至列為持作出售之資產	-	-	33,859	10,198	5,101	49,158
(Note 12)	特按王列局付下山肯之貝座 (附註12)	(445,430)	(98,970)	_	(120)	_	(544,520)
Disposals of subsidiaries (Note 41(b), (c))	出售附屬公司(附註41(b)、(c))	(12,655)	(40,127)	(983,521)	(207,801)	(5,433)	(1,249,537)
Disposals/written off	出售/撤銷	(12,033)	(40,121)	(505,521)	(6,577)	(4,826)	(11,403)
Exchange adjustments	正	(1,629)	(333)	(1,262)	(370)	(280)	(3,874)
0,		() ,	()	(,,,,,,	((/	(-7)
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	27,444	4,783	-	50,051	110,796	193,074
Depreciation	折舊						
At 1st January, 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	9,463	22,800	_	46,003	92,783	171,049
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	1,636	3,122	2,273	7,169	9,181	23,381
Capitalised to stock of properties held for sa	le 撥充為持作出售之物業存貨資本	_	_	_	149	_	149
Transfer to assets classified as held for sale	轉撥至列為持作出售之資產						
(Note 12)	(附註12)	-	-	-	(35)	-	(35)
Elimination upon disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司時對銷						
(Note 41(e))	(附註41(e))	-	-	-	(225)	(471)	(696)
Elimination upon disposals/written off	出售/撇銷時對銷	_	_	_	(752)	(7,817)	(8,569)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(4)	(5)	(22)	(221)	(104)	(356)
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	11,095	25,917	2,251	52,088	93,572	184,923
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	1,686	2,906	16,279	24,756	10,205	55,832
Transfer to assets classified as held for sale	轉撥至列為持作出售之資產	()	()		()		(== ===)
(Note 12)	(附註12) 出售附屬公司時對銷	(11,493)	(27,416)	-	(26)	-	(38,935)
Elimination upon disposals of subsidiaries (Note 41(b), (c))	五告剂屬公司時到朝 (附註41(b)、(c))	(424)	(1 210)	/10 E70\	(20.700)	(027)	(40.496)
Elimination upon disposals/written off	出售/撤銷時對銷	(424)	(1,210)	(18,530)	(28,399) (4,741)	(923) (4,808)	(49,486) (9,549)
Exchange adjustments	四百/ 100 到 时	(42)	(9)	_	40	(240)	(251)
Excitating adjustments	E 70 M E	(+=)	(5)			(=+0)	(20.)
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	822	188	_	43,718	97,806	142,534
5 100 5 666115 617 20 10	× ±11-/1-1 H	V22	100		10,1.10	21/000	
Carrying amounts	賬面值						
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	26,622	4,595	-	6,333	12,990	50,540
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	476,063	118,296	948,673	202,633	22,662	1,768,327

23. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

23. 無形資產

		Trading and exchange rights	Trademark	Total
		買賣及貿易權 HK\$'000 千港元	商標 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost At 1st January, 2014, 31st December, 2014 and 31st December, 2015	成本 於二零一四年一月一日、 二零一四年十二月三十一日及 二零一五年十二月三十一日	2,705	14,300	17,005
Amortisation and impairment At 1st January, 2014, 31st December, 2014 and 31st December, 2015	攤銷及減值 於二零一四年一月一日、 二零一四年十二月三十一日及 二零一五年十二月三十一日	2,705	14,300	17,005
Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2015	賬面值 於二零一五年十二月三十一日	-	_	
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	_	_	

The above intangible assets have definite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over five years.

上述無形資產具有既定使用年期,並以直線法 按五年攤銷。

24. GOODWILL

24. 商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Cost At 1st January, 2014, 31st December, 2014 and 31st December, 2015	成本 於二零一四年一月一日、二零一四年十二月三十一日 及二零一五年十二月三十一日	370,686
Impairment At 1st January, 2014, 31st December, 2014 and 31st December, 2015	減值 於二零一四年一月一日、二零一四年十二月三十一日 及二零一五年十二月三十一日	47,748
Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2015	賬面值 於二零一五年十二月三十一日	322,938
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	322,938

24. GOODWILL (Cont'd)

Impairment testing of goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired through certain business combinations has been allocated to the Group's CGUs, which in all cases were determined to be investment properties owned by subsidiaries. The carrying amount of goodwill (net of accumulated impairment losses) was allocated to CGUs with the following places of operation:

United Kingdom 英國 Hong Kong 香港

The recoverable amount for the CGU operated in the United Kingdom has been determined based on value-in-use calculation using five-year cash flow projections approved by the Directors. The pre-tax discount rate of approximately 7.74% (2014: 7.85%) per annum for the United Kingdom property business was applied to the cash flow projection when assessing the recoverability of the CGU containing goodwill. Full impairment for goodwill of the other businesses in Hong Kong was recognised in prior years.

There are a number of assumptions and estimates involved for the preparation of the cash flow projections. Key assumptions included gross margin and discount rates which are determined by the Directors based on past performance and its expectation for market development. The values assigned to key assumptions are based on historical experience, current market condition, approved forecasts and consistent with external information sources. Gross margin is budgeted gross margin. The discount rates used were determined with reference to weighted average cost of capital of similar companies in the industry reflected specific risks relating to the industry. The Directors believe that any reasonable possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amounts of the CGUs to exceed their respective aggregate recoverable amount. During the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014, the Directors determined that there was no impairment of the goodwill.

24. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

為進行減值測試,就若干業務合併產生之商譽 已分配至本集團之現金產生單位,彼等全釐定 為集團附屬公司所擁有之投資物業。商譽賬面 值(扣除累積減值虧損)分配至不同經營地點 之現金產生單位:

2017	2014
2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
322,938 -	322,938 -
322,938	322,938

於英國經營之現金產生單位之商譽之可收回金額乃根據董事批准之五年現金流量預測,並參考使用價值計算法釐定。當評估含商譽之現金產生單位之可收回程度時,應用於現金流量預測,英國物業業務以稅前年貼現率約7.74厘(二零一四年:7.85厘)計算。就於香港其他業務之商譽所作之全面減值虧損已於過往年度確認。

編製現金流量預測涉及多項假設及估計。主要假設包括由董事根據過往表現及其對市場發展預測釐定之毛利及貼現率。主要假設所用價值以過往經驗、當前市況及經批准預測為依據,並符合外部資料來源。毛利率乃預算毛利率,而所採用之貼現率乃參照業內同類公司之加來的資本成本釐定,並反映與行業相關之時是風險。董事相信,任何該等假設可能合理出現之任何變動不會導致現金產生單位賬面值總額之任何變動不會導致現金產生單位賬面值總額起出現金產生單位之有關可收回金額總額。於超至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,董事評定商譽並無減值虧損。

25. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

25. 聯營公司權益

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost of investment in associates:	投資聯營公司成本:		
– Unlisted	一非上市	1,204,413	283,696
Share of post-acquisition profits and	攤佔收購後溢利及		
other comprehensive income,	其他全面收益		
net of dividends received	扣除已收股息	2,566,063	2,201,071
		3,770,476	2,484,767

The Company provided corporate guarantee to secure bank loans granted to its associates in prior years. The fair value of the financial guarantee contract at initial recognition was determined by Norton Appraisals Limited ("Norton Appraisals"), independent qualified professional valuer, and it was recognised as interests in associates and financial guarantee liabilities in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

Particulars of the Group's principal associates as at 31st December, 2015 are set out in Note 50.

The investment properties held by the Group's principal associates were revalued as at 31st December, 2015 by B.I. Appraisals. B.I. Appraisals continues to adopt investment method and/or direct comparison method as the valuation methodologies. The valuation methods and significant assumptions applied in determining the fair values of investment properties are detailed in Note 21.

All of the associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

本公司於過往年度提供公司擔保作為其聯營 公司獲授銀行貸款之抵押。財務擔保合約初步 確認之公平值由獨立合資格專業估值師普敦 國際評估有限公司(「普敦國際評估」)釐定, 並已於本集團之綜合財務狀況報表內確認為 聯營公司權益及財務擔保負債。

本集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日之主要 聯營公司詳情載列於附註50。

本集團主要聯營公司之投資物業已由保柏國 際評估於二零一五年十二月三十一日進行重 估。保柏國際評估持續採納投資法及/或直接 比較法為估值方法。應用於釐定投資物業公平 值之估值方法及主要假設於附註21詳述。

所有聯營公司均以權益法列賬於本綜合財務 報表內。

25. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

25. 聯營公司權益(續)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associates, Get Wisdom Limited and Finedale Industries Limited, is set out below.

本集團重要聯營公司(得智有限公司及廣坤實 業有限公司)之財務資料概要概述如下。

Get Wisdom Limited

得智有限公司

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	3,397,376	2,650,400
Current assets	流動資產	_	504,099
Current liabilities	流動負債	(6,688)	(992,019)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	_	(1,438,379)
Net assets	資產淨值	3,390,688	724,101
rect disselfs	A27. B	2,230,000	721,101
Revenue	收入	117,567	167,302
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,039,567	53,909
Other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度其他全面支出	(214,414)	(9,251)
, ,			
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	825,153	44,658
total comprehensive income for the year	个一及主面状血感识	623,133	44,030
Reconciliation of the summarised financial	聯營公司權益之賬面值與		
information presented to the carrying	財務資料概述對賬:		
amount of its interest in the associate:			
Net assets at 1st January	於一月一日之資產淨值	724,101	679,443
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,039,567	53,909
Other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度其他全面支出	(214,414)	(9,251)
Capital contribution	資本注資	1,841,434	_
Net assets at 31st December	於十二月三十一日之資產淨值	3,390,688	724,101
			<u> </u>
	+ 4: FB 1+ + 14: 1/		
Interest held by the Group	本集團持有之權益	50%	50%
Group's interest in the associate and	本集團之聯營公司權益及		700 051
the carrying amount	賬面值	1,695,344	362,051

25. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

25. 聯營公司權益(續)

Finedale Industries Limited

廣坤實業有限公司

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities	非流動資產 流動資產 流動負債	3,172,000 243,841 (48,322)	2,998,000 173,168 (45,772)
Net assets	資產淨值	3,367,519	3,125,396
Revenue	收入	86,071	83,992
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	242,123	301,086
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	242,123	301,086
Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:	聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概述對賬:		
Net assets at 1st January Profit for the year	於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度溢利	3,125,396 242,123	2,824,310 301,086
Net assets at 31st December	於十二月三十一日之資產淨值	3,367,519	3,125,396
Interest held by the Group	本集團持有之權益	33.33%	33.33%
Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount	本集團之聯營公司權益及 賬面值	1,122,506	1,041,799

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the unaudited financial statements of the associates which were prepared in accordance with HKFRSs adjusted for the differences arising from accounting policies and different financial year end dates between the Group and the associates.

以上資料反映於聯營公司之未經審核財務報 表載列之金額,該等財務報表按香港財務報告 準則並就本集團與聯營公司之間不同會計政 策及財政年終日期作出調整而編製。

25. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

25. 聯營公司權益(續)

Aggregate financial information of associates that are individually not material:

個別非重要之聯營公司綜合財務資料總額:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Group's share of results for the year	本集團攤佔本年度業績	49,214	60,015
Group's share of other comprehensive	本集團攤佔本年度		
expenses for the year	其他全面支出	(73,331)	(12,247)
Group's share of total comprehensive	本集團攤佔本年度		
(expenses) income for the year	全面(支出)收益總額	(24,117)	47,768
Group's aggregate interests in these associates	本集團於該等聯營公司之		
and the carrying amounts	權益總額及賬面值	952,626	1,080,917

Included in share of results of associates for the year ended 31st December, 2015 mainly comprised share of an associate's gain on disposal of subsidiaries (net of tax) of approximately HK\$514,060,000. The associate (50% interest) disposed of the company that ultimately held the office building namely Platinum located at Shanghai, the PRC ("Shanghai Platinum Disposal"). The Shanghai Platinum Disposal was completed on 30th September, 2015.

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度攤佔聯營公司業績主要包括攤佔一間聯營公司有關出售附屬公司之收益(除税後)約514,060,000港元。該聯營公司(佔50%權益)出售最終持有位於中國上海名為新茂大廈之辦公樓之公司(「上海新茂出售」)。上海新茂出售於二零一五年九月三十日完成。

26. ADVANCES TO ASSOCIATES

26. 墊付聯營公司款項

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest-bearing advances to associates	墊付聯營公司之計息款項	48,089	67,443
Interest-free advances to associates	墊付聯營公司之免息款項	7,393	1,687,198
		55,482	1,754,641

The advances to associates are unsecured. As at 31st December, 2015, for the advances to associates of approximately HK\$55,482,000 (2014: HK\$756,960,000), the Group will not demand for repayment within one year from the end of the reporting period and the amounts are therefore shown as non-current. As at 31st December, 2014, the remaining amount of approximately HK\$997,681,000 was expected to be repayable in or after 2016 and the amount is therefore shown as non-current. The interest-bearing advances to associates bear interest at the prevailing market rates.

墊付聯營公司款項為無抵押。於二零一五年十二月三十一日,墊付聯營公司款項約55,482,000港元(二零一四年:756,960,000港元),本集團不會要求於報告期末起計一年內償還,因此該等款項列作非流動性質。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,餘額約997,681,000港元之款項預期於二零一六年或之後償還,因此該款項列作非流動性質。墊付聯營公司之計息款項以當時之市場借貸利率計息。

27. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

27. 待售投資

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted equity securities:	非上市股本證券:		
Incorporated in Hong Kong (note (i))	-於香港註冊成立(附註(i))	68,834	93,805
 Incorporated elsewhere 	一於其他地區註冊成立		
(notes (ii), (iii) and (iv))	(附註(ii)、(iii)及(iv))	725,859	128,847
		794,693	222,652
Club debentures	會籍債券	16,581	16,581
T I	//中 中环	011.071	270 277
Total	總額	811,274	239,233
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	作報告用途之分析:		
Non-current	非流動性質	743,649	239,233
Current	流動性質	67,625	_
		811,274	239,233
		011,2/4	255,255

Notes:

- At 31st December, 2015, included in available-for-sale investments in an unlisted equity security incorporated in Hong Kong was the investment in New Hong Kong Tunnel with carrying amount of approximately HK\$67,625,000. The franchise rights held by New Hong Kong Tunnel will expire in 2016. The Directors expect that the investment in New Hong Kong Tunnel would then be realised and the amount is therefore shown as current asset.
- As at 31st December, 2015, the Group has invested approximately US\$83,625,000 in an exempted limited partnership formed under the Exempted Limited Partnership Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands ("Cayman Islands Partnership"). The Cayman Islands Partnership is stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss (if any) because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors consider that its fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Directors considered that no impairment loss was required for the investment in the Cayman Islands Partnership at 31st December, 2015.

The Cayman Islands Partnership has a term of ten years from the date of initial closing. Purposes of the Cayman Islands Partnership are to achieve exceptional returns by acquiring, holding and disposing of equity, equity-related securities, high-yield structured financial products, independently or with others, in companies with various operations or such other activities.

附註:

- 於二零一五年十二月三十一日,待售投資 之非上市股本證券中包括於香港註冊成立 之新香港隧道,其賬面值約為67,625,000港 元。新香港隧道持有之專營權的權利將於 二零一六年屆滿。董事預期新香港隧道之 投資將於屆滿時變現,因此該款項列作流 動性質。
- (ii) 於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團已投 資約83.625.000美元於一間按開曼群島獲 豁免有限合夥企業法(經修訂)成立之獲豁 免有限合夥企業(「開曼群島合夥企業」)。 由於估計開曼群島合夥企業之合理公平值 時所需考慮之假設因素範圍甚廣,董事認為 未能可靠地計量其公平值,故此,開曼群島 合夥企業按成本扣除累計減值虧損(如有) 入賬。於二零一五年十二月三十一日,董事 認為該開曼群島合夥企業之投資概無需要 作出減值虧損。

開曼群島合夥企業由初步截止日起為期十 年。開曼群島合夥企業之目的為透過獨立 或與其他公司購買、持有及出售多種業務 之公司之股本、股本相關證券或高收益之 結構性財務產品或其他之活動以取得優厚 的回報。

27. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(Cont'd)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(iii) As at 31st December, 2014, the Group has invested approximately RMB48,205,000 in an exempted limited partnership registered under the Partnership Enterprise Law of the PRC ("PRC Partnership"). Prior to the Chengdu Project Disposal, the Group had further contributed approximately RMB251,795,000 to the PRC Partnership.

The PRC Partnership has a term of ten years from the date of initial closing. Purposes of the PRC Partnership are to generate long-term capital appreciation by acquiring, holding and disposing of equity, equity-related securities, independently or with others, in established or less established companies (or their parents) with substantial operations in the PRC; or such other activities as deems necessary.

The PRC Partnership is stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss (if any) because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors consider that its fair value cannot be measured reliably. During the year ended 31st December, 2014, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$12,983,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the investment in the PRC Partnership. The PRC Partnership was deconsolidated to the Group upon completion of the Chengdu Project Disposal on 30th July, 2015 (Note 41(b)).

(iv) As at 31st December, 2014, the Group subscribed 10,000 shares in a private investment fund at US\$1,000 each, the fund and its management company are exempted companies with limited liability incorporated in the Cayman Islands.

The investment is stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss (if any) because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors consider that its fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Directors considered that no impairment loss was required for the investment at 31st December, 2015 (2014: nil).

27. 待售投資(續)

附註:(續)

(iii) 於二零一四年十二月三十一日·本集團已 投資約人民幣48,205,000於中國合夥企 業法註冊之獲豁免有限合夥企業(「中國 合夥企業」)。於成都項目出售前·本集團 於中國合夥企業作進一步注資約人民幣 251,795,000。

中國合夥企業由初步截止日起為期十年。中國合夥企業之目的為透過獨立或與其他公司購買、持有及出售於中國有重要業務之發展成熟或未成熟之公司(或其母公司)之股本或股本相關證券作長遠的資本增值;或其他認為必要之活動。

由於估計中國合夥企業之合理公平值時所需考慮之假設因素範圍甚廣,董事認為未能可靠地計量其公平值,故此,中國合夥企業按成本扣除累計減值虧損(如有)入賬。截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,該中國合夥企業之投資作出之減值虧損約為12,983,000港元,並於綜合全面收益報表中確認。於二零一五年七月三十日完成成都項目出售後,中國合夥企業不再於本集團綜合入賬(附註41(b))。

(iv) 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團已 以每股1,000美元認購10,000股私人投資基 金的股份,該基金及其管理公司為於開曼 群島成立之獲豁免有限公司。

> 由於估計該投資之合理公平值時所需考慮 之假設因素範圍甚廣,董事認為未能可靠 地計量其公平值,故此,該投資按成本扣除 累計減值虧損(如有)入賬。於二零一五年 十二月三十一日,董事認為該投資概無需 要作出減值虧損(二零一四年:無)。

27. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(Cont'd)

For unlisted equity securities incorporated in Hong Kong measured at fair values, details of the fair value measurements are disclosed in Note 5(c).

Save as disclosed in notes (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) above, certain unlisted equity securities incorporated in Hong Kong and unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in the United States of America are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any) because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors consider that their fair values cannot be measured reliably. During the year ended 31st December, 2015, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$3,899,000 (2014: nil) was recognised in relation to an investment in unlisted equity securities incorporated in the United States of America, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The club debentures classified as available-for-sale investments are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any). During the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014, the Directors considered that there was no impairment of the club debentures since the market prices less costs to sell are higher than their carrying amounts.

At the end of the reporting period, available-for-sale investments totaling approximately HK\$742,730,000 (2014: HK\$145,718,000) were stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

28. ADVANCES TO AN INVESTEE COMPANY AND A NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

- The advance made to an investee company is unsecured and interest-free. The Group will not demand for repayment within one year and the advance is therefore shown as noncurrent.
- (b) The advance made to a non-controlling shareholder is unsecured and interest-free. The Group will not demand for repayment within one year and the advance is therefore shown as non-current.

27. 待售投資(續)

就於香港註冊成立並以公平值計量之非上市 股本證券而言,公平值計量之詳情載於附註 5(c) °

除上述附註(i)、(ii)、(iii)及(iv)披露外,若干香 港註冊成立之非上市股本證券及美國註冊成立 之私人機構發行之非上市股本證券,由於估計 該等股本證券之合理公平值時所需考慮之假 設因素範圍甚廣,董事認為未能可靠地計量其 公平值,故此該等股本證券按成本扣除累計減 值虧損(如有)入賬。於截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日 止年度內,投資於美國計冊成立之非 上市股本證券已於綜合全面收益報表確認減 值虧損約3,899,000港元(二零一四年:無)。

就分類為待售投資之會籍債券按成本扣除累 計減值虧損入賬(如有)。於截至二零一五年 及二零一四年十二月三十一日十年度,董事認 為該等會籍債券之市場價格減出售成本會高 於賬面值,故此並無減值虧損。

於報告期末,總值約742,730,000港元(二零 一四年:145,718,000港元)之待售投資乃按成 本扣除累計減值虧損(如有)入賬。

28. 墊付一間接受投資公司及一間 非控股股東款項

- (a) 墊付一間接受投資公司款項乃無抵押及 免息。本集團不會要求於一年內償還,故 將該墊付款項列作非流動性質。
- (b) 墊付一間非控股股東款項乃無抵押及免 息。本集團不會要求於一年內償還,故將 該墊付款項列作非流動性質。

29. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Pledged deposits

The amounts represent deposits pledged to banks and other financial institutions to secure credit facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to approximately HK\$237,506,000 (including assets classified as held for sale) (2014: HK\$429,689,000) have been pledged to secure short-term borrowings and are therefore classified as current assets. The remaining deposits amounting to approximately HK\$24,557,000 (2014: HK\$438,994,000) have been pledged to secure long-term borrowings and are therefore classified as non-current assets.

The deposits carry interest rates at prevailing market rates. The pledged deposits will be released upon the repayment of relevant borrowings.

(b) Securities trading receivables and deposits

Securities trading receivables and deposits are mainly amounts due from clearing house, brokers and clients.

(c) Time deposits, bank balances and cash

The time deposits carry interests at prevailing market deposit rates and mature within one month. The Group does not hold collateral over the balances.

30. STOCK OF PROPERTIES

Completed properties 落成物業 Properties under development held for sale 持作出售之發展中物業

29. 其他金融資產

(a) 抵押存款

此款額指抵押予銀行及其他金融機構、作為給予本集團信貸之存款。約237,506,000港元(包括列為持作出售之資產)(二零一四年:429,689,000港元)之存款已作為短期借貸之抵押,並因此被分類為流動資產。餘下約24,557,000港元(二零一四年:438,994,000港元)之存款已作為長期借貸之抵押,並因此被分類為非流動資產。

以上存款按當時市場之利率計息。該等 抵押存款將於有關借貸獲償還時解除。

(b) 應收證券交易賬項及存款

應收證券交易賬項及存款主要為應收結 算所、證券經紀及客戶款項。

(c) 定期存款、銀行結餘及現金

定期存款按當時市場之存款利率計息, 並於一個月內到期。本集團並無就結餘 持有抵押。

30. 物業存貨

2014
HK\$'000
千港元
757,718
1,572,147
2,329,865

30. STOCK OF PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

As at 31st December, 2015, the Directors reviewed the carrying amounts of the properties under development held for sale and the completed properties with reference to current market situation and the estimated selling price of the properties under development held for sale and the completed properties provided by B.I. Appraisals and Norton Appraisals. No impairment loss was made during the years ended 31st December, 2015 and 2014.

All properties under development held for sale are expected to be completed within one year (2014: with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$577,163,000 were expected to be completed after one year).

30. 物業存貨(續)

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,董事參考現時 市場環境及由保柏國際評估及普敦國際評估 提供持作出售之發展中物業及落成物業之估 計售價,審閱持作出售之發展中物業及落成物 業之賬面值。於截至二零一五年及二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度內概無任何減值虧損。

所有持作出售之發展中物業預期於一年內落 成(二零一四年: 賬面值約577,163,000港元之 發展中物業預期於一年後落成。)

31. INVESTMENTS HELD-FOR-TRADING

31. 持作買賣之投資

2015 2014 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 364,244 501,944

Listed investments:

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong

上市投資: 於香港上市之股本證券

The fair values of the investments held-for-trading are determined based on the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchange.

As at 31st December, 2015, listed equity securities with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$189,891,000 (2014: HK\$472,551,000) were available to be loaned to financial institutions (2014: a financial institution) for earning lending fee income and the same or substantially the same securities will be returned to the Group, pursuant to the terms and conditions contained in the securities pooled lending agreements. Listed equity securities with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately HK\$142,736,000 (2014: nil) were on loan at the end of the reporting period.

持作買賣之投資之公平值乃根據聯交所之市 場買入報價釐定。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,賬面值總 額 約 為 189,891,000港 元 (二零一四年: 472,551,000港元)之上市股本證券,根據匯集 證券借貸協議可供借出予金融機構(二零一四 年:一間金融機構)以賺取借貸費收入,而該證 券或大致等同之證券將會歸還予本集團。於報 告期末,已借出之上市股本證券之賬面值總額 約為142,736,000港元(二零一四年:無)。

32. FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

32. 指定為通過損益以反映公平值之金融資產

2014
HK\$'000
千港元
379,010
4,247,830
4,626,840

Bonds:	債券:
Non-current	非流動性質
Current	流動性質

As at 31st December, 2015, bonds with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$3,800,111,000 (2014: HK\$909,309,000) were available to be loaned to financial institutions (2014: a financial institution) for earning lending fee income and the same or substantially the same securities will be returned to the Group, pursuant to the terms and conditions contained in the securities pooled lending agreements. Bonds with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately HK\$548,687,000 (2014: HK\$82,956,000) were on loan at the end of the reporting period.

Major terms of the bonds are as follows:

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,賬面值總額約為3,800,111,000港元(二零一四年:909,309,000港元)之債券,根據匯集證券借貸協議可供借出予金融機構(二零一四年:一間金融機構)以賺取借貸費收入,而該證券或大致等同之證券將會歸還予本集團。於報告期末,已借出債券之賬面值總額約為548,687,000港元(二零一四年:82,956,000港元)。

债券之主要內容如下:

Notional amount	Maturity	名義金額	到期日
US\$23,000,000	2017	23,000,000美元	二零一七年
US\$232,125,000	2018	232,125,000美元	二零一八年
US\$34,000,000	2019	34,000,000美元	二零一九年
US\$241,000,000	2020	241,000,000美元	二零二零年
US\$34,195,000	2022	34,195,000美元	二零二二年
US\$76,000,000	2023	76,000,000美元	二零二三年
US\$70,000,000	2025	70,000,000美元	二零二五年
US\$12,000,000	2041	12,000,000美元	二零四一年
US\$21,000,000	2042	21,000,000美元	二零四二年
US\$14,000,000	2043	14,000,000美元	二零四三年
US\$10,000,000	2045	10,000,000美元	二零四五年
US\$20,000,000	2072	20,000,000美元	二零七二年
US\$20,000,000	2073	20,000,000美元	二零七三年
US\$32,000,000	2075	32,000,000美元	二零七五年
EUR2,000,000	2075	2,000,000歐元	二零七五年
US\$455,150,000	Perpetual	455,150,000美元	永久
SGD75,000,000	Perpetual	75,000,000新加坡元	永久
GBP16,000,000	Perpetual	16,000,000英鎊	永久
EUR16,000,000	Perpetual	16,000,000歐元	永久

32. FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(Cont'd)

The bonds denominated in US\$ carry fixed rate range from 4.000% to 13.250% per annum of which US\$1,150,150,000 are callable, the bond denominated in SGD carries fixed rate of 5.900% per annum is callable, the bonds denominated in GBP carry fixed rate range from 6.875% to 7.000% per annum are callable and the bonds denominated in EUR carry fixed rate range from 5.125% to 12.500% per annum are callable.

The bonds are traded in active market and stated at fair values at the end of the reporting period. Their fair values are determined by reference to market bid prices quoted by financial institutions and brokers.

32. 指定為通過損益以反映公平值 之金融資產(續)

以美元計值之債券固定年利率為4.000厘至 13.250厘,其中1,150,150,000美元之債券為 可贖回,以新加坡元計值之債券固定年利率為 5.900厘為可贖回,英鎊計值之債券固定年利 率為6.875厘至7.000厘為可贖回及以歐元計值 之債券固定年利率為5.125厘至12.500厘為可 贖回。

债券於交投活躍之市場交易,以公平值於報告 期末列賬。債券之公平值乃根據金融機構及經 紀之市場買入報價釐定。

33. INVENTORIES

Finished goods 製成品 Raw materials 原材料 Consumables 消耗品

All inventories were stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

33. 存貨

	2014
2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,564	2,052
969	123
-	1,318
2,533	3,493

所有存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中較低列 脹。

34. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

34. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項 及預付款項

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	應收貿易款項	13,794	113,372
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	減:呆賬撥備	(1,479)	(1,887)
		12,315	111,485
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	280,251	366,479
Other receivables	其他應收款項	7,072,207	167,000
		7,364,773	644,964
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	作報告用途之分析:		
Non-current	非流動性質	3,998,358	_
Current	流動性質	3,366,415	644,964
Current	//1.到 1.1.1	3,300,413	044,304
		7,364,773	644,964

Included in trade receivables mainly comprised rental receivables billed in advance and settlements from tenants which are expected upon receipts of billings, properties sales proceeds receivables and receivable from hotel operation.

The Group maintains a defined credit policy to assess the credit quality of each counterparty. The collection is closely monitored to minimise any credit risk associated with these trade receivables. Considerations in respect of sold properties are payable by the purchasers pursuant to the terms of the sales and purchase agreements. Rental in respect of leased properties are payable in advance by the tenants. Other trade debtors settle their accounts according to the payment terms as stated in the respective contracts.

應收貿易款項主要包括預先開單而預期租戶 會於收到租單後支付之應收租金、物業銷售應 收款項及來自酒店業務之應收款項。

本集團已制訂明確之信貸政策,以評估每名交易方之信貸質素。本集團密切監察收款情況, 務求盡量減低該等應收貿易款項有關之信貸風險。買方須根據買賣協議之條款支付已售物業 之代價。租賃物業之租金須由租戶預先支付。 其他貿易債務人根據個別合約內列明之付款 條款清還賬項。

34. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (Cont'd)

The following is the aged analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts), presented based on the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period:

34. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項 及預付款項(續)

根據各項收入之確認日期呈列之應收貿易款 項(扣除呆賬撥備)於報告期末之賬齡分析如

0 – 30 days	零至三十日
31 – 60 days	三十一日至六十日
61 – 90 days	六十一日至九十日
Over 90 days	九十日以上

2015	2014		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
2,443	17,619		
649	85,866		
362	299		
8,861	7,701		
12,315	111,485		

The following is the aged analysis of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

已逾期但未被減值之應收貿易款項之賬齡分 析如下:

0 – 30 days	零至三十日
31 – 60 days	三十一日至六十日
61 – 90 days	六十一日至九十日
Over 90 days	九十日以上

2015	2014		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
1,303	12,154		
320	21,775		
-	_		
8,373	7,236		
9,996	41,165		

34. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (Cont'd)

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:

34. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項 及預付款項(續)

呆賬準備之變動:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1st January	於一月一日	1,887	2,177
Amount recovered during the year	本年度已收回款項	(94)	(394)
Impairment losses (reversed)	就應收貿易款項(撥回)確認之		
recognised in respect of trade receivables	減值虧損	(307)	104
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(7)	_
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	1,479	1,887

For those past due but not impaired receivables, except for the sale of properties developed by the Group, although the Group does not hold any collateral as security, the Group has assessed the creditworthiness, past payment history and substantial settlement after the end of the reporting period, and considers that the amounts are still recoverable and no further credit provision is required in excess of allowance for doubtful debts.

Trade receivables over 90 days comprising rental receivables of approximately HK\$8,373,000 (2014: HK\$7,236,000) which are sufficiently covered by rental deposits received from the respective tenants, and no allowance is required for these receivables under the Group's allowance policy.

Trade receivables which are neither overdue nor impaired are in good quality.

Included in debtors, deposits, other receivables and prepayments are consideration receivables of approximately HK\$6,808,466,000 in respect of deferred considerations of the Chengdu Project Disposal and the Chongqing Project Disposal.

就已逾期但無減值之應收款項而言,雖然本集 團並無持有任何抵押品作擔保(除了由本集團 發展之物業銷售外),本集團已就其信譽、過 往還款記錄及於報告期末後之主要結賬作出 評估,並認為該數額仍可收回,無需要作進一 步(多於呆賬撥備)之信貸撥備。

超過九十日之應收貿易款項包括應收租金約 8,373,000港元(二零一四年:7,236,000港元) (其足以被所收該等租戶之租金訂金所保障), 根據本集團之撥備政策,無須為該等應收款項 作出撥備。

既無逾期亦無減值之應收貿易款項之質素良 好。

應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及預付款項包括有關成都項目出售及重慶項目出售之遞延代價之應收代價約6,808,466,000港元。

34. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (Cont'd)

The consideration of the Chengdu Project Disposal was HK\$6,500,000,000 of which 10% was received from Shengyu as at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the equity and debt transfer agreement of the Chengdu Project Disposal dated 14th July, 2015, the remaining 90% of the cash consideration receivable from the Chengdu Project Disposal amounting to HK\$5,850,000,000 would be received in 4 instalments within 24 months from the date of the disposal agreement. As at the end of the reporting period, the 90% of the cash consideration receivable initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost was recorded as other receivables in which the amount of approximately HK\$3,158,744,000 to be received after one year was shown as non-current.

The consideration of the Chongqing Project Disposal was HK\$1,750,000,000 of which 15% was received from Shengyu as at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the equity and debt receivable transfer agreement of the Chongqing Project Disposal dated 19th October, 2015, the remaining 85% of the cash consideration receivable from the Chongqing Project Disposal amounting to HK\$1,487,500,000 would be received in 4 instalments within 24 months from the date of the disposal agreement. As at the end of the reporting period, the 85% of the cash consideration receivable initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost was recorded as other receivables in which the amount of approximately HK\$839,614,000 to be received after one year was shown as non-current.

Included in other receivables is the outstanding claim receivable from Shantou City Planning and State-owned Land Resources Bureau ("Chenghai Bureau") with the principal amount of approximately RMB45,512,000 (equivalent to HK\$53,640,000) (2014: RMB49,107,000 (equivalent to HK\$61,281,000)) for the recovery of the down payment made by the Group for the acquisition of the property interests located in Chenghai Royal Garden, Shantou, PRC. The down payment was fully impaired in prior years. On 5th December, 2012, the Shantou City Intermediate People's Court ("Intermediate Court") delivered a judgment in favour of the Group and upheld the majority claims of the Group. On 26th February, 2014, the High People's Court of Guangdong Province declared its judgment on 3rd December, 2013, which upheld the ruling of the Intermediate Court and dismissed the appeals of the Group and Chenghai Bureau, became effective on 23rd February, 2014. During the year ended 31st December, 2015, the Group received RMB6,000,000 (2014: nil) including the interest as partial satisfaction of the enforcement. Up to the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, the enforcement of the judgment is still in progress.

34. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及預付款項(續)

成都項目出售之代價為6,500,000,000港元, 其中10%已於報告期末從盛譽收取。根據訂立 日期為二零一五年七月十四日之成都項目出 售之股權及債權轉讓協議,餘下90%(金額為 5,850,000,000港元)之成都項目出售之應收現 金代價將從出售協議日期起二十四個月內分 四期收取。於報告期末,該90%應收現金代價 初步按公平值確認並其後按攤銷成本計量,列 入其他應收賬項。其中金額約3,158,744,000港 元將於一年後收取,並列作非流動性質。

重慶項目出售之代價為1,750,000,000港元,其中15%已於報告期末從盛譽收取。根據訂立日期為二零一五年十月十九日之重慶項目出售之股權及應收債權轉讓協議,餘下85%(金額為1,487,500,000港元)之重慶項目出售之應收現金代價將從出售協議日期起二十四個月內分四期收取。於報告期末,該85%應收現金代價初步按公平值確認並其後按攤銷成本計量,列入其他應收賬項。其中金額約839,614,000港元將於一年後收取,並列作非流動性質。

其他應收賬款項包括汕頭市規劃與國土資源 局(「澄海當局」)未償還之應收索償之本金 約人民幣45,512,000(相當於53,640,000港 元)(二零一四年:人民幣49,107,000(相當於 61,281,000港元)),為收回本集團購買位於中 國汕頭市澄海海麗花園之物業權益之定金。定 金已於過往年度悉數減值。於二零一二年十二 月五日,汕頭市中級人民法院(「中級法院」) 作出判決,支持本集團大部分訴訟請求。於二 零一四年二月二十六日,廣東省高級人民法院 宣判其於二零一三年十二月三日之判決,即本 集團及澄海當局之上訴均不獲支持,駁回上 訴,維持中級法院原判,並於二零一四年二月 二十三日生效。截至二零一五年十二月三十一 日止年度內,本集團收回人民幣6,000,000(二 零一四年:無),包括部分作為利息之執行款。 截至批准本綜合財務報表日期,執行判決仍在 進行當中。

35. CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

Included in creditors and accruals are trade payables of approximately HK\$64,975,000 (2014: HK\$416,771,000).

The following is the aged analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period:

35. 應付賬項及應計款項

應付賬項及應計款項包括應付貿易賬項約 64,975,000港元(二零一四年:416,771,000港 元)。

應付貿易賬項於報告期末之賬齡分析如下:

2017

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
0 - 90 days 零至九十日	50,813	27,961
Over 90 days 九十日以上	14,162	388,810
	64,975	416,771

36. BORROWINGS

36. 借貸

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Secured bank loans repayable	須於下列期間償還之有抵押		
within a period of:	銀行貸款:		
Less than one year	一年以下	3,261,994	4,994,263
More than one year but within two years	一年以上但不超逾兩年	175,000	7,969,143
More than two years but within five years	兩年以上但不超逾五年	5,705,000	1,871,850
		9,141,994	14,835,256
Other secured loans repayable within one year	須於一年內償還之其他有抵押貸款	5,389,779	1,713,672
		14,531,773	16,548,928
Less: Amounts due within one year	減:一年內到期之款項	(8,651,773)	(6,707,935)
Amounts due after one year	一年後到期之款項	5,880,000	9,840,993

36. BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

The bank loans denominated in HK\$ are variable-rate borrowings which carry interest ranging from HIBOR plus 0.70% to 2.00% or Prime minus 3.90% (2014: HIBOR plus 1.25% to 2.35% or cost of fund plus 2.25%) per annum.

The loan denominated in GBP from a financial institution carries interest at a fixed rate of 5.97% (2014: 5.97%) per annum. The weighted average effective interest rate is 3.50% (2014: 3.50%) per annum.

As at 31st December, 2014, the variable-rate bank loans denominated in RMB carried interest at 110% of People's Bank of China base rate per annum as announced by the People's Bank of China. The bank loan has been deconsolidated to the Group upon completion of the Chengdu Project Disposal.

Other loans are variable-rate borrowings which carry interest at costs of funds of individual financial institutions plus 0.35% to 0.75% (2014: 0.25% to 0.35%) per annum.

The Group's borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than HK\$ are set out below:

US\$	美元
GBP	英鎊
SGD	新加坡元
EUR	歐元
RMB	人民幣

36. 借貸(續)

以港元計值之銀行貸款為浮息借貸,年息按香港銀行同業拆息加0.70厘至2.00厘不等或按最優惠利率減3.90厘(二零一四年:香港銀行同業拆息加1.25厘至2.35厘不等或按資金成本加2.25厘)。

以英鎊計值之金融機構貸款按定息年利率5.97 厘計算(二零一四年:5.97厘)。加權平均實際 年利率為3.50厘(二零一四年:3.50厘)。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,以人民幣計值 之浮息銀行貸款按中國人民銀行公布之中國 人民銀行基準年利率之110%計息。於成都項 目出售完成後,該銀行貸款不再於本集團綜合 入賬。

其他貸款為浮息借貸,年息按個別金融機構資金成本加0.35厘至0.75厘(二零一四年:0.25厘至0.35厘)計算。

本集團以港元以外貨幣計值之借貸如下:

2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,712,264	10,140
2,788,263	3,173,538
411,880	_
52,988	_
-	1,871,850
6,965,395	5,055,528

37. PROVISIONS

37. 撥備

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Provision for rental guarantee:	租金擔保撥備: 於一月一日		550.47
At 1st January Recognised for the year	本年度確認	28,818 -	57,943 3,627
Underprovision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足 於本年度內扣減	8	5,146
Reduction during the year	於 平 十反內扣,	(27,577)	(37,898)
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	1,249	28,818
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	作報告用途之分析:		
Current Non-current	流動性質 非流動性質	1,249	27,561 1,257
			.,257
		1,249	28,818

Pursuant to the terms and conditions contained in the sale and purchase agreements for sales of the Properties, the Vendor is only required to deliver vacant possession of the Properties to the Properties Purchasers two years (or, at the right of the Vendor, for a further period of not more than six months) after completion ("Deferred Vacant Possession Period"). The Vendor shall guarantee the Properties Purchasers the monthly rental income ("Guaranteed Monthly Rental Income"), which is payable monthly in arrears, during the Deferred Vacant Possession Period.

Provision for rental guarantee represented the best estimate by the management of the Group on the shortfall between the expected monthly rental income receivable from tenants and the Guaranteed Monthly Rental Income during the Deferred Vacant Possession Period.

根據出售該等物業之買賣合約所載之條款及條件,賣方須於交易完成兩年後(或賣方有權押後最多六個月)向物業買方交出該等物業之空置管有權(「空置管有權押後期」)。賣方擔保物業買方於空置管有權押後期每月租金收入(「保證每月租金收入」)(以每月期末支付方式)。

租金擔保撥備指本集團管理層於空置管有權 押後期就每月預期應收租金收入與保證每月 租金收入之差額所作出之最佳估計。

38. SHARE CAPITAL

38. 股本

Movements in the share capital of the Company during the year were as follows:

於本年度內本公司之股本變動如下:

		Number of shares 股份數目		Share capital 股本	
		2015	2014	2015 HK\$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	每股面值0.10港元之普通股				
Authorised: At 1st January and 31st December	法定股本: 於一月一日及十二月三十一日	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	500,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1st January and 31st December	已發行及繳足股本: 於一月一日及十二月三十一日	1,907,619,079	1,907,619,079	190,762	190,762

39. AMOUNTS DUE TO ASSOCIATES, INVESTEE COMPANIES AND NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

The amounts due to associates, investee companies and non-controlling shareholders are unsecured and interest-free, except for a principal amount of approximately HK\$180,578,000 (2014: HK\$163,698,000) due to a non-controlling shareholder carries interest at 11.25% per annum from 1st January to 31st October, 2015 and interest-free thereafter (from 1st January to 31st December, 2014: 11.25% per annum). The associates, investee companies and non-controlling shareholders will not demand for repayment within one year from the end of the reporting period and the amounts are therefore shown as non-current.

39. 欠負聯營公司、接受投資公司 及非控股股東款項

欠負聯營公司、接受投資公司及非控股股東款項均為無抵押及免息、除欠負一間非控股股東之本金約180,578,000港元(二零一四年:163,698,000港元)為計息(由二零一五年一月一日至十月三十一日年利率為11.25厘及隨後為免息(由二零一四年一月一日至十二月三十一日:11.25厘))款項。該等聯營公司、接受投資公司及非控股股東不會於報告期末起一年內要求償還、故該等款項列作非流動性質。

40. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following is the major deferred tax liabilities provided (assets recognised) by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods:

40. 遞延税項

Accolorated

以下為本集團於本報告期間及過往報告期間 作出撥備之主要遞延税項負債(確認資產)及 其變動:

			Accelerated		
		Investment	tax		
		properties	depreciation	Tax losses	Total
		投資物業	加速税項折舊	税務虧損	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1st January, 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	668,320	33,235	(29,307)	672,248
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	230	333	563
Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 18) Transferred to liabilities directly associated with assets classified	於綜合全面收益報表扣除 (附註18) 轉撥至與列為持作出售之 資產直接相關之負債	8,329	4,452	10,338	23,119
as held for sale (Note 12)	貝连且按伯爾之貝貝 (附註12)	(41,583)	2,253	4	(39,326)
At 31st December, 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	635,066	40,170	(18,632)	656,604
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(48)	144	97	193
Charged to the consolidated statement	於綜合全面收益報表扣除				
of comprehensive income (Note 18) Transferred to liabilities directly	(附註18) 轉撥至與列為持作出售之	142,944	4,027	15,281	162,252
associated with assets classified	資產直接相關之負債				
as held for sale (Note 12)	(附註12)	(18,060)	453	-	(17,607)
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司				
(Note 41(b), (c))	(附註41(b)、(c))	(253,963)	6,821	_	(247,142)
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	505,939	51.615	(3,254)	554,300
At 313t Detellibel, 2013	バーマ ユギーーカニー 日	505,539	31,013	(3,234)	334,300

For the purpose of the presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax liabilities and assets have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就綜合財務狀況報表之呈列,若干遞延税項負 債及資產已作對銷。就財務報告用途之遞延税 項結餘分析如下:

Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產

2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
558,580	667,841
(4,280)	(11,237)
554,300	656,604

40. DEFERRED TAXATION (Cont'd)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has the following major unrecognised deferred tax assets due to the unpredictability of the future profit streams.

Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊
Tax losses 税務虧損

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's unused tax losses not recognised of approximately HK\$7,693,000 (2014: HK\$178,081,000) will expire in one to five years. Other unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely and subject to the confirmation from the respective tax authority.

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION

Disposals of subsidiaries

(a) Chongqing Project Disposal on 27th October, 2015

On 19th October, 2015, Evergo Holdings (China) Company Limited ("Evergo"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Shengyu entered into an equity and debt receivable transfer agreement, pursuant to which Evergo agreed to sell and Shengyu agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Million Castle.

The Chongqing Project Disposal was completed on 27th October, 2015 at a consideration of HK\$1,750,000,000. Upon completion, Million Castle ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and its results, assets and liabilities were ceased to be consolidated with those of the Group.

Details of the Chongqing Project Disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 19th October, 2015.

40. 搋延税項(續)

於報告期末,本集團有以下因難以預料未來溢利而未確認之主要遞延税項資產。

2014
HK\$'000
千港元
(103,123)
(445,166)
(548,289)

於報告期末,本集團於一至五年內到期未被確認之未使用稅務虧損約7,693,000港元(二零一四年:178,081,000港元)。其餘未確認之稅務虧損可無限期結轉,並須待相關稅務局確認。

41. 業務合併

出售附屬公司

(a) 於二零一五年十月二十七日之重慶項目 出售

於二零一五年十月十九日,愛美高集團 (中國)有限公司(「愛美高」)(本公司 之一間間接全資擁有附屬公司)與盛譽訂 立一項股權及應收債權轉讓協議。據此, 愛美高同意出售及盛譽同意購買Million Castle之全部已發行股本。

重慶項目出售於二零一五年十月二十七日完成,代價為1,750,000,000港元。於完成後,Million Castle不再為本公司之一間附屬公司,其業績、資產及負債已不再計入本集團之綜合業績、資產及負債內。

重慶項目出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一五年十月十九日之公布內。

41. 業務合併(續)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

出售附屬公司(續)

(a) Chongqing Project Disposal on 27th October, 2015 (a) 於二零一五年十月二十七日之重慶項目 (Cont'd)

出售(續)

		2015
		HK\$'000
		千港元
The net assets of Million Castle as at	Million Castle於出售日期之	
the date of disposal were as follows:	資產淨值如下:	
Interest in an associate	一間聯營公司權益	73,522
Advance to an associate	墊付一間聯營公司款項	1,532,321
Amount due to the Group	欠負本集團款項	(1,531,542)
Net cooks for our dief	山在次文证店	74 701
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	74,301
Sale of amount due to the Group	銷售欠負本集團款項	1,531,542
Release of translation reserve upon disposal	於出售時撥回之匯兑儲備	(107,383)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益	118,421
		1,616,881
	N T 51 + + + + .	
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	262,500
Present value of deferred consideration (note)	遞延代價之現值(附註)	1,354,829
		1,617,329
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(448)
		1,616,881
		1,010,001
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售時產生之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	1,750,000
Cash consideration receivable (note)	應收現金代價(附註)	(1,487,500)
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	262,500
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(448)
,		(310)
		262,052

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

(a) Chongqing Project Disposal on 27th October, 2015 (Cont'd)

The gain on the Chongqing Project Disposal was included in other gains and losses, net (Note 15(iii)) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Note: The deferred consideration represents the consideration of HK\$1,487,500,000 receivable in cash by instalments within 24 months from the date of the equity and debt receivable transfer agreement.

(b) Chengdu Project Disposal on 30th July, 2015

On 14th July, 2015, Evergo and Shengyu entered into an equity and debt transfer agreement, pursuant to which Evergo agreed to sell and Shengyu agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Lucky Benefit and Rising Sheen.

The Chengdu Project Disposal was completed on 30th July, 2015 at a consideration of HK\$6,500,000,000. Upon completion, the Chengdu Project ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and their consolidated results, assets and liabilities were ceased to be consolidated with those of the Group.

Details of the Chengdu Project Disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 14th July, 2015.

41. 業務合併(續)

出售附屬公司(續)

(a) 於二零一五年十月二十七日之重慶項目 出售(續)

重慶項目出售之收益已計入綜合全面 收益報表之其他收益及虧損淨額(附註 15(iii))內。

附註: 遞延代價乃指隨股權及應收債權轉 讓協議日期起二十四個月內分期以 現金收取之應收代價1,487,500,000 港元。

(b) 於二零一五年七月三十日之成都項目出 售

於二零一五年七月十四日,愛美高與盛譽訂立一項股權及債權轉讓協議。據此,愛美高同意出售及盛譽同意購買Lucky Benefit及升亮之全部已發行股本。

成都項目出售於二零一五年七月三十日 完成,代價為6,500,000,000港元。於完 成後,成都項目不再為本公司之附屬公司,其綜合業績、資產及負債已不再計入 本集團之綜合業績、資產及負債內。

成都項目出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一五年七月十四日之公布內。

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont'd) 41. 業務合併(續)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

出售附屬公司(續)

(b) Chengdu Project Disposal on 30th July, 2015 (Cont'd) (b) 於二零一五年七月三十日之成都項目出

售(續)

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元
The consolidated net assets of the Chengdu Project as at the date of disposal were as follows:	成都項目於出售日期之 綜合資產淨值如下:	
Investment properties	投資物業	4,941,632
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,198,461
Available-for-sale investment	待售投資	361,054
Pledged deposit	抵押存款	409,071
Stock of properties	物業存貨	855,386
Inventories	存貨	1,425
Debtors, deposits, other receivables and	應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及	
prepayments	預付款項	98,708
Tax recoverable	可收回税款	14,156
Time deposits, bank balances and cash	定期存款、銀行結餘及現金	656,772
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	(358,699)
Deposits and receipts in advance	按金及預收款項	(128,635)
Tax liabilities	税項負債	(595)
Financial guarantee liabilities	財務擔保負債	(160)
Borrowings	借貸	(1,869,450)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(231,667)
Amount due to the Group	欠負本集團款項	(4,604,511)
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	1,342,948
Sale of amount due to the Group	銷售欠負本集團款項	4,604,511
Release of translation reserve upon disposal	於出售時撥回之匯兑儲備	(774,867)
Gain on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	707,492
		5,880,084

41. 業務合併(續)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

出售附屬公司(續)

(b) Chengdu Project Disposal on 30th July, 2015 (Cont'd)

(b) 於二零一五年七月三十日之成都項目出 售(續)

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	650,000
Present value of deferred consideration (note)	遞延代價之現值(附註)	5,244,372
	U () () () ()	5,894,372
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(14,288)
		5,880,084
		3,000,004
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售時產生之現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	6,500,000
Cash consideration receivable (note)	應收現金代價(附註)	(5,850,000)
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	650,000
		650,000
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(14,288)
Time deposits, bank balances and cash	已出售之定期存款、銀行結餘 及現金	(656.772)
disposed of		(656,772)
Pledged deposit disposed of	已出售之抵押存款	(409,071)
		(430,131)

The gain on the Chengdu Project Disposal was included in other gains and losses, net (Note 15(i)) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Note: The deferred consideration represents the consideration of HK\$5,850,000,000 receivable in cash by instalments within 24 months from the date of the equity and debt transfer agreement.

成都項目出售之收益已計入綜合全面 收益報表之其他收益及虧損淨額(附註 15(i))內。

附註: 遞延代價乃指隨股權及債權轉讓協 議日期起二十四個月內分期以現金 收取之應收代價5,850,000,000港 元。

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont'd)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

(c) Disposal of the One Group to a connected person on 15th July, 2015

On 12th December, 2014, (i) Rich Lucky Limited ("Rich Lucky"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; (ii) the Company, being the guarantor of Rich Lucky; (iii) Market Victory Limited ("Market Victory"), a company wholly-owned by Mr. Joseph Lau; and (iv) Mr. Joseph Lau, being the guarantor of Market Victory, entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which Rich Lucky agreed to sell and Market Victory agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Asian East.

The One Disposal was completed on 15th July, 2015 at a consideration of approximately HK\$5,020,556,000. Upon completion, the One Group ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and its consolidated results, assets and liabilities were ceased to be consolidated with those of the Group.

Upon completion of the One Disposal, the Group recorded gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$212,332,000. The gain was mainly derived from the decrease in fair value of the investment properties of HK\$215,000,000 due to revaluation of the investment properties as at 30th June, 2015 (which is carried out in accordance with the Group's accounting policies on revaluation of the Group's investment properties as at reporting date) as compared with the property valuation under the sale and purchase agreement of the One Disposal dated 12th December, 2014.

Details of the One Disposal were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 12th December, 2014, 15th July, 2015 and 13th August, 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 7th January, 2015.

41. 業務合併(續)

出售附屬公司(續)

(c) 於二零一五年七月十五日出售One集團 予關連人士

於二零一四年十二月十二日,(i) Rich Lucky Limited (「Rich Lucky」),本公司之一間間接全資擁有附屬公司;(ii)本公司,作為Rich Lucky擔保人;(iii) Market Victory Limited (「Market Victory」),一間由劉鑾雄先生全資擁有之公司;及(iv) 劉鑾雄先生,作為Market Victory擔保人,訂立一項買賣協議。據此,Rich Lucky同意出售及Market Victory同意購買Asian East之全部已發行股本。

One出售於二零一五年七月十五日完成, 代價約為5,020,556,000港元。於完成 後,One集團不再為本公司之附屬公司, 其綜合業績、資產及負債已不再計入本 集團之綜合業績、資產及負債內。

於One出售完成後,本集團錄得出售附屬公司之收益約212,332,000港元。該收益主要來自於二零一五年六月三十日就投資物業進行重估(按照本集團的會計政策對本集團之投資物業於報告日期進行重估),較日期為二零一四年十二月十二日之One出售買賣協議內之物業估值,投資物業公平值減少為215,000,000港元。

One出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為 二零一四年十二月十二日、二零一五年 七月十五日及二零一五年八月十三日之 公布以及二零一五年一月七日之通函 內。

41. 業務合併(續)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

出售附屬公司(續)

(c) Disposal of the One Group to a connected person on **15th July, 2015** (Cont'd)

(c) 於二零一五年七月十五日出售One集團 予關連人士(續)

		2015 HK\$'000
		千港元
The consolidated net assets of the One Group	One集團於出售日期之	
as at the date of disposal were as follows:	綜合資產淨值如下:	
Investment properties	投資物業	7,665,000
Equipment	設備	1,590
Debtors, deposits, other receivables and	應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及 預付款項	34,808
prepayments Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	34,606 37,625
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	(17,026)
Deposits and receipts in advance	按金及預收款項	(158,596)
Tax liabilities	税項負債	(4,370)
Borrowings	借貸	(2,738,000)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(15,475)
Amount due to the Group	欠負本集團款項	(2,203,689)
· ·		
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	2,601,867
Sale of amount due to the Group	銷售欠負本集團款項	2,203,689
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	212,332
		F 017 000
		5,017,888
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	5,020,556
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(2,668)
		F 017 000
		5,017,888
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售時產生之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	5,020,556
Settled by special interim dividend (note)	以特別中期股息支付(附註)	(3,478,022)
Settled by special interim dividend (note)	W(1971) WINOS 1 (11) HE)	(2)112,022,
Net cash consideration received	已收現金代價淨額	1,542,534
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(2,668)
Bank balances and cash disposed of	已出售之銀行結餘及現金	(37,625)
		1,502,241

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

(c) Disposal of the One Group to a connected person on 15th July, 2015 (Cont'd)

The gain on the One Disposal was included in other gains and losses, net (Note 15(ii)) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Note: Market Victory has elected to settle the consideration by procuring Mr. Joseph Lau's entitlement on the special interim dividend (Note 19(d)) in an amount of approximately HK\$3,478,022,000.

(d) Disposal of the Silvercord Group to connected persons on 13th January, 2015

The Silvercord Disposal was completed on 13th January, 2015 at a total consideration of approximately HK\$7,656,149,000. Upon completion, the Silvercord Group ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and its consolidated results, assets and liabilities were ceased to be consolidated with those of the Group.

Upon completion of the Silvercord Disposal, the Group recorded loss on disposals of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$97,235,000. The loss was mainly derived from the increase in fair value of the investment properties of HK\$93,200,000 due to revaluation of the investment properties as at 31st December, 2014 (which is carried out in accordance with the Group's accounting policies on revaluation of the Group's investment properties as at reporting date) as compared with the property valuation under the sale and purchase agreements of the Silvercord Disposal dated 1st September, 2014.

Details of the Silvercord Disposal were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 2nd September, 2014 and 13th January, 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 23rd September, 2014.

41. 業務合併(續)

出售附屬公司(續)

(c) 於二零一五年七月十五日出售One集團 予關連人士(續)

One出售之收益已計入綜合全面收益報表之其他收益及虧損淨額(附註15(ii))內。

附註: Market Victory選擇以劉鑾雄先生之特別中期股息權利(附註19(d))用作支付代價,金額約為3,478,022,000港元。

(d) 於二零一五年一月十三日出售銀高集團 予關連人士

銀高出售於二零一五年一月十三日完成,總代價約為7,656,149,000港元。於完成後,銀高集團已不再為本公司之附屬公司,其綜合業績、資產及負債已不再計入本集團之綜合業績、資產及負債內。

於銀高出售完成後,本集團錄得出售附屬公司之虧損約為97,235,000港元。該虧損主要來自於二零一四年十二月三十一日就投資物業進行重估(按照本集團的會計政策對本集團之投資物業於報告日期進行重估),較日期為二零一四年九月一日之銀高出售買賣協議內之物業估值,投資物業公平值增加為93,200,000港元。

銀高出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為 二零一四年九月二日及二零一五年一 月十三日之公布以及二零一四年九月 二十三日之通函內。

41. 業務合併(續)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

出售附屬公司(續)

(d) Disposal of the Silvercord Group to connected persons on 13th January, 2015 (Cont'd)

(d) 於二零一五年一月十三日出售銀高集團 予關連人士(續)

		2015
		HK\$'000
		千港元
The consolidated net assets of	銀高集團於出售日期之	
the Silvercord Group as at the date of	綜合資產淨值如下:	
disposal were as follows:	Les See al. Alle	
Investment properties	投資物業	9,388,280
Equipment	設備	3
Debtors, deposits, other receivables and	應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及	
prepayments	預付款項	48,917
Tax recoverable	可收回税款	1
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	95,018
Amount due from the Group	本集團欠負款項	424,226
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	(7,192)
Deposits and receipts in advance	按金及預收款項 税項負債	(217,539)
Tax liabilities		(18,714)
Borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	借貸 遞延税項負債	(1,500,000)
		(39,425)
Amount due to the Group	人 貝华朱圉孙坦	(7,538,215)
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	675 760
Sale of amount due to the Group	山台貝座伊祖 銷售欠負本集團款項	635,360
Assumption of amount due from the Group	新告入員	7,538,215
Loss on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損	(424,226) (97,235)
Loss of disposals of subsidiaries	山台門燭ム門之間识	(91,233)
		7,652,114
		1,032,114
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	7,656,149
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(4,035)
Expenses incurred for disposal	п в претим	(4,033)
		7,652,114
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售時產生之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	7,656,149
Settled by special interim dividend (note)	以特別中期股息支付(附註)	(5,350,803)
(133)		(1,223,235)
Net cash consideration received	已收現金代價淨額	2,305,346
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(4,035)
Bank balances and cash disposed of	已出售之銀行結餘及現金	(95,018)
·		
		2,206,293

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

(d) Disposal of the Silvercord Group to connected persons on 13th January, 2015 (Cont'd)

The loss on the Silvercord Disposal was included in other gains and losses, net (Note 15(iv)) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Note: Fly High Target has elected to settle the consideration by procuring Mr. Joseph Lau's entitlement on the special interim dividend (Note 19(c)) in an amount of approximately HK\$5,350,803,000.

(e) Disposal of the Moon Ocean Group to a connected person on 31st October, 2014

On 1st September, 2014, (i) Data Dynasty Limited ("Data Dynasty"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; (ii) the Company, being the guarantor of Data Dynasty; (iii) One Midland Limited ("One Midland"), a company wholly-owned by Mr. Joseph Lau; and (iv) Mr. Joseph Lau, being the guarantor of One Midland, entered into a sale and purchase agreement, namely "Moon Ocean SP Agreement", pursuant to which Data Dynasty agreed to sell and One Midland agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Value Eight. The Moon Ocean Disposal was completed on 31st October, 2014 at a consideration of approximately HK\$4,876,162,000 (after adjustment). Upon completion, the Moon Ocean Group ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and its consolidated results, assets and liabilities were ceased to be consolidated with those of the Group.

Details of the Moon Ocean Disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 2nd September, 2014 and the circular of the Company dated 23rd September, 2014.

41. 業務合併(續)

出售附屬公司(續)

(d) 於二零一五年一月十三日出售銀高集團 予關連人士(續)

銀高出售之虧損已計入綜合全面收益報表之其他收益及虧損淨額(附註15(iv))內。

附註: Fly High Target選擇以劉鑾雄先生之特別中期股息權利(附註19(c))用作支付代價,金額約為5,350,803,000港元。

(e) 於二零一四年十月三十一日出售Moon Ocean集團予關連人士

於二零一四年九月一日,(i) Data Dynasty Limited(「Data Dynasty」),本公司之 一間間接全資擁有附屬公司; (ii)本公 司,作為Data Dynasty擔保人;(iii) One Midland Limited ($\lceil One Midland \rfloor$), — 間由劉鑾雄先生全資擁有之公司;及(iv) 劉鑾雄先生,作為One Midland擔保人, 訂立一項買賣協議(名為「Moon Ocean 買賣協議」)。據此,Data Dynasty同意出 售及One Midland同意購買Value Eight之 全部已發行股本。Moon Ocean出售於二 零一四年十月三十一日完成,代價約為 4,876,162,000港元(經調整後)。於完 成後, Moon Ocean集團不再為本公司之 附屬公司,其綜合業績、資產及負債已不 再計入本集團之綜合業績、資產及負債 內。

Moon Ocean出售之詳情已載列於本公司 日期為二零一四年九月二日之公布及二 零一四年九月二十三日之通函內。

41. 業務合併(續)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

出售附屬公司(續)

(e) Disposal of the Moon Ocean Group to a connected person on 31st October, 2014 (Cont'd)

(e) 於二零一四年十月三十一日出售Moon Ocean集團予關連人士(續)

> 2014 HK\$'000 千港元

The consolidated net liabilities of	Moon Ocean集團於出售日期之	
the Moon Ocean Group as at	綜合負債淨值如下:	
the date of disposal were as follows:		
Equipment	設備	265
Debtors, deposits, other receivables and	應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及	
prepayments	預付款項	1,972,919
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	1,234
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	(3,594)
Deposits received	已收按金	(15,986)
Amount due to the Group	欠負本集團款項	(4,358,618)
Net liabilities disposed of	出售負債淨值	(2,403,780)
Sale of amount due to the Group	銷售欠負本集團款項	4,358,618
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	2,917,579
		4,872,417
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	4,876,162
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(3,745)
		4,872,417
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售時產生之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	4,876,162
Settled by special interim dividend (note)	以特別中期股息支付(附註)	(3,411,137)
Net cash consideration received	已收現金代價淨額	1,465,025
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(3,745)
Bank balances and cash disposed of	已出售之銀行結餘及現金	(1,234)
		1 460 040

1,460,046

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont'd)

Disposals of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

(e) Disposal of the Moon Ocean Group to a connected person on 31st October, 2014 (Cont'd)

The gain on the Moon Ocean Disposal was included in other gains and losses, net (Note 15(v)) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Note: One Midland has elected to settle the consideration by procuring Mr. Joseph Lau's entitlement on the special interim dividend for 2014 (Note 19(f)) in an amount of approximately HK\$3,411,137,000.

42. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have major non-cash transactions.

41. 業務合併(續)

出售附屬公司(續)

(e) 於二零一四年十月三十一日出售Moon Ocean集團予關連人士(續)

Moon Ocean 出售之收益已計入綜合全面收益報表之其他收益及虧損淨額(附註15(v))內。

附註: One Midland選擇以劉鑾雄先生之 二零一四年特別中期股息權利(附 註19(f))用作支付代價,金額約為 3,411,137,000港元。

42. 主要非現金交易

除本綜合財務報表其他部分所披露外,本集團 並無主要非現金交易。

43. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the assets pledged by the Group to secure general banking and other loan facilities and to secure the securities transactions, granted to the Group are analysed as follows:

43. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團為取得可供本集團動用之 一般銀行及其他貸款融資以及證券交易而抵 押之資產賬面值分析如下:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Investment properties (note)	投資物業(附註)	26,527,838	44,156,883
Property, plant and equipment (note)	物業、廠房及設備(附註)	505,491	1,509,343
Stock of properties	物業存貨	958,000	-
Investments held-for-trading	持作買賣之投資	364,244	472,551
Financial assets designated as at fair value	指定為通過損益以反映公平值之		
through profit or loss	金融資產	11,069,270	4,576,112
Non-current pledged deposits	非流動抵押存款	24,557	438,994
Current pledged deposits (note)	流動抵押存款(附註)	237,506	429,689
		39,686,906	51,583,572

As at 31st December, 2015 and 2014, interests in certain subsidiaries of the Company have been pledged as part of the security to secure certain bank borrowings granted to the Group. As at 31st December 2014, the Group has subordinated and assigned its advances to associates of approximately HK\$1,679,399,000 to financial institutions to secure general banking credit facilities granted to associates.

Note: Included the respective items presented as assets classified as held for sale.

於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日, 於本公司於若干附屬公司之權益則已質押作為 本集團獲授若干銀行借貸之部分抵押。於二零 一四年十二月三十一日,本集團已就聯營公司 獲授之銀行一般信貸將其墊付該等聯營公司款 項約1,679,399,000港元轉歸及授讓予金融機 構。

附註:包括相關項目呈列為持作出售之資產。

44. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

44. 資本承擔

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Authorised and contracted for:	已批准及已簽約:		
Development expenditure of properties	香港物業發展開支		
in Hong Kong		102,257	282,471
Development expenditure of properties	中國大陸物業發展開支		
in Mainland China (note (i))	(附註(i))	-	1,118,186
Renovation of properties	翻新物業	6,997	-
Investee company's contribution	接受投資公司之注資	171,600	343,200
Capital investment in limited partnership	有限合夥企業之資本投資		
(notes (ii) and (iii))	(附註(ii)及(iii))	126,901	314,215
Purchase of equipment	購買設備	-	2,005
		407,755	2,060,077

As at 31st December, 2014, the Group's associate had capital commitments which were authorised and contracted for of approximately HK\$877,856,000, of which the Group's share of commitments amounted to approximately HK\$219,464,000. The capital commitments no longer exist upon completion of the Chongqing Project Disposal.

Notes:

- (i) The capital commitments relating to Chengdu properties no longer exist upon completion of the Chengdu Project Disposal.
- (ii) The Group entered into a subscription agreement for commitment in contribution of US\$100,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$774,990,000) in the Cayman Islands Partnership. Up to the end of the reporting period, approximately US\$83,625,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$648,214,000) among the contribution has been paid by the Group.
- (iii) During the year ended 31st December, 2014, the Group entered into a subscription agreement for commitment in contribution of RMB300,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$353,580,000) in the PRC Partnership. Prior to the Chengdu Project Disposal, the Group had fully contributed to the fund. The subsidiary holding the fund has been deconsolidated from the Group upon completion of the Chengdu Project Disposal.

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之聯營公司已批准及已簽約之資本承擔約為877,856,000港元,而當中本集團攤佔之承擔額約為219,464,000港元。於重慶項目出售完成後,該資本承擔不再存在。

附註:

- (i) 於成都項目出售完成後,有關成都物業之 資本承擔不再存在。
- (ii) 本集團就一項為100,000,000美元(相當於約774,990,000港元)之承擔注資,與開曼群島合夥企業訂立認購協議。於報告期末,本集團已注資約83,625,000美元(相當於約648,214,000港元)資本承擔金額。
- (iii) 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就一項為人民幣300,000,000(相當於約353,580,000港元)之承擔注資,與中國合夥企業訂立認購協議。於成都項目出售前,本集團已悉數注資予該基金。於成都項目出售完成後,持有該基金之附屬公司不再於本集團綜合入賬。

45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

45. 或然負債及資產

Contingent Liabilities

或然負債

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Guarantee given to a bank in respect of 為附屬公司獲授銀行共用之銀行		
banking facilities in lieu of the cash public 信貸額以取替現金公用事務		
utility deposit jointly utilised by subsidiaries 存款而向一間銀行提供之擔保	15,000	15,000
Guarantees given to banks in respect of 為聯營公司獲授之銀行信貸額		
banking facilities utilised by associates 向銀行提供之擔保(附註(i))		
(note (i))	-	829,592
Repurchase guarantees given to banks 為附屬公司之物業買家獲授銀行		
in respect of mortgage facilities given to 提供樓宇按揭之回購擔保		
property purchasers by subsidiaries (note (ii)) (附註(ii))	-	19,672
	15,000	864,264

Notes:

- (i) The contingent liabilities no longer exist upon completion of the Shanghai Platinum Disposal and the Chongqing Project Disposal.
- (ii) The contingent liabilities no longer exist upon completion of the Chengdu Project Disposal.

Buy Option and Sale Option on shares of Grandday Group Limited ("Grandday")

On 5th September, 2012, the Company and Loyal Pride Limited ("Vendor of Grandday"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement for the disposal of 49 shares of Grandday ("Sale Shares"), representing 49% of the entire issued share capital of Grandday, with Dynamic Grand Limited ("Purchaser of Grandday") at a total consideration of US\$500,000,000 ("Grandday Disposal") ("Agreement"), which was satisfied by way of cash of US\$200,000,000 and loan note issued by the Purchaser of Grandday in the principal amount of US\$300,000,000 ("Loan Note"). The Grandday Disposal was completed on 7th September, 2012 and the Loan Note was fully redeemed on 6th March, 2013 with share charge over the Sale Shares released on the same date.

附註:

- (i) 於上海新茂出售及重慶項目出售完成後, 該等或然負債不再存在。
- (ii) 於成都項目出售完成後,該等或然負債不再存在。

朝隆集團有限公司(「朝隆」)股份之買入選擇權及出售選擇權

於二零一二年九月五日,本公司及忠榮有限公司(「朝隆賣方」)(本公司之一間間接全資擁有附屬公司)與Dynamic Grand Limited (「朝隆買方」)訂立買賣協議,出售朝隆之49股股份(「銷售股份」),代表朝隆全部已發行股本之49%,代價總額為500,000,000美元(「朝隆出售」)(「協議」)。而代價以現金支付200,000,000美元及朝隆買方發行本金額為300,000,000美元之貸款票據(「貸款票據」)。朝隆出售已於二零一二年九月七日完成及該貸款票據已於二零一三年三月六日被全數贖回,連同銷售股份之股份押記於同日被註銷。

45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

(Cont'd)

Contingent Liabilities (Cont'd)

Buy Option and Sale Option on shares of Grandday Group Limited ("Grandday") (Cont'd)

Save as disclosed above, pursuant to the Agreement, in case of certain events (as defined in the Agreement) occurred, the Vendor of Grandday shall have an option to purchase all but not some of the Sale Shares from the Purchaser of Grandday ("Buy Option") and the Purchaser of Grandday shall have an option to sell all but not some of the Sale Shares to the Vendor of Grandday ("Sale Option").

For as long as any of the indentures security as defined in the Agreement ("Indentures Security") remains outstanding, if, on or before 20th January, 2016, an event of default as defined in the Agreement occurs and such event of default agreed in the Agreement has not been waived, remedied or cured or is otherwise continuing as at 20th January, 2016; or if a demand is made on Grandday and/or Lucky Grow Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Grandday, under any of the Indentures Security and/or any enforcement action is taken under any of the Indentures Security, the Purchaser of Grandday shall sell and the Vendor of Grandday shall purchase all but not some of the Sale Shares ("Automatic Sale"). As at the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Buy Option and the Sale Option were expired.

Details of the Grandday Disposal including the Buy Option, the Sale Option, the Indentures Security, the Automatic Sale and the redemption of the Loan Note were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 5th September, 2012 and 6th March, 2013.

45. 或然負債及資產(續)

或然負債(續)

朝隆集團有限公司(「朝隆」)股份之買入選擇 權及出售選擇權(續)

除上文所披露者外·根據該協議·倘發生若干事件(定義見協議)·朝隆賣方有權選擇向朝隆 買方購買全部(但非部分)銷售股份(「買入選 擇權」)及朝隆買方有權選擇向朝隆賣方出售全部(但並非部分)銷售股份(「出售選擇權」)。

只要有任何債務證券擔保(定義見協議)(「債務證券擔保」)尚未履行,倘於二零一六年一月二十日或之前發生違約事件(定義見協議),而有關違約事件並無獲豁免、補救或糾正,或因其他原因於二零一六年一月二十日仍持續;若根據任何債務證券擔保向朝隆及/或智煌控股有限公司(朝隆之一間全資擁有附屬公司)提出要求,及/或根據任何債務證券擔保採取任何強制執行行動,則朝隆買方須出售而朝隆實方須購買全部(但並非部分)銷售股份(「自動出售」)。截至批准本綜合財務報表日期,買入選擇權及出售選擇權之限期均已屆滿。

朝隆出售之詳情包括買入選擇權、出售選擇權、債務證券擔保、自動出售及貸款票據贖回載列於本公司日期為二零一二年九月五日及二零一三年三月六日之公布內。

45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

(Cont'd)

Contingent Assets

Post-completion development upside sharing or compensation upside sharing on the case of Moon Ocean Ltd. ("Moon Ocean")

Subject to completion of the Moon Ocean Disposal on 31st October, 2014, (a) if judgments are made in favour of Moon Ocean in the appeals to its legal case in Macau ("Appeals") and have become final and the title to the Macau land previously held by Moon Ocean ("Macau Land") is vested on Moon Ocean again, One Midland, being the buyer of the Moon Ocean Group, shall pay to Data Dynasty, being the vendor of the Moon Ocean Group, the development upside sharing pursuant to the Moon Ocean SP Agreement; or (b) if judgments are made against Moon Ocean in the Appeals and have become final, One Midland shall pay to Data Dynasty the compensation upside sharing pursuant to the Moon Ocean SP Agreement.

The arrangement of the development upside sharing or the compensation upside sharing (as the case may be) allows the Group to share the possible upside or compensation in relation to the Macau Land and the La Scala project post completion of the Moon Ocean SP Agreement.

The aggregate amount of all the development upside sharing or the compensation upside sharing (as the case may be) payable by One Midland to Data Dynasty shall be subject to a maximum amount of HK\$12,500,000,000.

The Directors consider the aggregate amount of all the development upside sharing or the compensation upside sharing (as the case may be) payable by One Midland to Data Dynasty and the maximum amount of HK\$12,500,000,000 for the development upside sharing or the compensation upside sharing (as the case may be) are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

45. 或然負債及資產(續)

或然資產

於Moon Ocean Ltd. (「Moon Ocean」)案例 完成後開發分佔增值或補償分佔增值

於二零一四年十月三十一日完成Moon Ocean 出售的前提下,(a)倘Moon Ocean案例向澳門提出上訴(「上訴」)之裁決有利於Moon Ocean,並成為最終裁決,而Moon Ocean原有之澳門土地(「澳門土地」)之業權再次歸屬於Moon Ocean,則One Midland(作為Moon Ocean集團買方)須根據Moon Ocean集團賣協議向Data Dynasty(作為Moon Ocean集團賣方)支付開發分佔增值;或(b)倘上訴之裁決不利於Moon Ocean,並成為最終裁決,則One Midland將根據Moon Ocean買賣協議向Data Dynasty支付補償分佔增值。

開發分佔增值或補償分佔增值(視情況而定) 之安排讓本集團可於Moon Ocean買賣協議完 成後分佔就澳門土地及御海●南灣項目可能 出現之增值或補償。

One Midland應付Data Dynasty之所有開發分佔 增值或補償分佔增值(視情況而定)總額之最 高金額為12,500,000,000港元。

董事認為One Midland應付予Data Dynasty之 所有開發分佔增值或補償分佔增值(視情況 而定)總額以及開發分佔增值或補償分佔增值 (視情況而定)之最高金額12,500,000,000港 元屬公平合理,並符合本公司及本公司之股東 整體利益。

45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

(Cont'd)

Contingent Assets (Cont'd)

Post-completion development upside sharing or compensation upside sharing on the case of Moon Ocean Ltd. ("Moon Ocean") (Cont'd)

Up to the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Appeals are still in progress.

Details of the development upside sharing and the compensation upside sharing were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 2nd September, 2014 and the circular of the Company dated 23rd September, 2014.

46. OPERATING LEASES

The Group as lessee

OI LIVALING LEASES

In the second to fifth year inclusive

Croup as lesses

Minimum lease payments paid under operating 本年度就有關物業之營業租約 leases in respect of premises during the year 支付之最低租金款額

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

Within one year 第一年內

第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties. Leases are negotiated for an average term of one to two years.

45. 或然負債及資產(續)

或然資產(續)

於Moon Ocean Ltd. (「Moon Ocean」)案例 完成後開發分佔增值或補償分佔增值(續)

截至批准本綜合財務報表日期,該等上訴仍在 進行當中。

開發分佔增值及補償分佔增值之詳情已載列 於本公司日期為二零一四年九月二日之公布 及二零一四年九月二十三日之通函內。

46. 營業租約

本集團為承租人

2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
2,623	4,240
	,

於報告期末,本集團就不可撤銷營業租約之日 後最低租金款額之承擔於下列期間到期:

2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,022	1,894
156	747
1,178	2,641

營業租約租金指本集團就其若干寫字樓物業 應付之租金。租約平均每一至兩年商議一次。

46. OPERATING LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as lessor

Within one year

Over five years

Property rental income earned during the year was approximately HK\$1,325,875,000 (2014: HK\$1,939,378,000) less outgoings of approximately HK\$93,647,000 (2014: HK\$92,013,000).

The investment properties of the Group are expected to generate annual rental yields of 1.67% to 9.67% (2014: 1.28% to 9.30%) on an ongoing basis. Most of the properties held have committed tenants ranged from two to three years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

第一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年以上

46. 營業租約(續)

本集團為出租人

於本年度賺取之物業租金收入約為 1,325,875,000港元(二零一四年: 1,939,378,000港元),扣除開支約93,647,000港元(二零一四年: 92,013,000港元)。

本集團之投資物業預期可持續取得每年1.67% 至9.67%(二零一四年:1.28%至9.30%)之租 金收益率。大部分所持物業之租戶承擔租用年 期由二至三年。

於報告期末,本集團已與租戶就下列未來最低 租金款額訂約:

2015	2014
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
880,771	1,316,851
1,238,697	1,633,802
790,648	1,064,055
2,910,116	4,014,708

47. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

In the second to fifth year inclusive

The Group operates defined contribution retirement schemes in Hong Kong, namely the Occupational Retirement Scheme ("ORSO Scheme") and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme"). Contributions to the ORSO Scheme made by the Group are based on a percentage of employees' salaries ranging from 5% to 10%, depending upon the length of service of the employees. From 1st December, 2000, newly joined employees are compulsorily required to join the MPF Scheme. The employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The total costs charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of approximately HK\$10,576,000 (2014: HK\$10,065,000) represented contributions payable to these schemes by the Group for the year.

47. 退休福利計劃

本集團參與香港界定供款退休計劃之職業退休計劃(「職業退休計劃」)及強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。本集團向職業退休計劃作出僱員薪酬之5%至10%供款(視乎僱員服務年資)。由二零零零年十二月一日起加入本集團之新僱員均須參加強積金計劃。僱主及僱員均需為強積金計劃規則內列明之比率供款。

於綜合全面收益報表扣除之費用總額約為 10,576,000港元(二零一四年:10,065,000港元),即本集團於本年度向該等計劃應付之供款。

48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 48. 重大關連人士交易

Transactions: 交易:

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

除本綜合財務報表其他部分所披露外,本集團 於本年度與關連人士進行以下重大交易:

		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Income received from associates:	已收聯營公司之收入:		
Secretarial fee	秘書費用	10	10
Management fee	管理費	48	48
Interest income	利息收入	2,950	3,998
Accountancy fee	會計費	120	120
Consultancy fee	顧問費	237	9,227
Income received from a controlling shareholder	已收一位本公司之控股股東		
of the Company ("Controlling Shareholder")/	(「控股股東」)/控股股東		
companies controlled by the Controlling	控制之公司/一間與控股		
Shareholder/a company controlled by	股東關係密切之家庭成員		
a close family member of the Controlling	控制之公司/一位當時之		
Shareholder/a then Director/a close family	董事/一位與控股股東關係密切		
member of the Controlling Shareholder:	之家庭成員之收入:		
Rental services	租賃服務	26,137	17,636
Property management services,	物業管理服務、		
leasing administration services and	租務行政服務及		
property administration services	物業行政服務	27,107	12,282
Asset management and maintenance services	資產管理及保養服務	19,864	11,556
Advisory and consultancy services	諮詢及顧問服務	2,330	312
Other ordinary services	其他一般服務		
 brokerage commission 	- 經紀佣金	473	484
Licence fee received from companies controlled	已收控股股東控制之		
by the Controlling Shareholder	公司之許可費	1,418	_
Licence fee paid to companies controlled by the	已付控股股東控制之		
Controlling Shareholder	公司之許可費	_	713
Rent and building management fee received	已收一位當時之董事之租金及		
from a then Director	樓宇管理費	268	919
Rent and building management fee paid to	已付聯營公司之租金及		
associates	樓宇管理費	2,685	2,586

48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 48. 重大關連人士交易(續)

(Cont'd)

Transactions: (Cont'd) 交易:(續)

		2015 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received for the disposals of subsidiaries to companies wholly-owned by the Controlling Shareholder (note (i)) Deposit received for the disposal of the Group's	收取控股股東全資擁有之公司 作為出售附屬公司之代價 (附註(i)) 收取一位非執行董事作為出售本集	12,676,705	4,876,162
stock of properties to a non-executive Director (note (ii)) Consideration received for the disposal of	團物業存貨之訂金(附註(ii)) 收取與一位當時之董事關係密切之	6,206	_
the Group's stock of properties to close family members of a then Director (note (iii)) Consideration received for the disposal of the	家庭成員作為出售本集團物業 存貨之代價(附註(iii)) 收取一位與控股股東關係密切之	-	51,205
Group's investment properties to companies wholly-owned by a close family member of the Controlling Shareholder (note (iv))	家庭成員全資擁有之公司作為 出售本集團之投資物業之代價 (附註(iv))	-	39,096
Deposits together with interest thereon repaid to: A company wholly-owned by a close family	退還訂金連同其利息予: 一間與控股股東關係密切之		0.500
member of the Controlling Shareholder A company wholly-owned by a then Director Companies wholly-owned by a close family	家庭成員全資擁有之公司 一間由當時之董事全資擁有之 公司 多間由與控股股東關係密切之	-	9,509 7,945
member of the Controlling Shareholder	家庭成員全資擁有之公司	-	2,409

48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 48. 重大關連人士交易(續)

(Cont'd)

Transactions: (Cont'd)

Secretarial fee, accountancy fee and consultancy fee were charged based on an appropriate allocation of costs incurred by central administrative departments of the Group. Management fee, licence fee, rent and building management fee were determined on terms similar to those applicable to transactions with unrelated parties. Interest income was charged at the prevailing market rates based on outstanding balances during the year.

Rental services, property management services, leasing administration services and property administration services, asset management and maintenance services, advisory and consultancy services and other ordinary services (the contract for services with effect from 1st November, 2014 (details were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 31st October, 2014) superseded all previous contracts for services (details were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 14th December, 2012, 15th July, 2013 and 19th March, 2014)) were charged at the terms agreed by both parties. These related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions as detailed on Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Details of these continuing connected transactions are disclosed in "Connected Transactions" section in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

Considerations and deposit received for the disposals of the Group's investment properties and stock of properties were determined with reference to the prevailing market values. Considerations received for the disposals of subsidiaries was determined after arm's length negotiations between both parties with reference to the consolidated net asset value of the respective subsidiaries at their respective date of completion (2014: with reference to the total investment costs relating to the Macau Land in the Moon Ocean Disposal).

交易:(續)

秘書費用、會計費及顧問費乃按本集團之中央 行政部門所產生之成本之適當分配而收取。管 理費、許可費、租金及樓宇管理費乃按與無關 連人士交易適用之類似條款而釐定。利息收入 乃根據本年度未償還結餘按當時市場利率計 算。

租賃服務、物業管理服務、租務行政服務及物業行政服務、資產管理及保養服務、諮詢及顧問服務及其他一般服務(自二零一四年十一月一日起生效之服務合約(詳情披露於本公司日期為二零一四年十月三十一日之公布內)取代所有先前服務合約(詳情披露於本公司日代所有先前服務合約(詳情披露於本公司日十五日及二零一四年三月十九日之公布內))乃根據雙方協定之條款收取該等服務費。誠如上市規則第14A章所詳述,此關連人士交易亦構成持續關連交易。該等持續關連交易之詳情載於本年報之董事會報告書中「關連交易」內。

就出售本集團之投資物業及物業存貨收取之代價及按金乃參照當時市值計算。就出售附屬公司收取之代價乃由雙方參考相關附屬公司於個別完成日之綜合資產淨值(二零一四年:參考Moon Ocean出售中澳門土地之總投資成本)經公平磋商後釐定。

48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 48. 重大關連人士交易(續)

(Cont'd)

Transactions: (Cont'd)

Notes:

(i) Details of the One Disposal (Note 41(c)) were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 12th December, 2014, 15th July, 2015 and 13th August, 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 7th January, 2015.

Details of the Silvercord Disposal (Note 41(d)) were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 2nd September, 2014 and 13th January, 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 23rd September, 2014.

Details of the Moon Ocean Disposal (Note 41(e)) were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 2nd September, 2014 and the circular of the Company dated 23rd September, 2014.

- (ii) During the year ended 31st December, 2015, a subsidiary owned as to 70% by the Company accepted a tender from a non-executive Director for purchase of a residential unit together with a car packing space of 55 Conduit Road, the Group's stock of property held for sale, at a consideration of HK\$124,118,000 million with deposit received of approximately HK\$6,206,000 as at 31st December, 2015. The transaction is expected to be completed in 2016. Details of the disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 21st December, 2015.
- (iii) As set out in the Company's announcement dated 19th February, 2014, close family members of a then Director entered into a preliminary sale and purchase agreement for acquisition of a residential unit, a car parking space and a motorcycle parking space of One WanChai, the Group's stock of property held for sale, at a consideration of approximately HK\$51,205,000. The transaction was completed on 14th April, 2014.
- (iv) During the year ended 31st December, 2013, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into preliminary sale and purchase agreements with three companies wholly-owned by a close family member of the Controlling Shareholder in respect of the sale of three shops of Causeway Place with an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$39,096,000 (after discount). The transactions were completed on 7th October, 2014.

Balances:

Details of the balances with related parties at the end of the reporting period are set out in Notes 26 and 39.

Key management personnel emoluments:

Remuneration for key management personnel is disclosed in Notes 16 and 17. The remuneration of the Directors and senior executives is recommended by the Remuneration Committee for the approval of the board of Directors having regard to the performance of individuals, their respective duties and responsibilities in the Group and the prevailing market condition as appropriate.

交易:(續)

附註:

(i) One出售(附註41(c))之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一四年十二月十二日、二零一五年七月十五日及二零一五年八月十三日之公布以及二零一五年一月七日之通函內。

銀高出售(附註41(d))之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一四年九月二日及二零一五年一月十三日之公布以及二零一四年九月二十三日之通函內。

Moon Ocean出售(附註41(e))之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一四年九月二日之公布及二零一四年九月二十三日之通函內。

- (ii) 於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,一間本公司佔70%股權之附屬公司接納一位非執行董事之標書,內容有關購入璈珀(本集團旗下之持作出售之物業存貨)之一個住宅單位連同一個私家車車位,代價為124,118,000港元,於二零一五年十二月三十一日已收訂金約為6,206,000港元。該交易預期於二零一六年完成。該項出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一五年十二月二十一日之公布內。
- (iii) 誠如本公司日期為二零一四年二月十九日之公布所載,與當時之董事關係密切之家庭成員就購入壹環(本集團旗下之持作出售之物業存貨)之一個住宅單位連同一個私家車車位及一個電單車車位訂立臨時買賣協議,代價約為51,205,000港元。該項交易於二零一四年四月十四日完成。
- (iv) 於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司之一間間接全資擁有附屬公司與三間由一位與控股股東關係密切之家庭成員全資擁有之公司訂立臨時買賣協議,出售銅鑼灣地帶三個商舖之代價總額約為39,096,000港元(折扣後)。該等交易於二零一四年十月七日完成。

結餘:

於報告期末,與關連人士之交易結餘詳情載於 附註26及39。

主要管理人員酬金:

主要管理人員酬金於附註16及17內披露。董事及高級行政人員之酬金由薪酬委員會參考個別人士表現、其於集團內之職務與責任及當時市況(如適用)後向董事會建議批准。

49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 49. 主要附屬公司詳情

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all subsidiaries would be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2015 which principally affected the results or assets of the Group.

董事認為列出全部附屬公司之詳情令篇幅過 於冗長。故此,下表只披露於二零一五年十二 月三十一日對本集團之業績或資產有重要影 響之附屬公司之詳情。

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本	paid-up sha registe held by the 本公司所持	red capital e Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Alpha Team Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Both Talent Limited 才保有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%	Property development 物業發展
Cardin Factory Limited 嘉丹廠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property trading 物業買賣
Chinese Estates, Limited 華人置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	100%	-	Investment holding and provision of management services 投資控股及 提供管理服務
Chinese Estates (Harcourt House) Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$200 200港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Chinese Estates (Windsor House) Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股 Non-voting deferred 無投票權遞延股	HK\$100 100港元 HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Conduit Road Development Limited 干德道發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	70%	Property development 物業發展
Country Homes Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股 Non-voting deferred ordinary 無投票權 遞延普通股 Non-voting deferred founder 無投票權 遞延創立人股	HK\$200 200港元 HK\$164,400 164,400港元 HK\$1,000 1,000港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Dollar Union Limited 金怡彩有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$100 100港元	-	87.5%*	Property trading 物業買賣

49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 49. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

(Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	paid-up sha registe held by th 本公司所持	red capital e Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Estate Rose Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Ever Ideal Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Evergo China Holdings Limited	Bermuda/ Hong Kong 百慕達/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$100,775,869.10 100,775,869.10港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Evergo Holdings (China) Company Limited 愛美高集團 (中國) 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$2,509,454 2,509,454美元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Evergo Holdings Company Limited 愛美高集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Fair Eagle Finance Credit Limited 天發金融有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	-	100%	Securities margin financing 證券保證金融資
Fair Eagle Futures Company Limited 天發期貨有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	100%	Brokering and dealing in futures contracts 期貨合約經紀及買賣
Fair Eagle Securities Company Limited 天發證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$228,000,000 228,000,000港元	-	100%	Provision of brokerage 提供經紀服務
Flying Ease Limited 翔安有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Global Stage Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Grandhall Secretarial Services Limited 均豪秘書服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Secretarial services 秘書服務
Harbour Trade Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資

49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 49. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

(Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	paid-up sha registe held by th 本公司所持	oportion of are capital/ ered capital e Company 戀足股本/ t本之百分比 Indirectly 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Hillsborough Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Lucky Way Company Ltd. (Business name: Lucky Path Limited) (業務名稱: Lucky Path Limited)	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Oriental Master Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Paul Y. (New Tunnel) Limited 保華 (新隧道)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Paul Y. Holdings Company Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong 開曼群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$70,715,005.70 70,715,005.70港元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Perfect World Company Limited 忠信物業管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Estate management 物業管理
Pinecrest International Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Pioneer Time Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Rich Honour Limited 豐鴻有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
River Court Properties Limited	Isle of Man 馬恩島	Ordinary 普通股	GBP2 2英鎊	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Smart Ocean Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Speed Win Limited 迅運有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property trading 物業買賣
Stable Castle Limited 安太有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%	Property development 物業發展

49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 49. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

(Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本	paid-up sha registe held by th 本公司所持	oportion of are capital/ ered capital te Company f:繳足股本/ (本之百分比 Indirectly 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Sun Power Investments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
The House of Kwong Sang Hong Limited 廣生堂有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$500,000 500,000港元	-	100%	Cosmetics distribution and trading 化妝品分銷及貿易
Tycoon Fame Limited 亨耀有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
View Success Investments Limited 景亨投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK \$2 2港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
愛美高 (北京)企業管理 有限公司△ (Evergo (Beijing) Corporate Management Co., Ltd.) △	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊資本	US\$500,000 500,000美元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
愛美高房地產 (上海)有限公司 [△] (Evergo Real Estate (Shanghai) Company Limited) [△]	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊資本	US\$10,500,000 10,500,000美元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities subsisting at the end of the reporting period or at any time during the reporting period.

於報告期末或於任何報告期間,並無附屬公司 發行任何債務證券。

- 75% owned by the Group and 25% owned by Power Jade
- Wholly foreign-owned enterprise

- 本集團持有75%及Power Jade Limited持有 25%
- 外商獨資企業

50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES 50. 主要聯營公司詳情

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all associates would be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the associates as at 31st December, 2015 which principally affected the results or assets of the Group.

董事認為列出全部聯營公司之詳情會令篇幅過 於冗長。故此,下表只披露於二零一五年十二 月三十一日對本集團之業績或資產有重要影響之聯營公司之詳情。

	Place of incorporation/operation	Class of share/ registered capital held	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of equity attributable indirectly to the Company	
Name of associate	註冊成立/	所持股份/	已發行及繳足	本公司間接應佔	Principal activities
聯營公司名稱	經營地點	註冊資本類別	股本/註冊資本	股本之百分比	主要業務
Best Profit Limited 丰佳有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	25%	Property investment and trading 物業投資及買賣
Direct Win Development Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$900	33.33%	Property trading
勝榮發展有限公司	香港	普通股	900港元		物業買賣
Ever Sure Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$2	50%	Property trading
永瑞投資有限公司	香港	普通股	2港元		物業買賣
Finedale Industries Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$9,999	33.33%	Property investment
廣坤實業有限公司	香港	普通股	9,999港元		物業投資
Get Wisdom Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	US\$12	50%	Investment holding
得智有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	普通股	12美元		投資控股
Power Jade Limited (Business name: Power Jade Capital Limited) (業務名稱: Power Jade Capital Limited)	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$20 20美元	50%	Investment holding 投資控股
The Kwong Sang Hong	Bermuda	Ordinary	HK\$100,000	50%	Investment holding
International Limited	百慕達	普通股	100,000港元		投資控股
東方藝術大廈有限公司 [†] Oriental Arts Building Co., Ltd. [†]	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊資本	US\$24,920,000 24,920,000美元	50%	Property investment and hotel operation 物業投資及酒店業務

[†] Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise

中外合資企業

51. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

51. 本公司財務狀況報表及儲備

		2015 HK \$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Loans to subsidiaries	非流動資產 附屬公司投資 附屬公司貸款	5,136,191 2,689,362 7,825,553	5,140,216 3,194,192 8,334,408
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Other assets Time deposits and bank balances	流動資產 附屬公司欠負款項 其他資產 定期存款及銀行結餘	446,632 776 1,875,747	3,848,693 3,893 1,984,361
Current liabilities Amounts due to subsidiaries Other liabilities Dividend payable	流動負債 欠負附屬公司款項 其他負債 應付股息	2,323,155 54,721 1,041 - 55,762	5,836,947 78,481 2,023 7,630,476 7,710,980
Net current assets (liabilities) Total assets less current liabilities	流動資產(負債)淨額 資產總額減流動負債	2,267,393	(1,874,033) 6,460,375
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital (Note 38) Capital redemption reserve Other reserves Retained earnings	本公司擁有人之 應佔股本權益 股本(附註38) 資本贖回儲備 其他儲備 保留溢利	190,762 138,062 9 5,871,060	190,762 138,062 9 2,963,506
Total equity	股本權益總額	6,199,893	3,292,339
Non-current liabilities Loans from subsidiaries Amount due to an associate Financial guarantee liabilities	非流動負債 附屬公司借貸 欠負一間聯營公司款項 財務擔保負債	2,680,927 1,212,126 - 3,893,053	3,167,974 - 62 3,168,036
		10,092,946	6,460,375

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 15th March, 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

已獲董事會於二零一六年三月十五日批准及授 權發布,並由下列董事代表董事會簽署:

Chan, Sze-wan 陳詩韻 Lam, Kwong-wai 林光蔚 Director 董事 Director 董事

51. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

51. 本公司財務狀況報表及儲備

Reserve movement of the Company

本公司之儲備變動

		Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Other reserves 其他儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1st January, 2014 Profit for the year	於二零一四年一月一日 本年度溢利	138,062 –	1,496,727 –	5,864,758 9,623,030
Interim dividend for 2014 paid Final dividend for 2013 paid Special interim dividend for	已付二零一四年中期股息 已付二零一三年末期股息 已付二零一四年	-	_	(572,286) (953,810)
2014 paid Special interim dividend declared	特別中期股息 於二零一四年已宣派	-	(1,496,718)	(3,367,710)
in 2014 At 31st December, 2014	特別中期股息於二零一四年	_		(7,630,476)
AC 3131 December, 2014	十二月三十一日	138,062	9	2,963,506
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	_	_	10,747,869
Interim dividend for 2015 paid	已付二零一五年中期股息	-	_	(572,286)
Final dividend for 2014 paid Special interim dividends	已付二零一四年末期股息 已付二零一五年特別	-	-	(19,076)
for 2015 paid	中期股息	-	_	(7,248,953)
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	138,062	9	5,871,060

52. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

52. 報告期末後事項

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions after the end of the reporting period:

除本綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者外,本集 團於報告期末後有以下交易:

(a) Disposal of Pioneer Time on 15th January, 2016

(a) 於二零一六年一月十五日出售Pioneer Time

Details of the Pioneer Time Disposal were disclosed in Note 12(a) and the announcement of the Company dated 15th January, 2016.

Pioneer Time出售之詳情已於附註12(a) 以及本公司日期為二零一六年一月十五 日之公布內披露。

52. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(Cont'd)

(b) Windsor Disposal

On 23rd December, 2015, China Entertainment and Land Investment Company, Limited ("CELIC"), a direct whollyowned subsidiary of the Company; the Company, being the guarantor of CELIC; Magic Square Limited ("Magic Square"), a company wholly-owned by Mr. Joseph Lau; and Mr. Joseph Lau, being the guarantor of Magic Square, entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which CELIC agreed to sell and Magic Square agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Keep Speed Limited ("Keep Speed"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, at a consideration equal to the aggregate of (a) the net asset value or liability of Keep Speed as at the date of completion; and (b) the aggregate face amount of all sums due or owing by Keep Speed to other members of the Group (other than the Jumbo Grace Group (as defined below)) less the aggregate face amount of all sums due and owing to Keep Speed by any member of the Group (other than the Jumbo Grace Group) as at the date of completion.

On the same date, Good Top Limited ("Good Top"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; the Company, being the guarantor of Good Top; Best Range Limited ("Best Range"), a company wholly-owned by Mr. Joseph Lau; and Mr. Joseph Lau, being the guarantor of Best Range, entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Good Top agreed to sell and Best Range agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of Jumbo Grace Limited ("Jumbo Grace"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and its subsidiary (holding the property known as Windsor House in Hong Kong) (collectively "Jumbo Grace Group") at a consideration equal to the aggregate of (a) the consolidated net asset value or liability of the Jumbo Grace Group as at the date of completion; and (b) the aggregate face amount of all sums due or owing by the Jumbo Grace Group to other members of the Group (other than Keep Speed and the Jumbo Grace Group) less the aggregate face amount of all sums due and owing to any company of the Jumbo Grace Group by any member of the Group (other than Keep Speed and the Jumbo Grace Group) as at the date of completion.

52. 報告期末後事項(續)

(b) 皇室大廈出售

於二零一五年十二月二十三日,中華娛 樂置業有限公司(「中娛置業」)(本公司 之一間直接全資擁有附屬公司);本公 司,作為中娛置業擔保人; Magic Square Limited (「Magic Square」) (一間由劉 鑾雄先生全資擁有之公司);及劉鑾雄 先生,作為Magic Square擔保人,訂立 一項買賣協議。據此,中娛置業同意出 售及Magic Square同意購買Keep Speed Limited(「Keep Speed」)(本公司之一 間間接全資擁有附屬公司)之全部已發 行股本,代價為以下之總和:(a) Keep Speed於完成日期之資產或負債淨值; 及(b) Keep Speed於完成日期應付或結 欠本集團其他成員公司(Jumbo Grace集 團(定義見下文)除外)之全部款項之面 值總額,減本集團任何成員公司(Jumbo Grace集團除外)於完成日期應付及結欠 Keep Speed之全部款項之面值總額。

於同日, Good Top Limited (「Good Top」)(本公司之一間間接全資擁有附 屬公司);本公司,作為Good Top擔保 人: Best Range Limited (「Best Range」) (一間由劉鑾雄先生全資擁有之公司); 及劉鑾雄先生,作為Best Range擔保人, 訂立一項買賣協議。據此, Good Top同意 出售及Best Range同意購買Jumbo Grace Limited(「Jumbo Grace」)(本公司之 一間間接全資擁有附屬公司)之全部已 發行股本及其附屬公司(持有位於香港 名為皇室大廈之物業)(統稱「Jumbo Grace集團」),代價為以下之總和:(a) Jumbo Grace集團於完成日期之綜合資 產或負債淨值;及(b) Jumbo Grace集團 於完成日期應付或結欠本集團其他成員 公司(Keep Speed及Jumbo Grace集團除 外)之全部款項之面值總額,減本集團任 何成員公司(Keep Speed及Jumbo Grace 集團除外)於完成日期應付及結欠任何 Jumbo Grace集團之公司之全部款項之面 值總額。

52. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(Cont'd)

(b) Windsor Disposal (Cont'd)

Details of the disposal of Keep Speed and the Jumbo Grace Group ("Windsor Disposal") were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 23rd December, 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 15th January, 2016.

On 2nd February, 2016, the Windsor Disposal was duly approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting. The Windsor Disposal has not yet completed up to the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements.

(c) Acquisition of a property in the United Kingdom

In March 2016, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to acquire a freehold property situate at 12/14 St. George Street, Mayfair, London at a consideration of GBP121,700,000. Completion of the acquisition shall take place on or before 15th April, 2016.

53. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 15th March, 2016.

52. 報告期末後事項(續)

(b) 皇室大廈出售(續)

出售Keep Speed及Jumbo Grace集團 (「皇室大廈出售」)之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零一五年十二月二十三日之公布及二零一六年一月十五日之通函內。

於二零一六年二月二日,皇室大廈出售 已由本公司之獨立股東於股東特別大會 批准。皇室大廈出售於截至批准本綜合 財務報表日期尚未完成。

(c) 收購英國物業

於二零一六年三月,本集團與獨立第三方訂立一份買賣協議,收購位於倫敦 Mayfair,St. George Street 12/14號之永 久業權物業,代價為121,700,000英鎊。 收購事項將於二零一六年四月十五日或 之前完成。

53. 授權刊發綜合財務報表

董事會已於二零一六年三月十五日批准及授 權發布綜合財務報表。